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FROM THE
ELIZABETH FUND

The

BOGART FAMILY

TUNIS GYSBERT BOGAERT
And His Descendants

Compiled by
JOHN ALBERT BOGART

Privately Printed

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"The man who feels no sentiment of veneration for the memory of his forefathers, or has no natural regard for his ancestors or his kindred, is himself unworthy of kindred, regard or remembrance."

Daniel Webster

Elizabeth

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INTRODUCTION

Charles Dudley Warner once said to trace family descent from an old Knickerbocker family is an undefined patent of nobility.

One soon discovers, however, after launching his genealogical bark upon historical waters, that such is no less a mild appraisal of an otherwise arduous task that is never finished – nor can be. Even as these lines are written, fast changing events of family life outdistance the press that records them. But with all the complexities of the art, one can take solace in the fact that family trees, like fine jewels are cherished by those who possess them.

The family genealogy should be left within the covers of a book. It should not be inflicted upon those who are not as much interested in other family records as they are in their own. The pedigree complex with which too many are obsessed, does more to discourage those who might otherwise be interested – than the fear of what the skeleton in the proverbial closet might reveal.

Paradoxically, this book was not the original objective, but the outcome of a casual curiosity to trace the history of an old family heirloom – a fine violoncello, discolored by age though rich and mellow in tone.

Music played an important part in enriching our family life. My parents and grandparents were talented musicians. I well remember my father playing this instrument, accompanied by my mother at the piano – a picture undimmed by the passing

of time. Later, it became the favorite instrument of my youngest brother who for many years has enjoyed an enviable reputation for his masterful technique.

While listening to the strains of the 'cello, we often wondered if its history could be traced. My family had little knowledge of its past except that the instrument was brought to this country during the early days of the Dutch colony, and that it was passed down from one generation to another. However, the task was undertaken, but over a period of many years, scores of old wills that were examined for clues, failed to reveal its history. When and under what circumstances it came into the family may never be known -- but it played an important part in prompting the task of weaving the threads of tradition into a history of the Bogart family.

The research in connection with the 'cello, lead to the establishment of our line of descent from Tunis Gysbert Bogaert who came here from Heykoop, Holland in 1652 and settled in what is now Brooklyn. Valuable and interesting data concerning other branches of the family soon accumulated. These facts proved especially enlightening for previous to the time this history was undertaken, our immediate family had not heard of the name of our progenitor.

Had all of the Bogarts in this country a single, common ancestor as is the case of many other Dutch pioneer families, the task of compiling the record of our family would have been a comparatively simple one and would, no doubt, have been written long ago. But by 1675 there were ten or more Bogart pioneers who came here from Holland. Brief sketches of the other, unrelated families are given subsequently.

Some of the early historians mentioned these pioneers, but their accounts were scattered, and they made no attempt to distinguish between them. Thus, before any progress could be made in setting up the record of our family, which is not as large a progeny as that of other Bogart pioneers, it was necessary to study their records, establish their identity, where they settled, and to trace their respective lines for se-

veral generations so as to avoid confusion with our family. The search resulted in an ever increasing knowledge of Dutch colonial history, its geography, its settlements, its churches and ecclesiastical history, population trends, migration, and a parallel knowledge of hundreds of other pioneer families as well as those into which we married.

The cradle of our family was the Wallabout, Brooklyn, situated on Long Island opposite Manhattan Island at the bend of the East River called Walloons Bay, between the present Manhattan and Williamsburgh bridges, the site including what is now a part of the Brooklyn Navy Yard and the Marine Hospital.

The Wallabout was settled by a few French Huguenots or Walloons. Later, Joris Janszn Rapalje who came here in 1623 with his wife, Catalyna Trico, a Parisian, came over from Manhattan and settled at the Wallabout on the property granted to him by Governor Kieft in 1643. From this small settlement of a few crude houses, the Wallabout eventually was merged with Bushwick and finally Williamsburgh. It was here that Tunis Gysbert Bogaert first settled after his marriage in New Amsterdam, in 1654 to Sarah Rapalje, widow of Hans Hansen Bergen. Successive generations of our family settled in Gravesend, Bushwick, Flatbush, Flatlands, Gowanus, New Lots and New Utrecht which settlements now comprise the borough of Brooklyn. It was at the Wallabout that the children of Tunis were born, his only son, Gysbert Tunis having been born there in 1668, from whom our line descends.

Our family in America consisted of several branches of the root-family of the Wallabout; they were the Brooklyn, Staten Island, New Jersey, Canadian, Oyster Bay and the Ohio branches - from which others were established as the family migrated to various parts of the United States and Canada.

Unlike other colonial settlements, the official records of the colony were written in Dutch, and were translated into English over the years by historians. However, the church was the center of family life as well as community life, and fortunately,

the records of the Dutch churches in metropolitan New York and in the settlements between New York and Albany, with few exceptions have been preserved. They are the most valuable and authentic source of family data in existence, without which little would have been known of the early Dutch pioneer families.

A perusal of many state, county and town histories, collateral family genealogies, Bible, church records of several denominations, birth, baptismal, marriage and death records, wills, deeds and conveyances, census records, old directories and other sources too numerous to classify,was well rewarded. This was supplemented by correspondence with contemporary families for data of recent generations.

Some facts regarding our family have long been known. But there are those who are not as well informed through family tradition or knowledge of New Netherland as those of us who have lived in metropolitan New York and New Jersey, and have had access to scores of historical archives, with the assistance of trained personnel well versed in Dutch Colonial history.

Tunis Gysbert Bogaert was one of four cousins who came here from Holland. The others were Cornelius Corneliszn Bogaert who headed the large and well known Albany family, and who, according to S.V.Talcott, a maternal descendant and genealogist of this branch, came here in 1640 with his brother Gysbert Corneliszn Bogaert who settled at Catskill. The fourth who came here in 1663, was Jan Laurens Bogaert of the prominent Harlem (Manhattan) family, who it has long been known was a cousin of Tunis of Brooklyn.

In recent years, considerable research in Holland revealed some interesting facts about our family, many of which were previously unknown in this country. The National Archives, the Hague, proved a valuable and authentic source of documentary data, connecting our family in the Dutch colony with the immediate family of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert, and his cousins, including his grandfather, Theunis Gijsbertszn In den

Boogaertman of Schoonrewoerd, Holland. Thus, from scores of translations of civil records, the record of our family in the Netherlands has now been established, removing much of the speculation and uncertainty of the relationship of the Brooklyn, Albany, Harlem and Catskill families that has long beclouded the record.

Much pioneering was necessary in compiling the record of our family, and in connecting the several branches. It is paradoxical that the record of the first few generations here did not present the problem as did successive ones, for the early families were closely identified with their respective communities where their records, both church and civil, were well established. Later, when some of these families crossed the Hudson River, and settled elsewhere, they left little record of their whereabouts. Some difficulty was experienced in tracing families during the periods just prior to the Revolutionary War, and between 1800 and 1825, when many families were separated as the exodus continued throughout the southern and central states and Canada, when home ties were broken and communication with one another was well nigh impossible.

During the compilation of this record, hundreds of letters of inquiry were sent out to contemporary families - many of which still remain unanswered. Others responded enthusiastically. For lack of proof or insufficient data, some families could not be connected with their respective lines; others contacted were not certain of their ancestry or did not know from which of the pioneers they are descended. Others apparently were misinformed as to their respective progenitors, and had accepted without question, family tradition or unreliable genealogical data based upon hasty conclusions, mistaken identity, or a lack of knowledge of Dutch colonial history. Then there are those who are descended from other, unrelated Bogart pioneers.

Commenting upon the Bogart family, one historian states, "Many descendants of the early Bogarts adopted as their sur-

name, the Christian name of their father. Thus they became Cornelissens, Jacobsens, Petersens, Teunisens, Gysbertsens, etc.'' This statement has long lead compilers astray in tracing many families, and may have applied to the descendants of other Bogart pioneers with whom our family was confused. But no instance could be found where the children of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert or his cousins changed their name, for the record of the first few generations of these families is well established in accordance with Bible records, Dutch churches, early wills, deeds and other official documents, thus precluding such a possibility.

This assumption may have arisen from the fact that the name of Tunis was frequently transposed - without justification or reason - by scribes and clerks, as seen in the Nicolls and Dongan patents of Brooklyn, and other documents in which the name of our progenitor appears. Frequently as was the custom here and in Holland, children were given their father's Christian name, thus - Neeltje *Teunise,* Jannetje *Teunise,* Aeltje *Teunise* and Gysbert *Teunis* Bogaert, etc., who could easily have been confused with the Teunisen and other families, especially when the surname was omitted. Early baptismal records reveal this custom, a practice that has since given rise to errors in tracing some of the early families.

In this narrative, the compiler has endeavored to recapture some of the colonial atmosphere of the Dutch settlement, supported by brief, authentic accounts of events by reputable historians. Such facts are further substantiated by documentary references as the circumstances require in lieu of the customary bibliography, a feature that was omitted in this work due to thousands of source references and corroborative material examined, inclusion of which was deemed impracticable.

However, the following contain brief, scattered accounts of various segments of our family namely, Judge Tunis G. Bergen's ''Bergen Family'' - the descendants of Hans Hansen Bergen, first husband of Sarah Rapalje (first wife of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert), published in 1876; also Bergen's ''Early

Settlers of Kings County," published in 1881; Henry S. Stoutenburgh's, "Documentary History of The Dutch Congregation of Oyster Bay," Long Island, published periodically from 1902 to 1907; the "Somerset County Quarterly" published in eight volumes from 1912 to 1919, containing scattered accounts of several Bogart pioneer families of New Jersey; W.A. Calnek's and A.W.Savary's, "History of Annapolis, Nova Scotia, Canada " published in 1897; H.P.Toler's, "New Haarlem Register " published in 1903, which is a splendid record of the Harlem Branch of our family, and James Riker's, "History of Harlem" published in 1881. "The Bogarts in Canada," compiled by Marshall C. Bogart in Toronto in 1918 is an account of a branch of the Harlem family who went to Canada about the time of the Revolutionary War. (This branch should not be confused with another branch of our family who settled in Nova Scotia about the same time.) S. V. Talcott's, "New York and New England Families" published in 1883, contains scattered records of several branches of our family in which many errors are apparent.

As a result of the establishment of our family record in an unbroken line of descent from Tunis Gysbert Bogaert, male members on the paternal side, eighteen years of age and older are eligible for membership in the Holland Society of New York, organized in 1885 to perpetuate the fine traditions of our Dutch ancestors. Membership in the Society is limited to male members in direct line of descent from Dutch pioneer settlers who came here previous to 1675 - also those of other nationalities whose progenitors came here previous to that time and who became Dutch subjects. Affiliation with the Holland Society of New York is therefore a unique distinction and a privilege. Likewise, the direct descendants of those who served in the Revolutionary War as given in the family military honor roll herein, are eligible for membership in the Sons of the American Revolution and the Daughters of the American Revolution, respectively.

We of Dutch descent have every reason to be proud of our

racial background, but we make no claim of noble blood or racial superiority. The great majority of our family were simple living, God-fearing folk, blessed with a full and generous measure of the good things in life - because much was put into it. The character of every family regardless of national origin is not the result of blood-strain, but the infusion over the years of dominant traits or influences, on either side, brought to bear upon us as individuals - sometimes however, unfavorable for "no one can climb very high on any family tree without finding dead branches." The withered twig changeth not the character of the oak - therefore, the good and honorable character of our family as a whole should stimulate us and our posterity to act worthy of such heritage.

Coats of arms, like family trees are worthy distinctions - and fortunate are those who possess them. Some Dutch pioneers in New Netherland bore the arms of their respective progenitors, but there was little occasion to use them. Since then, others, through costly research have acquired them after establishing proof of connection with their families in Holland. Others had none.

Whether or not our family in Holland merited the distinction of a coat of arms has long been a moot question. The uncertainty of the existence of one, and our right to the use of any, especially those of the early, more prominent families in the Netherlands, is dependent upon factors that have thus far defied solution. This matter is discussed further in Appendix - X

It is hoped that this book, the publication of which marks the Three - Hundredth Anniversary of the arrival of our progenitor in New Netherland, will ever serve as a source of pride and pleasure - a valuable and authentic reference for future generations.

So mote it be.

Harrison, New York, 1952

CHAPTER I

The Founding of New Netherland – Dutch Nomenclature – Early Bogart Root Families in Holland – Other Bogart Pioneers in New Netherland

There is little need to discuss the early history of New Netherland and the events that lead to its settlement, so well has the story been told and so familiar to most of us. However in order to establish the arrival of the numerous Bogart families who came here from Holland with relation to that era, it is permissible to mention briefly, the founding of the Dutch colony.

In the year 1602, a group of enterprising business men in the city of Amsterdam, organized the Dutch East India Company for the expressed purpose of finding a shorter route to India, China and the Far East, thus eliminating the long and hazardous voyage around Africa and the Cape of Good Hope. For many years prior to that time, numerous attempts had been made by the English, French, Italians, Spaniards and Portuguese to discover such a route, all of which proved futile.

The company, in March of 1609, equipped the yacht, DE-HALVE MAEN for the exploration of new routes, to import into European countries great treasures of gold, silver, silk, spices, etc., which were abundant in the Far East. Hendrick Hudson, an Englishman whose parents were said to have been Dutch, was engaged as captain of the ship. The crew consisted of ten Englishmen and ten Dutchmen. Hudson set out from Holland in a northeasterly direction along the coast of Siberia, but adverse conditions forced him to abandon the route. He then headed in a northwesterly direction, and crossed the Atlantic Ocean. Instead of finding a shorter route to the

Far East, he landed on the coast of North America, and five years later, on October 11, 1614, it was officially called New Netherland.

In the same year a fort was built at Albany. It was here that the first settlement was made after Hudson navigated the river which bears his name, and it was here that the first permanent settlement was made in the Dutch colony. Previous to that time, New Netherland was without a government, and what later became New Amsterdam, consisted of a few crude huts huddled together on the lower tip of Manhattan Island, used by fur traders engaged in this lucrative business in the upper Hudson Valley.

There was some talk in Holland in 1620 that a certain English preacher living in Leyden was endeavoring to sponsor four-hundred families. He petitioned the Dutch West India Company (formerly known as the Dutch East India Company) to establish a settlement at New Amsterdam, but the officials of the Company were dubious that such a large number of English settlers might prove an entering wedge for English supremacy upon land they said was not fully recognized as Dutch territory.

John Robinson, an Englishman, dispatched the *MAYFLOWER* from Leyden, Holland in 1620. There is an old tradition, although its authenticity has sometimes been questioned, that the captain of the ship was "persuaded" to change his course on the voyage over from Holland – and the ship cast anchor in Plymouth Bay instead of the Hudson River as agreed. "Thus New Amsterdam lost the opportunity of being founded by the Pilgrim Fathers who were well-versed in the Dutch tongue."

In 1624, the Dutch West India Company, turning its attention from the East, sponsored the settlement of New Amsterdam, which up to that time had no official status. In that year, the ship *NEW NETHERLAND* set sail from Holland under the direction of Cornelius Jacobsen Mey, bringing to this country, thirty families, a documentary account of which is given in the story of Joris Janszn Rapalje.

Within twenty-five years after the settlement of New Amsterdam, the colony had expanded into Staten Island, Long Island, New Jersey, Westchester County, New York, along the shores of the Hudson River, and well into Connecticut as far as Hartford – settlements with little to sustain themselves, and less with which to protect themselves from Indian attacks.

Until 1664, the colony was under the successive direction of Cornelius Jacobszn Mey, Willem Verhulst, Pieter Minuit, Bastiaen Jansz Krol, Wouter Van Twiller, Willem Kieft and Pieter Stuyvesant. In 1664, the English, without ceremony, sailed into lower New York Bay, and demanded the surrender of Pieter Stuyvesant, whereupon Richard Nicolls took command. He served until 1668 when Francis Lovelace was appointed by the Crown of England to succeed him. In 1673, the Dutch, under Cornelius Evertse and Anthony Colve, relieved the English of control of the province, and in the following year, the Dutch again bowed to the authority of the English under Edmund Andros. The sovereignty of the Dutch in New Netherland changed several times within the comparatively short span of ten years from Dutch to English – then Dutch, and again English until the Revolutionary War.

Unquestionably, New Amsterdam was the most cosmopolitan settlement in the New World, a distinction perhaps it holds today. In those times a schepen (magistrate) may have been Dutch; his successor, probably English. Those who administered the affairs of the Dutch West India Company in one settlement may have been Dutch, Irish, English or French, for many nationals of European origin who came here took the oath of allegiance to Holland.

In another section, a mixture of German and French – or perhaps Scandinavian was prevalent. Those who were responsible for keeping public records – when they were kept – may have been fairly well educated, or grossly ignorant judging from some of their crude accounts. Clerks and scribes took liberties when recording events that still reveal inaccuracies and inconsistencies, especially in the spelling of proper

Tablet in Albany, New York, erected to the memory of Sarah Rapalje. Photo by F. P. Kimball.

names and places, and when written, ultimated in confusion, were improperly interpreted, and were passed down from one generation to another and were accepted as facts. Dialects and translations of a mixed people, distorted the spelling of names that still cling to many families. Within twenty-five years of the founding of the colony, as many as eighteen languages were spoken.

But the history of New Netherland is an absorbing one, replete with fascinating events that lead to the establishment of the great State of New York – and the nation. Those whose ancestors had a part in its founding and development should know something about the early history of metropolitan New York, Long Island, Staten Island, New Jersey – and the beautiful Hudson River Valley, and the numerous towns and villages along its banks that still bear their original Dutch names.

The first capital of New York State was Kingston, but Albany, the oldest permanent settlement within the state, and the center of the fur trade in New Netherland, symbolized by the beaver, shares the historic interest of its offspring – New Amsterdam.

It was in Albany that Sarah Rapalje, the first "Mrs Bogart" born in this country, first saw the light of day, June 7, 1625. In 1940, the State Education Department erected a marker to the memory of Sarah, which stands on the lawn in front of the Delaware & Hudson R. R. offices in that city. Nearby is the site of the Rapalje homestead. In 1626, the Rapalje family returned to New Amsterdam, later settling at the Wallabout, Brooklyn.

Across the river from Albany – now Rennselaer, was the very historical settlement of Rennselaerwyck where many Dutch families settled, among them Cornelius Corneliszn Bogaert (cousin of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert of Brooklyn) who headed the prominent Albany Branch of our family.

The first Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of New York took office on June 24, 1665. At that time, the official flag of the city was adopted. This flag tells the story of the

origin and early history of the city, founded by the Dutch. It was renamed New York in 1664, and a year later, on June 24, 1665, the municipal government was formally transferred to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of New York, as successors in office of the Burgomasters and Schepens of the city of New Amsterdam. The colors in the flag are Dutch blue, white and orange, arranged in perpendicular bars of equal width - the orange being symbolic of the House of Orange. Today the same tri-color flies over New York City, the metropolis of the world.

Dutch Nomenclature

The family name – Bogart is unquestionably of Dutch origin. According to the Dutch translation, it means, "group of fruit trees, or orchard."

In Holland the name is usually pronounced "Boo-gaert," there being no English equivalent of the gutteral sound of the letter 'g' which is scarcely audible when spoken by the Dutch. In this country, the spelling of the name has long been the subject of friendly discussion between the adherents of the letter 'a' and those of the letter 'e'. Regardless of how it is spelled, it is derived from the Dutch word Boomgaard, and is generally spelled Bogaert in the Netherlands.

Adriaen J. Barnouw, a native Dutchman, and professor of languages at Columbia University, stated, "The difference in the spelling of Bogart is not a question of correctness. Neither one is more correct than the other. In Dutch, the word is pronounced in various ways. Since the accent falls on the first syllable, the accent is apt to lose its clear 'a' sound, just as in English, the word yard is reduced in strength in the com-

pound *orchard*. The resulting pronunciation is reflected in the spelling Bogert; but many speakers, however, do sound the 'a' although it is shortened on account of lack of stress, hence the equally good spelling Bogart."

In Holland, as in this country, the name was often prefixed with van, van der, van den, van de, uit, uyt den, uytten, in den and other prepositional forms in accordance with Dutch usage- but not necessarily an integral part of the surname as it is today, denoting to, of, from, in, etc; thus, "Van der Bogaert" signifies, "from the orchard," while "In den Bogaert" is the equivalent of "in the orchard," there being no practical distinction between them. However, the prefix was not used consistently, and frequently it was omitted in the records, which gave rise to much confusion. But too much importance should not be attached to the prefix as a means of distinguishing between or identifying families, for no arbitrary rule can be applied in this connection. It was not until about 1800 that some semblance of uniformity of family names was adopted in Holland, previous to which time the promiscuous use of the prefix was apparent, just as it was in the Dutch colony. No instance could be found where the prefix van or vander was used by Tunis Gysbert Bogaert or his cousins, Jan Laurens Bogaert, Cornelius Corneliszn Bogaert or by Gysbert Corneliszn Bogaert - nor by their immediate descendants, although their grandfather's name appears in the civil records of Schoonrewoerd as late as 1657, as Theunis Gijsbertszn In den Boogaertman. Admittedly, the prefix gives any Dutch family name a fascinating, musical tone - but to be consistent, we must acknowledge the fact that the family dropped the prefix before coming to this country. The signature of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert, when a magistrate of Bushwick, supports this fact. See page 59.

The Dutch had several systems of nomenclature, the most popular at that time being the patronymic by which one or more children - of both sexes were given their father's Christian name thus - the children of Tunis were named, Aertje

Teunise, Catalyna *Teunise*, Neeltje *Teunise* and Gysbert *Tunis*, etc, - the endings sen or szn denoting "son of" and "se" daughter of; but when the surname was omitted for any reason as was often the case, there was no way of distinguishing between several Aertje Theunise, Catalyna Theunise or Gysbert Theuniszn in a given locality who could have been of the same family or of several families, although their names were identical. In such cases, it was necessary to trace the maternal side of the family to determine the identity of the individual. The patronymic is a complicated system and a most fascinating one, but too voluminous for further discussion.

Another form of nomenclature was based upon the town or place from whence a man came. If he came from Buren, he would be called Van Buren. If he lived near the dyke, he would be called, Van Dyke. If he lived on the hill, he would be called, Hoogland meaning "high ground." Other forms of nomenclature are those denoting some particular characteristic of the individual, viz- de Witt, meaning "the wit," de Vosje, "the fox"; if a cooper by trade, he would be known as de Kuyper, and if he was a brewer, he would be known as Brouwer - all such names often serving as substitutes for other family names by which they were known elsewhere. These forms of nomenclature greatly complicated matters, not only here but in Holland where the same problem prevailed. It was not until the late 1600's that these systems were abandoned in the Netherlands.

Early Bogart Root-Families in Holland

There were scores of families in Holland bearing the name Bogart with its multiplicity of variants. According to A. A.

Vorsterman Van Oijen (compiler and editor of "Genealogical Collections and Heraldry of Netherland Families'," published in Gronigen in 1885, by J. B. Walters Co.) the earliest published record is that of Jan Van de Bogaerde, a Belgian probably of French descent, who was in Holland in the year 1288. Other compilers were F.W.Van der Dussen and M.P. Smissaert who jointly published, "Genealogical Charts of the Netherland Race'," published in 1865-1873 by C. VanDoorn & Sons., and Reitstap's "Armorial'," which are the most consulted authorities on Dutch genealogy and heraldry. Since that time, other armorial works have been compiled in Holland and Belgium, and several are now in course of preparation.

Among the families discussed in the above works are the Boogaerts of Beloys, Island of Schouwen-Duiveland, Province of Zeeland, on the west coast of Holland. Beloys, according to the records of the year 1288 was a seigniority containing about 250 acres of land upon which stood a small castle; later branches of this family were known as the Boogaerts of Alblasserdam, the Boogaerts of Delft, the Boogaerts of Leyden in the Province of South Holland - and Middleburg in the Island of Walcheren, Province of Zeeland.

Then there were the Bogaerts of Gouda, Province of South Holland; the Bogaerts of Rotterdam, the Bogaerts, Bogaerds, and Bogaarts of Amsterdam; the Uyt den Bogaerts, the Van den Boogaerts of Utrecht, and the Van der Bogaards of Brabant. Undoubtedly there were other families by this name throughout Holland who were less prominent.

Willem Isaacszoon Boogaert was a sheriff of Dordrecht in 1423, and later he was mayor of the city. He may have been the son of Willem Willemszoon Boogaert of Beloys; his son Adam was the first professor of music and rector of the Academy of Leyden where he died in 1482. Another was Adam, son of Jacob Bogaert who was the first physician of the city of Antwerp, Belgium, and later, professor of medicine in Leyden for more than twenty years. There was Hendrick Boogaert who in 1547 was "Regent van de Huysetten on den oud Zide;"

another was Minister of Remonstrance namely, Jan Uyt den Bogaert; Cornelius Bogaert who was Receiver General of the Dutch Provinces and is better known as the subject of a famous etching by Rembrandt, "The Gold Weigher." In 1548, in Amsterdam, Willem Bogaert was Kirk Meister "van de Neuwe Zxts Koppel"; also in the same city from 1590 to 1606, Jan Willem Bogaert was Commissioner of Small Matters, and in 1611, a Jan Bogaert was Deputy Sheriff. Gerrit Boogaert was a schepen (magistrate) of Dordrecht from 1426 to 1441. This does not conclude the long list of prominent Bogart families in Holland, but is indicative of the prevalence of the name in the Netherlands.

It would be a grave mistake to assume that these families were necessarily related. So far as known, they represented several root-families who came from Belgium and others from France and Germany whose progenitors undoubtedly were Scandinavians traceable to the Norsemen. With others, these families were attracted to Holland, the center of learning and world trade. By 1575 there were families by this name in Amsterdam, the Hague, Gouda,Leyden, Utrecht, Delft, Rotterdam, Middleburg, Alblasserdam, Weespe, Breuckelen, Leerdam, Vianen, Heykoop, Schoonrewoerd, Dordrecht and other localities in Holland.

Other Bogart Pioneers In New Netherland

Unlike other Dutch families, the great majority of Bogarts in this country are descended from ten or twelve pioneers of this name who settled here previous to 1675.

Dingman Versteeg, noted historian and genealogist of the Dutch colony, states in "New Netherland Register" that "the

name Bogart in all its various forms is a highly respectable one, not only in the land of its origin but also in the country where it has borne so many pioneers. It is doubtful if any other name was so numerously represented by separate lines, some of whom were related while others were not. There was not a single section of New Netherland where there were not one or more Bogart pioneers."

No other name, perhaps, associated with the Dutch colony was so numerous, and surely none over which so much confusion has resulted – the reasons for which are legion – especially when the colony expanded, and many families of this name trailed one another in the exodus – the similarity of Christian names, dropping legitimate prefixes, and the unjustified use of others – all of which have contributed to the vexation of genealogists and historians alike.

By 1700, there were second and third generations of some of these pioneers in almost every settlement in the colony - Manhattan, Brooklyn, Queens and Nassau Counties of Long Island; Staten Island, Albany, Rennselaerwyck, Kingston and Poughkeepsie – in Rockland, Orange, Ulster, Greene, Columbia, Dutchess, Westchester and Schenectady Counties of New York, and in eastern Pennsylvania; but in Hackensack and Bergen, and the Hackensack, Passaic and Raritan Valleys in New Jersey, there were descendants of all of these pioneers. Two of the largest progenies of the Bogart pioneers namely, Jan Laurens Bogaert of Harlem, and Cornelius Jansz Boogaert of Hackensack, have been identified with New Jersey for generations, and today there is hardly a county in the state that is not represented by scores of their descendants - direct and collateral.

Undoubtedly many attempts have been made to separate the several New Jersey Bogart families – without success – but as a result of the confusion with one another in the early records, it is doubtful whether any reliable, authentic record of these pioneer families can ever be compiled. The unfortunate fact remains that such attempts tend to perpetuate many of the

errors found in them, and to lead one astray.

While some of these pioneer families may have been remotely related – if at all – proof can only be determined by further research in Holland. Many, unaware of the several root-families in the Netherlands, as previously discussed, have seized upon the first account available, and with a little imagination, have endeavored to establish a connection purely upon assumption, and the similarity of names - but such attempts are worthless.

With the exception of several lines of the Bogardus and Van der Bogart families in this country, the descendants of these families as well as our own are known as Bogart and Bogert, although several lines of the Bogardus family still retain the traditional Latin suffix. Probably no other misconception is more prevalent than the assumption by some, that we were related to Dominie Bogardus and Annekje Jans, but no evidence has been found in this country or in Holland indicating any relationship, which fact should discourage those who are prone to accept this erroneous belief. Likewise, no relationship exists between our family and the other Bogart pioneers whose brief records follow;

JOOST VAN DE BOGARDT. This pioneer, according to Dr. Swierlein's "Religion in New Netherland," was appointed at an annual salary of two-hundred dollars as "special commandant of the Dutch colony, and settled on the South River (Delaware) under Swedish sponsorship. Bogardt arrived in New Sweden in the Fall of 1640, three or four miles below Christiana. He was in New Amsterdam on July 3, 1642 when he, under the name of Joost Van de Bogardt, officiated at the baptism of Jacob, son of Gerrit Jansen." Dingman Versteeg states that "he does not seem to have left descendants in this country. It is possible that he either returned to Holland at the breaking up of the Dutch–Swedish combination or died childless."

GYSBERT ELBERTSEN UYT DEN BOGAERT came to this country in 1660 and settled in New Amsterdam where he

married Willemtje Claesje Swits. He came from Cadzand, Province of Zeeland on the west coast of Holland, and was sometimes known as Van Cadzand. His children were - Claesz, b- 1661; Nicholas, b- 1662; Aeltje, b- 1664; Neeltje, b- 1667; Marritje, b- 1668, d.y; Marritje, b- 1670; Geertje, b- 1672; Jacobus, b- 1678; Dirck, b- 1675. He died in New Amsterdam in 1744 where he was buried. Some of his early descendants settled in New Jersey, Long Island, Westchester County, New York, and others remained in Manhattan. This family married into the Stoutenburgh, Van Tienhoven, Van Dersen, Sluys, Eckersen and other well known families. See Appendix - G.

JACOB UYT DEN BOGAERT, who was in New Amsterdam; he left a will dated February 4, 1683 in which he named his brother Cornelius, sister Catalyna, and half-sister Marritje; Peter Bogard (identity unknown) was named executor. This pioneer was also said to have come from Cadzand and may have been related in some way to Gysbert Elbertsen Uyt den Bogaert, although nothing further concerning him or his brother has ever been found.

CORNELIUS JANSZ BOOGAERT was in Flatbush, Brooklyn previous to October 30, 1654, on which date, Isaac De Forest was named agent for Jan Snediker of Midwout, Long Island, and sold his farm located "between the lands of Jan Everse and that of Cornelius Jansz Boogaert." He sold a house and lot in Flatbush in 1661. He married Geesje Willemse, and left Flatbush prior to 1675 when he joined the Bergen, New Jersey Dutch church; on June 23, 1679, June 21, 1680 and on April 18, 1682 - his son Jan and his wife, Engeltje Stryker had children baptized. This family settled in Hackensack for in July 1686, when the Dutch church was organized there, they were among thirty constituents. Their children were - Guilliam,- m- widow Bergen; Weyntje, m- Gerrit Stryker; Jan Cornelius, m- Angentije Stryker; Claesje, m- Hendrick Joris Brinkerhoff; Roeleof, m- Geertruey Bryant; Marritje, m- Jacob Stegge; Pieter, m- Hendricke Arents; Cornelius, d.y; a son, Cornelius Corneliszn was buried in Flatbush in 1664. From this pioneer

is descended one of the largest progenies of any of the Bogart pioneer families, many of whom remained in New York and New Jersey while others settled in Brooklyn. He died in New Jersey in 1686 or 1687.

DR. HARMEN MYNDERT VAN DER BOGAERT, of Zeeland, Holland was born in 1612. He came here in 1631 as surgeon and physician on the *ENDRACHT*. He was appointed surgeon at Fort Orange (Albany) in 1633, and in 1635, he was sent into the Seneca and Oneida country to establish closer relations with the Indians. He returned to New Amsterdam where, in 1638, he made a will in which he bequeathed his property there to his future wife, Jillisje Claesje of Zierickszz, Holland, daughter of Claez Corneliszn Swits who in 1642 was murdered by an Indian in Manhattan Island. After his return from a West Indies cruise in the yacht, *LA GRACE*, he married Jillisje Claesz, and had at least two children - Francois, baptized in New Amsterdam, August 26, 1640 and Myndert, baptized May 3, 1643. In 1645 he was again appointed Commissary at Albany. He was burned to death in the Indian country on the Mohawk River in 1647. His descendants settled in Albany, Schenectady, Kingston, Poughkeepsie and other Hudson Valley settlements. (The compiler has long felt that Dr. Bogaert may have had other children whose birth or baptism was not recorded.)

REV. EVERARDUS BOGARDUS, famous for the "Dominies Bouwery" in Manhattan, was born in Woerden, Holland near Utrecht, and came here in 1633 with Governor Wouter Van Twiller in the ship, *SOUTHBURG*. His church was built within the walls of Fort Amsterdam at the Battery, lower Manhattan on the site of the present Customs House. Before coming to this country, he adopted the Latin suffix and was known as Bogardus, although his name was originally Bogaert. Undoubtedly, he was the most prominent of the Bogart pioneers, his name being linked with the administrative history of New Amsterdam, which may account for the fact that many of the Bogart descendants in this country have endeavored to con-

nect our family with that of the noted cleric. In 1638, he married Annekje Jans, widow of Roelof Jans, who came here from Holland with his wife and three children, - Sarah, Catrina, and Fytje. Later two more children were born to Roelof Jans and his wife - Jan and Jannetje. Jan took his father's name reversed, and it became Jan Roelofsen. Annekje Jans owned the famous farm bearing her name, which included the property on which Trinity Church now stands at the head of Wall Street and Broadway. Their children were - Willem, b- 1638; Cornelius, b- 1640; Jonas, b- 1643 and Pieter, b- 1645 - all in New Amsterdam. Bogardus sailed for Holland in 1647, and was lost at sea when his ship was wrecked. His widow, Annekje Jans, in 1648 settled in Albany with her four children. Willem, the eldest returned to Manhattan when he was eighteen years of age, from whom a large family is descended. Cornelius, Jonas and Pieter remained in Albany with their mother who died there in 1663. Their descendants settled in Schenectady, Albany, Kingston, Catskill, Coxsackie, and other Hudson Valley settlements, in Manhattan, Brooklyn and New Jersey. Some branches of this family are still known as Bogardus while others are known as Bogert and Bogart.

There are other Bogart families mentioned in the early records of Brooklyn and New Amsterdam between 1650 and 1700, who may have been members of those families whose records are given above, such accounts having been brief rather than chronological, and whose identity has not been established.

CHAPTER II

Our Dutch Ancestors in Holland – Cornelius Corneliszn Bogaert of Albany – Gysbert Corneliszn Bogaert of Catskill – Jan Laurens Bogaert of Harlem

The small farming village of Schoonrewoerd, District of Vianen, Province of South Holland, lies at the junction of De Huibert and Schaiksche Roads, less than three miles north of Leerdam, and is the earliest known home of our ancestors. The town now has a population of some nine-hundred persons. In this village, over three-hundred years ago, several families bade farewell and started on their journey to the New World, some of whom settled in Albany and Rensselaerwyck, and others in New Amsterdam and Brooklyn, among them members of our family.

Heykoop, where Tunis Gysbert Bogaert was born, now has a population of about six-hundred. This village is less than two miles west of Schoonrewoerd. Few records exist here from which the faintest picture of those times can be drawn. What we know of Heykoop and Schoonrewoerd, we have gleaned from civil records which give mute testimony to the fact that life in those communities then was quite apart from what it is today, for in Holland, the scars of World War II are still in evidence.

The circumstances and conditions that prevailed in Holland about the time of the New World colonization, marked the turning of segments of the urban population to farming. Religious intolerance and unrest in Europe, following the Reformation, may have been responsible, in a measure, for this trend to the smaller towns where the Catholic faith was predominent. For several generations previous to the establishment of our family

in this country, farming was the principal means of livelihood in Holland, just as it was in this country well after 1850.

The earliest known member of our family was Gijsbert In den Boogaertman as he is referred to in the early records of Schoonrewoerd. He was the great-grandfather of Tunis who came to this country in 1652, but his birthplace is unknown. Up to this writing, no record has been found to indicate from whence he came or who his wife was. Neither is it known from which of the several root-families in Holland he was descended.

He had at least one son - Theunis Gijsbertszn In den Boogaertman who was born in Schoonrewoerd in 1562 and died there in 1647 at the age of 85 years. He is frequently mentioned in the court records of Schoonrewoerd between 1615 and 1646. It is apparent that he owned considerable property, and like others in the small village was in frequent financial difficulties.

On September 6, 1615 he was directed by the court at Leerdam (apparently the nearest judicial seat),to pay for a doctor's examination of an injury inflicted upon Aelbert Corneliss by his son, Cornelius Theuniszn. In 1620, he confessed a debt to the children of Thomas Petersz of Muylwijk, and a yearly interest of 27 guilders on a house situated along the Schoonrewoerdschen Diefdijk. On June 9, 1620, he owed Corneliss Meerhout of Culemborg, a yearly interest of 12 guilders on a house also situated along the Schoonrewoerdschen Diefdijk. Barent Van Veen, on March 14, 1627, stated to the court that Theunis Gijsbertszn In den Boogaertman owed him 73 guilders, and on the same day, he promised to pay within eight days, the money he owed Willem Otten.

On December 13, 1627 he promised to pay Cornelius Evertsz Maes, within a month, another sum of money. Roeloff Van Braeckel, bailiff of Schoonrewoerd, acknowledged on March 9, 1629, receipt of a debenture amounting to 48 guilders, and on April 11, 1632, the Steward of the Prince of Orange at Leerdam paid him a sum of money for the rental of his horses in the army. Adrian Vosch of Vianen (about three miles north-west

Gijsbert In Den Boogaertman

Theunis Gijsbertszn In Den Boogaertman

Louw Theuniszn Bogaert

(A) Jan Laurens Bogaert
Cornelius Laurens Bogaert
Maria Laurens Bogaert
Mary Bogaert

Cornelius Theuniszn Bogaert

(B) Gijsbert Corneliszn Bogaert
(C) Cornelius Corneliszn Bogaert
Jannetjien Cornelise Bogaert
Geertjien Cornelise Bogaert

Gijsbert Theuniszn Bogaert

(D) Tunis Gijsbertszn Bogaert
Aalkien Gijsbertse Bogaert
Neeltjien Gijsbertse Bogaert
Abraham Gijsbertszn Bogaert

THE FAMILY TREE IN HOLLAND

The relationship of the four pioneer members of our family is shown as A-B-C and D. The spelling of all names is precisely as they appear in the original records in Holland.

of Schoonrewoerd), promised to pay him the sum of 100 carolus guilders on August 9, 1634, which he stated was long due him. On June 5, 1635, while living in the Hoogiend of Middlecoop, he paid to Aries Bastiaens the sum of 250 florins toward a debt that was liquidated May 6, 1643, and on April 2, 1625, Cornelius Verwey instituted legal proceedings against him, cum expendis, although the record does not state the particulars.

His first wife was Neeltjien Laurens by whom he had three sons, Cornelius Theuniszn, Louw Theuniszn and Gijsbert Theuniszn. She died sometime previous to 1646. His second wife was Maayeken Meertens (Martins) who, after his death in 1647, married Cornelius Bastiaens. These three children are mentioned in the settlement of their mother's estate as follows:

> "December 10, 1646 - Division of the property of the *late* Neeltjien Laurens, between her husband, Theunis Gijsbertszn In den Boogaertman and their children, Louw Theuniszn (A) Gijsbert Theuniszn (B) and the *late,* Cornelius Theuniszn." (C)

Louw Theuniszn (A) was the father of Jan Laurens Bogaert, the pioneer of the Harlem Branch; Cornelius Theuniszn (C) was the father of Cornelius Corneliszn who settled in Albany - and Gijsbert Corneliszn who settled in Catskill on the Hudson River - while Gijsbert Theuniszn (B) was the father of our progenitor, Tunis Gysbert Bogaert, the founder of the Brooklyn Branch, from whom we are descended.

It is not known when Cornelius Theuniszn (C) died, but his father, Theunis Gijsbertszn In den Boogaertman was the guardian of his son's minor children, for on December 26, 1646, he petitioned the court at Leerdam to name another guardian because of failing eyesight, and the fact that he was "an old man, over eighty years of age." The record reveals that Maes Wouters of Schoonrewoerd also served as co-guardian with the grandfather, and that he too, wished to be relieved of his

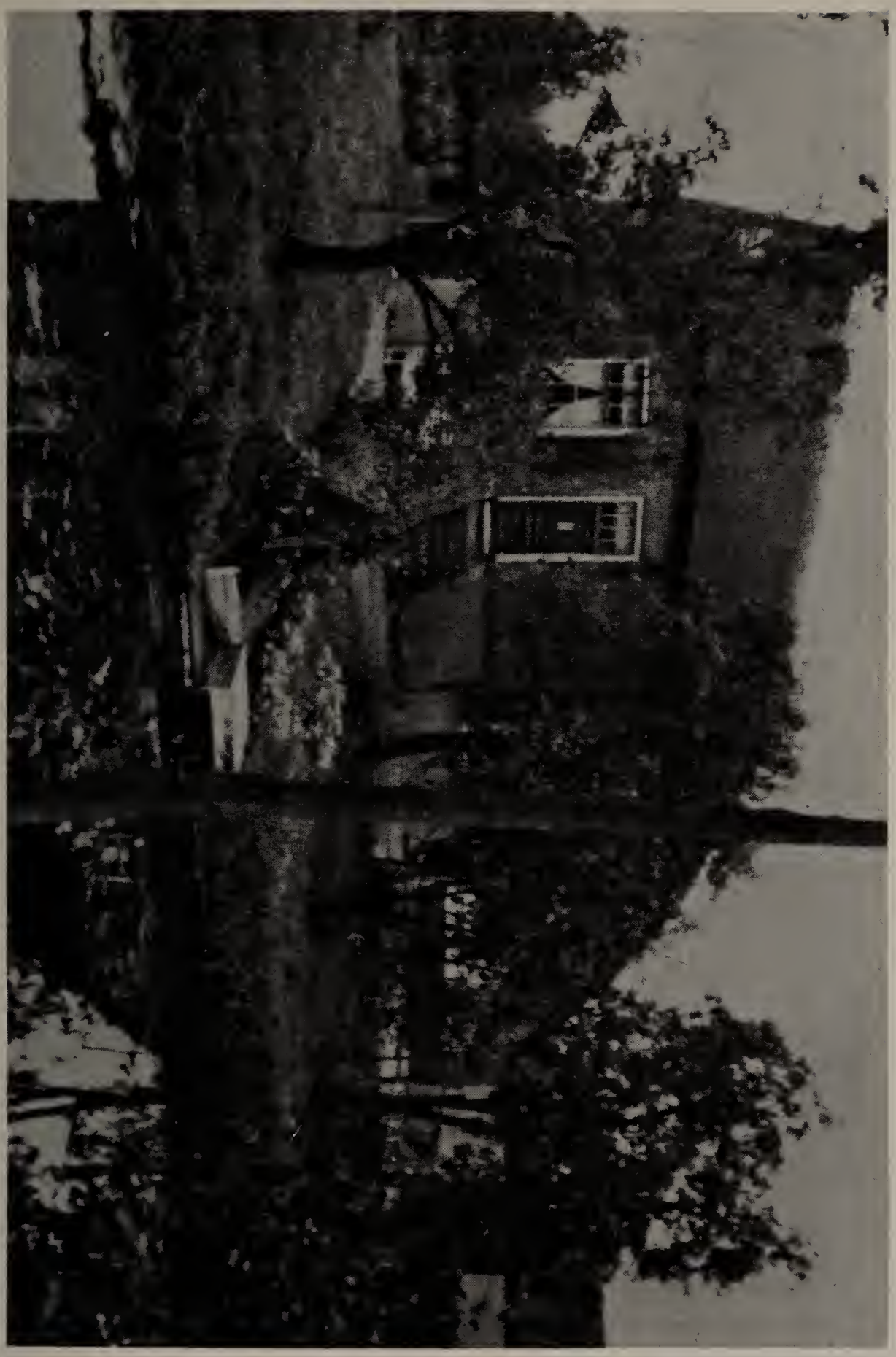
charge because of deafness.

On the same date, "Lambert Jansen, shipper and salver of Dordrecht, blood-guardian of the minor children of Aertjien Bastiaens and Gijsbert Theuniszn In den Boogaertman, when living together in Heykoop, in the land of Vianen, gives power of attorney to Maes Wouters, living in Schoonrewoerd, and Pieter Gysberts, bailiff of Heykoop." Lambert Jansen preceded the grandfather as guardian although there is no record of the time he was appointed. However, the quotation above undoubtedly refers to the estate of Gijsbert Theuniszn (father of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert) who died between December 10th and December 26, 1646.

The grandfather having been relieved of his charge, the court named his only surviving son, Louw Theuniszn, guardian of the minor children of the latter's deceased brothers - Cornelius Theuniszn and Gijsbert Theuniszn. In the same records the names of the grandchildren of Theunis Gijsbertszn In den Boogaertman are given as Bogaert, the prefix having been dropped, and the name shortened.

Sometime during the early part of 1647, Theunis Gijsbertszn In den Boogaertman died. His estate was not settled until 1656. During the interim, his widow (second wife, Maayeken Meertens) had married Cornelius Bastiaens who apparently occupied the homestead farm in Schoonrewoerd. Cornelius Corneliszn Bogaert and his brother Gysbert Corneliszn (sons of Cornelius Theuniszn Bogaert) who were in New Netherland in 1661, inherited one-fourth interest in their father's farm in Schoonrewoerd. This property is referred to in the quit-claim (Appendix-F), on file in the State Library, Albany, New York, dated September 3, 1661, when "Gysbert Corneliszn Bogaert of Catskill, sold to his brother Cornelius Corneliszn Bogaert of Albany," the former's share in their father's estate. Further reference to this property appears in a record in Holland, dated February 5, 1664, as follows -

> "Cornelius Cornelissen Bogaert, living in New Netherland (Albany) as deputy of his brother,



The Bogart homestead in Schoonrewoerd, Holland, built over three hundred years ago, is now maintained by the Netherlands Government. It was occupied a generation ago by a Bogart family. Photo by P. H. Bogaard of Holland.

Hei-en-Boeicop

Schoonrewoerd

> Gysbert Cornelissen Bogaert, also living in New Netherland (Catskill), and deputy of his sister, Jannetje Cornelise, wife of Claes Claessen Leverey, living in Schoonrewoerd in the neighborhood of Jarsvald, children and heirs of the late Cornelius Theuniszn Bogaert and Beeltje Cornelise, transfer to Barent Cornelisz, three-quarters of a farm situated on the Schoonrewoerdschen Diefdijk, near Schoonrewoerd.''

Thus Cornelius and Gysbert of Albany and Catskill respectively were brothers. It has long been known that Tunis of Brooklyn and Jan Laurens Bogaert, the pioneer of the Harlem Branch were cousins, as indicated in the will of Jan, dated September 6, 1672, made at Bedford, Brooklyn, where he first settled before removing to Harlem, when he appointed ''my cousin Tunis Gysbert Bogaert, executor.'' The relationship of the four pioneer members of our family as cousins is established in the following translation of a civil record found in Holland recently, when the paternal homestead of Teunis Gijsbertszn In den Boogaertman was sold, and the proceeds were divided among his children and grandchildren, and their uncle (their guardian), Louw Theuniszn Bogaert.

The disposition of the family homestead appears in two records - one dated June 2, 1656, and the other June 23, 1657. The illustration of the deed is that of 1657.

In this deed, a curious fact is apparent namely, that Cornelius, Gysbert and Tunis are stated to have been ''minor orphans'' in 1656. If so, then Cornelius and Gysbert could not have come here in 1640 as stated by Talcott, but probably sometime subsequent to 1657. Tunis, on the other hand, had been in this country four years at that time, having come here in 1652. These conflicting circumstances require clarification and further substantiation which only further research in Holland can solve. The translation of this deed of sale follows:

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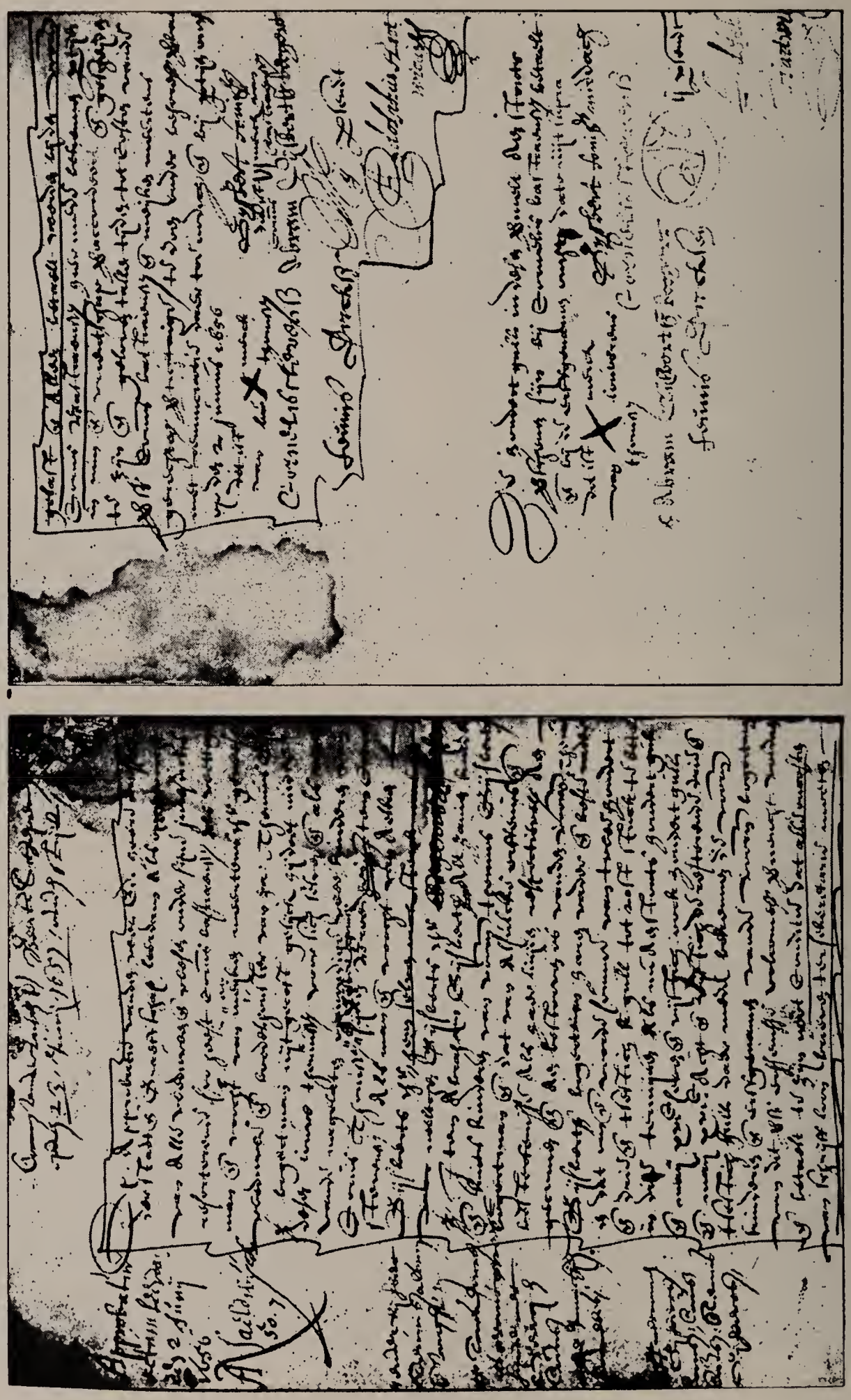


The deed of sale of the Bogart homestead farm in Schoonrewoerd, dated 1657.

"June 2, 1656 - With the consent of the Honorable Bailiff of the Town of Leerdam, as principal guardian of all widows and orphans under its jurisdiction, Cornelius Bastiaens, husband of Maaeyeken Meertens, former widow and administrator of the late Theunis Gijsbertszn In den Boogaertman, proposes to sell on behalf of Louw Theuniszn (father of Jan Laurens Bogaert of Harlem, Manhattan) only surviving son of Theunis Gijsbertszn In den Boogaertman as guardian of the minor orphans of Cornelius Theuniszn and Gijsbert Theuniszn, his brothers namely, Cornelius Corneliszn (who settled in Albany), Gysbert Corneliszn (who settled in Catskill), and Theunis Gijsbertszn Bogaert (our progenitor, who settled in Brooklyn).

ITEM: Cornelius Stevens, husband of Aelkjien Gijsbertse (Bogaert) and Gijsbert Theuniszn Middagh, husband of Neeltjien Gijsbertse (Bogaert).

ITEM: Abraham Gijsbertszn (brother of Tunis) Thonis Dircks, husband of Geertjien Cornelise (Bogaert) and Jannetje Cornelise (Bogaert) -- all together the children and grandchildren of Theunis Gijsbertszn In den Boogaertman; and such other heritages as are left by the death of said Theunis Gijsbertszn In den Boogaertman, for the sum of two-hundred and three and sixty guilders and two pennies each, to be paid 100 guilders now, 100 guilders May 16, 1657 and the balance of 63 guilders May 16, 1658 -- that the above children and grandchildren and heirs of Boogaertman shall be paid on condition that all expenses of transcribing and transferring by the Secretary shall be paid for by said Cornelius Bastiaens.

Signed by the Parties, June 2, 1656.
Gijsbert Theuniszn (Middagh)
Louw Theunisz (Bogaert)
Cornelius Bastiaens
Cornelius Stevens
Abraham Gijsbertszn (Bogaert)
Theunis Dircks

In the Presence of Adolphus Hartwickus, Approbatie
Actum, Leerdam, den 2, Junij, 1656.

In addition to their share in their grandfather's estate, Cornelius and his brother Gysbert Corneliszn, also shared in the estate of their father, Cornelius Theuniszn Bogaert, as previously discussed. There seems to be no mention of the disposition of the property of Gijsbert Theuniszn Bogaert (father of Tunis and Abraham), although Tunis sold a plot of ground in Heykoop to his brother Abraham in 1661, while Tunis was in Brooklyn. The transaction was handled by proxy of Aert Theuniszn Middagh, an early settler of Brooklyn who visited Holland in that year. He was a brother of Gysbert Theuniszn Middagh who married Neeltjien Gijsbertse Bogaert, sister of Tunis - both of whom remained in Holland.

In the above record, Jan Laurens Bogaert of Harlem, is not mentioned among the grandchildren of Theunis Gijsbertszn In den Boogaertman. However, reference is made to Jan's father, Louw Theuniszn, and to Jan's cousins, Cornelius and Gysbert who, according to the deed of sale were minor orphans at the time - and to his cousin Tunis, in which year the latter was in Brooklyn. The record of the other two grandsons namely, Cornelius Laurens and Abraham Gysbertszn, and six granddaughters all of whom remained in Holland, was traced there up to 1710. Undoubtedly the descendants of some of these members of our family may be found in the Netherlands today.

On May 3, 1667, Louw Theuniszn Bogaert, only surviving son of Theunis Gijsbertszn In den Boogaertman made a will in Schoonrewoerd at which time he was gravely ill, the translation of which states, "In the presence of Coram Sanders Hendricks and Willem Beech, magistrates, certified that they went to the home of Jan Roscam in Schoonrewoerd where they found Louw Theuniszn Bogaert sick abed. First, he devised and bequeathed to the son of Jan Roscam (his son-in-law) by name, Cornelius Jansz Roscam (his grandson), a gray mare colt and a filly, which he wished to leave to his eldest son, Cornelius Laurens Bogaert, who is to care for the aforesaid animals, feed and breed them and the proceeds therefrom to be used for the benefit of the child when he reaches maturity.

Further, the testator acknowledges having given his daughter, Mary Laurens a note in the sum of 100 florins which is to be paid out of the estate; finally, the testator disposed of the residue of all of his other goods and chattels which shall remain after his death, to all of his children, share and share alike, stipulating however, that the respective share of his children namely, Jan Laurens, at present living in New Netherland, Mary Laurens, (wife of Cornelius Stam, his son-in-law, residing in Boeicop) and Jan Roscam, shall be held in trust, the income thereof only to be used during the lifetime of the aforesaid, and the principal on their death to be given to their children or grandchildren in case the children are dead and leave heirs."

But it is evident that Louw Theuniszn Bogaert recovered and lived some years after as noted in the following accounts indicating that he was still alive in 1676;

> "January 27, 1669 - Laurens Thonis Bogaert confesses to owe Hendrick Van Buren and Jan Gerrits of Es, governors of the old men's home in Vianen, 500 carolus guilders for which he will profit food and drink during the rest of his life."
>
> "May 6, 1669 - Louw Thonis (Bogaert) living in Vianen, transfers to Jan Jansz Verwey a rope walk with a piece of land situated on Nieuwschaick."
>
> "December 6, 1669 - Laurens Theunis Boogaert of Schoonrewoerd now living in Vianen -- confesses to owe Jacob Meyerse of Turnhout, a citizen of Leerdam, a sum amounting to 150 florins with mortgage on a house and garden situated in Schoonrewoerd behind the church."
>
> "April 15, 1670 - Louw Theuniszn (Bogaert) of Schoonrewoerd, living in Vianen, former guardian of the children of the late Cornelius Theuniszn Bogaert, confesses to owe Claes

Claesz Leverey and Marigen Jans a sum amounting to 141 guilders."

"April 14, 1676 - Louw Theuniszn (Bogaert) living in Vianen, transfers to his son-in-law Jan Roscam a house and farm situated in Schoonrewoerd behind the church."

On November 9, 1700, one of Louw's grandchildren, Floris Cornelius Bogaert, son of Cornelius Laurens Bogaert, declared to the court at Leerdam that he "decline any inheritance from the estate of my grandfather, Louw Theuniszn Bogaert."

While compiling the record of our family in Holland, the record of another Bogart family was found who resided in the same locality as Theunis Gijsbertszn In den Boogaertman, namely, Govert Goverse In den Boogaertman, frequently mentioned in the same civil records. Govert and Theunis were contemporaries; Govert was born between 1540 and 1550, and may have been an uncle of Theunis, but no proof of relationship could be found. Three generations of this family were traced in Holland up to 1666, the record of which is given in Appendix - I as a matter of interest. There is no evidence that any of this family came here before 1666 - if at all.

Cornelius Corneliszn Bogaert of Albany

Cornelius Corneliszn Bogaert was born in Schoonrewoerd, the son of Cornelius Theuniszn Bogaert (H-4) and Beeltje Cornelise.

The record of this member of the family was compiled by a descendant, S. V. Talcott in, "New York and New England Families," published in 1883. While the date of his arrival in this country is somewhat controversial, Talcott states that

Cornelius came here in 1640 with his wife Dirkje (Dorothy) and that they settled in Albany.

He apparently had four sons, Jan, Cornelius, Hendrick and Jacob - and a daughter Jannetje -- and possibly others - - but no documentary proof of their birth or baptism has ever been found in this country or in Holland. One of his sons, Hendrick C. Bogaert, stated in his marriage banns published in the Dutch Church in Kingston, New York, in 1679, that he was born in Heykoop, Holland - the birthplace of our progenitor, Tunis. It is possible that Hendrick's father Cornelius had other children born in Holland although no record of them could be found there.

According to Talcott, Jacob was baptized in Albany "ca. 1654" but of this we have no proof, nor that Jacob was the son of our Cornelius. If Cornelius was married in Holland before coming here in 1640, it is doubtful that his first child was not born until 1654 - fourteen years later, unless Cornelius came here a widower and remarried in Albany or New Amsterdam.

Further, the names of Jacob and Hendrick do not appear in the family record of Schoonrewoerd as given herein, and it is doubtful that they were named after relatives on the paternal side for it is evident that our family adhered to the patronymic pattern in naming their children. However, the record of successive generations of these children, comprising the well known Albany branch, is established in accordance with Dutch churches, court records and family Bibles.

There are numerous accounts of Cornelius in the early records of Albany and Rennselaerwyck, but it must be remembered that there was much confusion and mistaken identity among the several Bogart pioneer families and their early descendants who settled in those communities (as compiled by Pearson, Van Laer and Talcott) between 1640 and 1665 namely, Dr. Harmen Myndert Van der Bogaert, Cornelius Bogardus, son of Dominie Everardus Bogardus of New Amsterdam, and Cornelius Corneliszn Bogaert - and possibly other, unidentified families of the same name. There are upwards of twenty

"Cornelius Corneliszns" with various prefixes but *without surname,* mentioned in the Albany records, some of whom have since been identified as Van der Bogaert, Verwey, Van Wie, De Vose, De Boer, Vosje, Bogardus, Viele, Vernooy, Sterrevelt and Van Voorhout - some of whom were contemporaries of Cornelius Corneliszn Bogaert.

The earliest record thus establishing the unquestionable identity of Cornelius is April 22, 1661, when he purchased a house and lot from Jan Barentsen Wempe, and on July 29th following, when he contracted to purchase a piece of property from Barent Van Marle, although the record indicates that the document was not completed, and therefore the contract was invalid. On September 3, 1661, his brother Gysbert who at that time was in Catskill, sold or transferred to him his share in their father's estate in Schoonrewoerd, as given in the quit-claim, Appendix - F.

In the deed of sale of the family homestead farm in Schoonrewoerd, in 1657, both Cornelius and his brother Gysbert are stated to have been minor orphans. While the date of their arrival here is uncertain, and as no passenger lists previous to 1654 are known to exist, the interpretation of this document may, in time, prove an important clue in establishing the time of their arrival here.

However, from the Albany branch are descended many prominent and distinguished families. Jacob C. Bogart, son of Cornelius, and his early descendants were associated with the city of Albany, while others became prominent in New York. His brothers Jan, Hendrick C., and Cornelius finally settled in the vicinity of Kingston, New York. Some of these families settled in Coxsackie, Marbletown, Hurley, Accord and Warwarsing, in the Catskills - and later branches continued on down the lower Delaware Valley. Cornelius, son of Hendrick C. Bogaert of Marbletown, settled in Hunterdon County, New Jersey from whom a long and interesting line is descended. See Appendix - T. The given names of Martin, Abraham and Isaac seem to have run in these families for many genera-

tions, and appear to have come from the maternal side of the family, particularly the Ijsselstyne and Delamater families.

Jacob C. Bogaert, son of Cornelius of Albany, married Jannetje Quackenbos, daughter of Pieter Quackenbos of Albany; Cornelius Jr. married and settled in Coxsackie, Greene County, New York; Hendrick C. married 1st., Jannetje Martens Ijsselstyne of Claverack, Columbia County, New York, daughter of Martin Janse Ijsselstyne. Hendrick's second wife was Ruth Waldron (widow of John Delamater), daughter of Resolved Waldron of Harlem, and settled in Marbletown, New York; Jannetje, married Bartholomy Van Alstyne; Jan, married Catalyna Van Wie, and settled in Kinderhook, Columbia County, and later, he and his family went to Hurley near Kingston, New York. Catalyna is mentioned in her brother Jacob's will.

Since the publication of Talcott's "New York and New England Families'," much has come to light concerning the Albany branch of our family; therefore, this record is subject to correction, revision and amplification.

Cornelius Corneliszn Bogaert died in Albany in 1665.

Gysbert Corneliszn Bogaert of Catskill

This member of our family was born in Schoonrewoerd, Holland, the son of Cornelius Theuniszn Bogaert (H-4) and Beeltje Cornelise.

No authentic record of him was ever published although Talcott in "New York and New England Families" gives a brief, unfortunate account of him as having had four sons, Joris (George), Johannes, Adrian (whomever they may have been) and our progenitor, Tunis of Brooklyn who in reality was his cousin.

We do know, however, that in 1663, he married a widow, Mary Jochems Kalder, in Catskill, and that she had a son Helmar Jans Kalder by her first husband, Jan Jochems Kalder. On February 6, 1683, she was a defendant against Jan Van Noostrandt in Albany, and she was absent during the trial. According to the record, she was "excused because it is inconvenient to come from Catskill on account of the weather."

In the State Library at Albany, is an Indian Deed, dated July 26, 1684, given in full in Appendix - G. This account has caused some speculation as to the identity of the recipient mentioned therein - "Gysbert Uyt den Bogaert," erroneously supposed to have been Gysbert Uyt den Bogaert of New Amsterdam. That Gysbert Corneliszn Bogaert of Catskill was the person referred to is the fact that in 1661 he was in Catskill and his brother Cornelius was in Albany as noted in the quit-claim of Gysbert to his brother Cornelius of Albany (Appendix - F); further proof is noted in the transfer of this property when "Gysbert conveyed to his step-son, Helmar Jans Kalder, his property at Catskill in 1684" as stated in "Early Records of Albany"; also, on February 9, 1699, Helmar Jans Kalder petitioned for a grant of land on the north side of Catskill at its entrance into the Hudson River formerly owned by his step-father, Gysbert Bogaert" as seen in "New York State Calendar of Historical Manuscripts" published in 1866.

The following account appears in the "History of Greene County" by J. B. Beers, published in 1884 -

"The price paid in 1684 for what is now that portion of the village of Catskill which lies east of the Katskill and the Hans Vosgen Kill, was, with a few other trifles, a gun, two shirts, a kettle, two kegs of beer and as usual a little rum." (See Appendix - G)

"The sellers were a band of Esopus Indians through their headman, Curpuaen. The buyer was Gysbert Uyt den Bogaert. Bogart had occupied a portion of this tract of land next to that of Arendt Corlear for about 20 years before his purchase. His house, built of logs, and probably thatched with rushes

as was the custom then, stood about 100 feet from the Katskill. Its site is now (1884) within the lumberyard, south of Capt. Spencer's house. The barn of Bogart was somewhat nearer the Katskill. Between these buildings was a rocky ledge and a rivulet which was covered up thirty years or more ago, as the oldest resident of Catskill will remember, when the extension of the steamboat wharf was built. Nearby were Bogart's orchard and garden. In the deed given by the Indians, the land bought by Bogart is bounded with precision. The place of beginning is Bomptjes Hook. The boundary line then ran up the Hudson to a rivulet opposite Vastricks Island, now known as Rogers Island, and called Struck; from this point westward to a point below Dirck Teunison's mill where the first brook empties into Hans Vosgens Kill and the Katskill to the place of beginning.''

While there are numerous references to Gysbert in the records of Catskill and Albany (Albany County then included Catskill) they do not reveal sufficient data from which a comprehensive story can be constructed.

There is much evidence to support the theory that he left no descendants, although some compilers have attempted to set up his family on the basis of Talcott's account which is far from accurate. If Gysbert had children by Mary Jochems Kalder (between 1663 and 1684) would they not have shared in the property he deeded to his step-son, Helmar Jans Kalder in 1684? No record has been found to indicate that Gysbert disposed of any other property that he may have owned, or of a previous marriage either in this country or in Holland, consequently there is no record of any children having been born to him.

Some of his supposed descendants proved to be of the Bogardus and Van der Bogaert families, and the children of his brothers, Cornelius, Hendrick and Jan who settled in the vicinity of Catskill, Kingston, Marbletown - and later generations, in the Minisink and lower Delaware Valleys who are known today as Bogart and Bogert; later branches of some of

these families settled in northwestern New Jersey and in Pennsylvania.

Cornelius, son of Cornelius of Albany, had several children, two of whom were Gysbert and Jacob; Gysbert who was thought to have been the son of Gysbert of Catskill, our subject, was his nephew as was Jacob - the later evidently named after Cornelius' brother Jacob of Albany.

Gysbert Corneliszn Bogaert died shortly after 1684 - the last mention of him in the Albany records.

Jan Laurens Bogaert of Harlem

Jan Laurens Bogaert, the well known pioneer of the prominent and distinguished Harlem Branch, was born in Schoonrewoerd, Holland, the son of Louw Theunisz Bogaert. (H-3). He was one of the passengers of the ***BONTE COE*** (Spotted Cow) that sailed from Amsterdam, April 16, 1663, accompanied by his wife, Cornelia Everts, and sons, Gysbert and Pieter who was born in Leerdam in 1656.

Jan first settled at Bedford, Brooklyn, where he remained nine years. His son Gysbert was the first of his children to be baptized at the Brooklyn Dutch Church, September 30, 1663, at which time Tunis Gysbert Bogaert was a witness. Jan purchased a farm in "New Haarlem," situated at the foot of East 125th Street, and the East River, Manhattan, where he raised a large family, and became a much beloved magistrate. On September 6, 1672, he made a will at Bedford, in which he named his cousin, Tunis, an executor.

He had ten children, one of whom died young; Pieter, b - Leerdam; 1656 m - Fytje Vlierbloom; Gysbert, b- Leerdam, m - Annetje Jansen; Claes (Nicholas) b - Bedford, 1668, m -

Beeltje Van Schaick, m - Margaret Conselye; Johannes, bap. August 16, 1679, m - Classie Van Schaick; Elizabeth, m - Harmen Janse Knickerbocker; Catalyna, m - Elbert Hermense; Marritje, m - Pieter Harring; Jannetje, m - Joris Holmes, and Cornelia, m - Wouter Quackenbos of Albany. Many of his descendants remained in Manhattan, among them his great granddaughter, Ann, who married on December 4, 1746, Jacobus (James) Roosevelt, paternal ancestor of President Theodore Roosevelt. Others went over to New Jersey, and to Rockland County, New York, where Jan officiated as a witness at the baptism of several of his grandchildren.

James Riker's, "History of Harlem," published in 1881, gives an account of this family, but the "New Haarlem Register," compiled by H. P. Toler, published in 1903, is a splendid, genealogical record of this family including later generations. The "Bogarts In Canada," compiled by Marshall C. Bogart, published in Toronto, Canada, in 1918, is the record of a branch of the Harlem family, headed by Gysbert Bogaert, great-grandson of Jan, who settled in Adolphustown, Ontario, about 1784, from whom is descended a long line. Another branch, headed by Cornelius Bogaert of New York, son of Hendrick, a great-grandson of Jan, settled in Brockville, Ontario. Many of this family remained in Canada while others eventually returned to the United States. S. V. Talcott's, "New York and New England Families," contains scattered records of some of the descendants of the Harlem Branch.

Jan Laurens Bogaert sold his farm in Harlem in 1706, and settled near Chatham Square, in lower Manhattan, where he died about 1708.

CHAPTER III

Tunis Gysbert Bogaert of Brooklyn – Bushwick and The Wallabout – Excerpts From Bushwick Court Records

Tunis Gysbert Bogaert was born in 1625 in the small farming village of Heykoop, District of Vianen, Province of South Holland, the son of Gijsbert Theuniszn Bogaert (H-5) and Aertjien Bastiaens. He was baptized in the old Dutch church still standing in Schoonrewoerd, less than three miles from his birthplace.

He came to this country in 1652, at the age of twenty-seven as stated by him when he took the oath of allegiance to the King of England, James II, in Brooklyn after the second conquest by the English - and that he had been in this country for thirty-five years. As no passenger lists of that period are known to exist, the exact date of his arrival here and the ship in which he sailed is unknown. After coming here he was a sailor, therefore his absence at sea in the West Indies trade may account for the fact that nothing could be found concerning him in the early records of New Amsterdam until 1654.

In the early part of 1654, he married Sarah Rapalje in New Amsterdam, and settled at the Wallabout, and later Bushwick, Brooklyn. Sarah Rapalje was the daughter of Joris Janszn Rapalje and Catalyna Trico who came to this country from Holland in 1623 with the first settlers under charter of the Dutch West India Company.

Rapalje first went to Albany where his daughter Sarah was born June 7, 1625. The following year, he moved to New Amsterdam where he resided for about twenty years, and finally settled at the Wallabout.

Sarah Rapalje's first husband was Hans Hanszn Bergen, a Norwegian whom she married in New Amsterdam in 1639. Bergen and his wife settled at the Wallabout where, in 1647, he was granted four-hundred acres of land by Governor Kieft (Appendix-A) next to that of his father-in-law, Rapalje. Bergen died in the latter part of 1653, leaving his widow Sarah with six children - Brecktje, Jan, Michael, Joris, Marritje and Jacob.

The marriage of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert to Sarah Rapalje may be considered a distinction in view of her birth - the first white daughter of European parents, born in the Dutch colony.

Tunis acquired Bergen's property of 400 acres by confirmation of Governor Nicolls, April 5, 1667 (Appendix-B), and on October 24, 1654, Governor Pieter Stuyvesant granted to him one-hundred acres of land at Bedford, Brooklyn, which he shared with Aert T. Middagh, (Appendix-C). He also owned property in Heykoop, Holland which he sold to his brother, Abraham G. Bogaert several years after coming to this country. The deed to this property was recently found among the records of Heykoop by Mr. E. G. Middagh of Hilversum, Holland.

By strange coincidence, Mr. Middagh is a direct descendant of Gijsbert Theuniszn Middagh who married in Holland, Neeltjien, sister of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert. Gijsbert Theuniszn Middagh was a brother of Aert Theuniszn Middagh, the latter, an early settler of Brooklyn who married Brecktje Hanse Bergen, step-daughter of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert with whom Aert shared the Bedford property in Brooklyn granted to them by Stuyvesant. Shortly after their marriage in New Amsterdam, Middagh and his wife Brecktje Hanse Bergen, visited Holland and while there, he served as proxy for Tunis Gysbert Bogaert in the sale of the latter's property in Heykoop to Abraham Gijsbertszn Bogaert, brother of Tunis. The following is the translation of the record -

> "Condition whereupon Aert T. Middagh as proxy for Anthonis Gijsbertszn Bogaert, living in New Netherand, after publication of their intention to sell or dispose of, in the presence of the sheriff and alder-

Heykoop, the birthplace of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert

Dutch Church in Schoonrewoerd where Tunis was baptized.

men of Heykoop, in the County of Vianen, Province of South Holland, eight-hundred and twenty-five schafte (about 2 acres) of land lying in Heykoop, extending from the land of Abraham Gijsbertszn Bogaert (brother of Tunis) to the land of Willem Cornelius Cleijne, sold at auction of Aert T. Middagh; furthermore, upon condition that Abraham G. Bogaert, the buyer who acknowledges that he has purchased said property for three-hundred and sixty guilders, the terms of the sale being two-thirds of the purchase price in cash, the balance on mortgage to be paid to Aert T. Middagh on behalf of Theunis Gijsbertszn Bogaert, the seller. This deed by the seller and buyer undersigned, dated December 1660.

Appeared, Aerte Theunis Middagh as procurator for Theunis Gijsbertszn Bogaert after the conditions of seller and transfer on behalf of Abraham Gijsbertszn Bogaert, the property of eight-hundred and twenty-five schafte of land lying in the above mentioned town of Heykoop."

Signed before Leonard Crom, Sheriff.
Sworn before Jan Francken, Schepen.
Frederick Willems, Alderman.
Recorded, February 15, 1661.

Aert T. Middagh returned to New Amsterdam in the *BEAVER* May, 1661. He revisited Holland in 1683, and returned to Brooklyn where he raised a large family, his children having settled in Brooklyn, Somerset County, New Jersey and in Ulster County, New York. Some of his descendants are known today as Murdock.

With the responsibility of a step-father to the six Bergen children, Tunis had a sizable family of his own - six daughters and an only son, Gysbert Tunis from whom our line descends. They were – Aartje Teunise, baptized December 19,

1655; Catalyna Teunise, baptized December 16, 1657; Neeltje Teunise, baptized February 22, 1660 (died young); Aeltje Teunise, baptized November 13, 1661; Annetje Teunise, baptized August 23, 1665 and Neeltje Teunise (twin of Annetje), and Gysbert Tunis, baptized December 5, 1668. Neeltje and Aeltje were baptized in Brooklyn, and the other children in New Amsterdam. The record of these children is given subsequently.

It has often been said that Tunis had other children but if so, no record of them could be found among the baptismal records of the Brooklyn, New Amsterdam and New Jersey churches, as well as some ten or twelve other parishes in lower New Netherland. This fact is noted in a letter (Appendix-K) written to the New York Historical Society, November 18, 1813 by Col. Peter D. Vroom at Raritan, New Jersey in which he refers to a record found among the papers of Col. Vroom's deceased father-in-law, Gysbert Bogaert (248) of Hillsborough, New Jersey who died in 1785 - the latter, a great grandson of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert. (Col. Vroom married Elsie, daughter of Gysbert Bogaert). This letter mentions five daughters of Tunis and ONE SON - Gysbert T. who was born at the Walabout, Brooklyn in 1668, and is the basis of proof commonly accepted by the family, and in accordance with the family record herein.

There are many versions - mostly speculation - as to his principal occupation. The economic standard of those times was not much above mere sustenance. Consequently, everything they possessed was the product of crude materials made by their own hands. They were primarily farmers, weavers, codwainers, coopers, lumbermen, carpenters, cabinet makers, ship builders, etc. - all trades that were essential to their existence. Others who had some education in Holland before coming here became public officials, magistrates and clerks in the employ of the Dutch West India Company, or were otherwise affiliated with the community. But all were obliged to do their share of arduous, physical work.

Some say that he was a farmer, an occupation that was common even among the gentry. Others, that he was a teacher, a surveyor, etc. - but if he had been a teacher as was supposed, his name does not appear among the schoolmasters and teachers in those communities. Undoubtedly he was a farmer, an occupation made necessary by the demands upon him as a breadwinner. His property was heavily wooded as was the hinterland on either side of the East River.

From the following account, he operated a saw mill. It seems that on August 29, 1662, he sued Captain Pieter Emilius of the ship *HOPE* for the price of three-hundred clapboards that were delivered on board, and paid for. The *HOPE* had a full cargo, but Captain Emilius repeatedly refused to accept them. "The testimony of the cooper showed that the timber had been unconditionally purchased, and Bogaert won his suit."

A number of documents were found among the early records of Bushwick and the Wallabout revealing his many activities and his prominence in the colony.

Judging from his signature he was of average intelligence for there were many settlers whose ability to write was limited to a crude mark of some sort which they affixed to documents of those times. A perusal of the records indicate that the great majority of schepens, schouts and other public officials appointed by the governors were men of at least fair education.

In 1668, Tunis was given power of attorney as noted in the following record in Albany:

> "Appeared before me, Johannes La Montagne, in the service of General Chartered West India Commission at Fort Orange, village of Beverwyck, Rem Jansen (Vanderbeek) who declared that he had constituted and appointed Tunis Gysbert Bogaert his attorney in the principal's name and on his behalf, to enter upon and to take possession of the principal's farm lying on Long Island near Manhattans, with the oxen, cows, horses and all its appurtenances which aforesaid

> farm is occupied by Hendrick Van Breeman promising to hold whatever the attorney shall do in the said matter from which aforesaid farm he binds his person and estate, real and personal, submitting the same to all accounts and judges."

This document is dated November 24, 1668 and was witnessed by Jan Barentsen and Johannes Provost.

The estate of Hans Hanszn Bergen, first husband of Sarah Rapalje, had not been settled by 1671 for in that year a judgement was brought against Tunis by the creditors of Bergen to recover "seven-hundred and eight and seventy guilders" which it was claimed that Bergen owed. This suit was brought long after Bergen' s death and his widow Sarah Rapalje had married Bogaert.

> "Whereas, the late Hans Hansen Bergen from Berghen, in Norway, is indebted in the book of the West India Company of Amsterdam, Holland, the sum of seven hundred and eight and seventy guilders; and whereas, the widow of aforesaid Hans Hansen (Bergen) has again married Theunis Guysberts Bogard which Theunis Guysberts Bogard hath offered to discharge the aforesaid debt, if he could satisfy it by paying in wampum value; yet, it being considered that it is an old debt not contracted by Theunis Guysberts Bogard but by his predecessor; and that debts of this nature have been paid both by the late Dutch government and in the time of Colonel Richard Nicolls, my predecessor, in wampum, two guilders for one; the same is permitted and allowed to the said Theunis Guysberts Bogard to Mr. Isaac Bedloo (after whom Bedloe's Island is named, and upon which stands the Statue of Liberty) in quantity as Commissioner, I do acknowledge to be satisfied as regards the aforesaid debt of the late Hans Hansen (Bergen) from Berghen in Norway, and all further claims against her by the said company."

The Sarah Rapalje silver spoon. Sarah's grandniece, Ann, married Pieter Luyster, son of Johannes Luyster, founder of the New Jersey family, who brought the spoon to Middletown in 1756. It bears the initials of Sarah, and the mark of Jacob Bolen, famous silversmith of New York. Recently the spoon was sold by the Luyster family in New Jersey.

This document is dated October 11, 1671 and was signed in New Amsterdam.

By 1673, Tunis Gysbert Bogaert was one of the most prosperous farmers in Long Island and consequently the largest taxpayer for many years as the early tax rolls show. Previous to this time, in 1661, he sold a part of the original Bergen tract to another prominent Dutch pioneer; Rem Janse Vanderbeek, his neighbor who married Jannetje, sister of Sarah Rapalje. In addition to his extensive property at the Wallabout, Bedford, Bushwick and a part of Brooklyn, his material wealth is listed on the tax rolls of 1675 as "five horses, Two oxen, and thirty-six head of cattle." His holdings may not have any particular significance, but today the same property comprising some four-hundred and fifty acres of land has an assessed valuation of several millions of dollars. Small parcels of this property, the history of which is discussed in a subsequent chapter, remained in possession of the family for several generations as late as 1880.

The military of the Dutch colony consisted of small detachments in each of the various settlements depending upon their location and size - especially if open to Indian attacks, and were under the direction of the Governor General. In 1662, Tunis was a member of the Bushwick Militia, and he served under Captain Ryck Lydecker for a number of years.

His wife, Sarah Rapalje died in Bushwick in 1685 at the age of sixty years. On November 11, 1687, Tunis married in New Amsterdam, Geertje Janse Langendyck, widow of Dirck Janszn Dey after whom Dey Street in New York is named. (Dey was a soldier in the employ of the Dutch West India Company, and came to this country from Amsterdam before December 28, 1641, on which date he married Jannetje Theunise of Amsterdam; she died, and Dey married Geertje Janse Langendyck, October 18, 1659 who came from St. Maarten, north of Aalkmar in the Province of North Holland). Tunis and his second wife had no children.

When or where Tunis died is not definitely known, but in

all probabilities, he died in New Amsterdam. In a deed of Isaac Remsen to his brother Jeremiah, dated March 27, 1704, it appears that "Bogaert was yet in possession of the property (Bushwick), they bounding their premises on the north by his lands." This would infer that Tunis was alive as late as 1704, but it is quite evident that the "Gysbert Bogaert" referred to was his son, Gysbert T. Bogaert for in the census of 1698 of New Amsterdam, Tunis stated that he had transferred the greater part of his property to his son Gysbert T., who at that time had five children and resided in Staten Island. In the same census, he was reported to have been living alone, and that his second wife Geertje Janse Langendyck had died, and that he "preferred to live the life of a recluse." This account, however, is not in accord with a baptismal record of the Dutch church in New Amsterdam dated December 1, 1699 at which time "Geertje Janse, house-wife of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert was a witness to the baptism of Cornelius Wynkoop, son of Benjamin Wynkoop and Femmetje Van der Heul."

The Brooklyn church records state that he was a witness to the baptism of Johannes, son of Theodorus Polhemus and Aertje Bogaert, daughter of Tunis, July 20, 1685; also to the baptism of his granddaughter Sarah, daughter of his son Gysbert T. Bogaert and Jennetje Symonson Van Aersdale, August, 24, 1690, The baptismal record of Cornelius Wynkoop in 1699, at which time his second wife Geertje Janse Langendyck was a witness, is the latest known record of him although the entry in the church record does not state that his wife was then a widow. Undoubtedly Tunis died in the later part of 1699 at the age of 74 years.

After his marriage to Sarah Rapalje, Tunis may have occupied Bergen's home for at that time he was step-father to Bergen's children, the eldest of whom was Anneken who was thirteen years of age, and the youngest, Catalyna who evidently was an infant. He was appointed a magistrate of Bushwick in 1664 which would indicate that he was a resident of that settlement, although not necessarily so, for he was also a

A chair that once belonged to Sarah Rapalje. It is now in the Museum of the City of New York.

magistrate of Amersvoort in 1660 and resided at the Wallabout. In a civil record of Bushwick dated 1667, he is referred to as "Teunis Gysbertsen Bogaert of said town of Bushwick." On March 7, 1665, he conveyed to David Joghensz, also of Bushwick, a house and lot adjoining Dirck Volkertson's and Jan Tellier's - indicating that he had removed to Bushwick.

According to the early maps, Bergen's house in 1669 was one of two formerly occupied, one known as the Pole's house the other, Hans Hansen Bergen's. In a court record of Bushwick in 1665, when Tunis was a magistrate of that settlement, it seems that a portion of his property was situated between the farms of Jan Tellier, and Aelbert and Dirck Noorman's. The approximate location of Bergen's home with reference to the map today, has been placed somewhere in the present block bounded by Kent Avenue, Keap, Wythe and Hooper Streets on the east side of Ronnegagonck Creek. The early maps of this section show the Rapalje property and the location of his home on the west side of the creek. This stream originally extended from the Wallabout or Walloons Bay in a south-south-easterly direction, its source probably having been in the vicinity of the present Tompkins Park or the highlands of Fort Greene Park; although the creek has long since disappeared and has been filled in, it formed the boundary line between Rapalje's, Bogaert's and Vanderbeek's farms - Rapalje's having been where the U. S. Marine Hospital now stands.

The several settlements which now comprise the present Borough of Brooklyn had burying grounds adjacent to the Dutch churches as was the custom. Tunis, therefore, may have been buried in Bushwick; however, the oldest tombstone in that churchyard which has completely disappeared in the course of time was one dated, 1769. If he had been buried in the old Wallabout Cemetery, his remains may have been reinterred with a thousand others who were removed to Green Wood Cemetery in Brooklyn when the burial ground was established in 1840. A marble slab in Green Wood marks the

resting place of those who had formerly reposed at the Wall-about. If he had been buried there, it is quite possible that he was among those who were removed to Green Wood, although there is no inscription on the tablet, and no mention of those who lie beneath it.

While Tunis transferred the greater part of his property to his son, Gysbert T. Bogaert, there is no record or mention of the Bogaert homestead, or of its disposition for in 1699, his son was living with his family in Staten Island. If he had left a will, it was not recorded as none has ever been found in scores of historical archives including the New York State Library at Albany, the Hall of Records in New York and Brooklyn, and other possible repositories.

On April 24, 1660, he was appointed by Gov. Stuyvesant, a schepen (magistrate) of Amersvoort and Midwout; and on March 19, 1663, he was appointed a schepen of Brooklyn Village, succeeding his father-in-law Joris Janszn Rapalje, serving in that capacity until 1673. On February 27, 1664, representing Brooklyn, he was one of four delegates to the Convention of Magistrates on Long Island. He was one of the signers of a remonstrance to the central authority in New Amsterdam in 1665 when a petition was presented to Gov. Stuyvesant regarding the John Scott raids on Long Island. Also in 1665, while a magistrate, he represented Brooklyn at the famous Hempstead Convention called by Gov. Nicolls. He was on Gov. Nicolls' patent of Brooklyn in 1664, and on Gov. Dongan's confirmatory patent of Brooklyn in 1686. On March 26, 1674, he was a member of the convention called by Gov. Colve to consult with him in New Amsterdam regarding the best interests of the colony.

His association with the first Dutch Reformed Church of Brooklyn in 1660 is of special interest to us for he served the church for many years, and it was here that many of our family were baptized. A brief account of the Brooklyn church, the John Scott raids and the Hempstead Convention is given subsequently.

The court records of Bushwick are replete with interesting accounts of civil cases under his jurisdiction.

Bushwick and The Wallabout

That area which later became the Borough of Brooklyn was composed of several settlements whose grants or charters were issued by the Dutch director-generals.

The names of the various settlements were descriptive of their geographic location. Others were named after towns in Holland. Flatbush, then known as Middlewout meaning "middle woods", was settled in 1655. Flatlands, called Amersvoort, and settled in 1654, was named after the town of similar name in Holland, as was Bruckelen village settled in 1646. Maspeth derived its name from the Indians, which they called "mespatches." New Lots was known as Ostwout or "east woods." New Utrecht, named after the Dutch city, was settled in 1661.

That part of Brooklyn now occupied by the U. S. Navy Yard and the Marine Hospital, was called by the Dutch, "Walleboght," situated on Waloons Bay. There are several interpretations of the word which is usually described as, "at the bend of the river, beach or cove." Bushwick, settled in 1660, was known as Boswyck, or the town of the woods." In 1667, the population of Brooklyn village was 171; Flatbush, 148; Flatlands, 53, and Bushwick, 85 - which in all cases included a few negro slaves.

We are, however, particularly interested in the Wallabout and Bushwick for it was here that Rapalje and his son-in-law, Bergen settled, and later, Tunis Gysbert Bogaert whose property was located in these settlements. There are today, streets in

Brooklyn bearing these three family names. The Wallabout and Bushwick finally merged and became what is now Williamsburgh which was annexed to the City of Brooklyn in 1855. All that remains of the Wallabout is a comparatively small section that skirts the Brooklyn Navy Yard and the Marine Hospital, the latter being the site of the Rapalje homestead farm.

Although he lived on Manhattan Island at the time, Rapalje purchased his farm at the Wallabout in 1637. The following year, Governor Van Twiller bought from the Dutch West India Company, the property adjoining Rapalje's farm extending from the Ronnegagonck Creek to Newtown Creek in Greenpoint and the inland swamps of "mespatches," and that of Rapalje's son-in-law, Bergen. The water frontage on Bergen's and Rapalje's property extended from Wallabout Creek (Ronnegagonck) to a line of the present Division Street; and Governor Van Twiller's from Division Street to Newtown Creek which is now the boundary between Long Island City, then known as Dutch Kills - and Greenpoint.

At the time of Rapalje's purchase at the Wallabout, the land speculators began to look upon Long Island as a desirable field. The Governor made haste to secure for himself the land called Pagganck lying close to the Long Island shore south of Fort Amsterdam. The island was thickly covered with nut trees which the Dutch called Nooten or Nutten Island. In due time this became known as the "governor's island" hence Governors Island by which it is known today. Sarah Rapalje, when a child, was said to have been ferried across in a tub between Governors Island and Brooklyn.

Bushwick was bounded on the north and east by Newtown Creek;on the south by a part of Bedford and Brooklyn Village, and on the west by Walloons Bay. Though scattered families may have located there as early as the adjacent towns, there is no evidence of any attempt to lay out a regular settlement or to organize a town until 1660, nor is it known that the town ever received a patent from the Dutch government. However,the town records of Bushwick began in 1660, when Governor Pieter

Early Dutch settlements of Brooklyn

Stuyvesant issued the following decree.

February 14, 1660, Pieter Stuyvesant, Director General and his High Council of New Amsterdam, decreed that the outside people, who in a measure reside far and wide from one another, must unite in removing their dwelling places into the towns that are nearest, because there was war with the Indians who had killed several of the Netherland people.

On the 16th of said month, fourteen Frenchmen, with a Dutchman named Pieter Jansz Widt (De Witt), their interpreter, as the aforesaid Frenchmen understood no Dutch, approached the Lord General and besought him to found a town in some suitable place, whereupon the Lord General gave them answer that he would agree thereto and would come to them on the 19th, if possible.

Accordingly, on the 19th, the Lord General, the Lord Fiscal, Nicholas De Sille, and the Lord Secretary, Van Ruyven, with the sworn surveyor, Jacques Corleau, (Cortelyou) came to Mispat (Maspeth) and fixed upon a place between Mispat Kill and Noormans Kill, to found a town, and laid out 22 lots upon which houses were to be built. Thereupon, Evert Hegeman, having erected the first house, came on March 7th with his family to live in said house, which stood between Willem Traphagen's and Koert Mourit's, situated near the pond. And other persons came also from time to time. And when on March 14, 1661, the Lord General came to the town newly founded, the people besought the Lord General to give the town a name, whereupon he gave it the name of -

BUSHWICK

Then the people made the following requests;
First; Pasture land for their cattle, and how far it should extend, namely, at the east side of Smit's island, sou-

therly to the hills, then west along the aforesaid hills to the heights of Merck's plantation, and from the hills northerly to Merck's plantation, and thence from the aforesaid Merck's plantation to Boswyck, being four cornered.

Second; To have some meadows to mow hay for their cattle, according to the right of the land.

Third; To have four outlets, that they might reach the rivers and kills; namely, one road between Hendrick Willemsz Backer's and Jan Cornelius Zeeuw's land; the second over Dirck Volkers Noorman's land, which is called the Wood Point: thirdly, one over Steendam's land, to come to Mispat Kill; and the fourth over Aelbert, the Noorman's land, to bring home hay and other things.

Fourth; That all those who are within the jurisdiction of Boswyck but live outside the town and who already have house lots, must come to live within the aforesaid town, according to the Lord General's order.

Fifth; This is signed by the people, namely:

Pieter Jansz De Witt	Franciska, the Negro
Evert Hegeman	Pieter Lamoth
Jan Willemsz Yselstein	Charel Fontein
Jan Tilje (Tellier)	Herry
Ryck Leydecker	Jan Catjouw
Hendrick Willemsen	Jan Mailjaert
Barent Gerritsen	Hendrick Jansz Grever
Jan Hendricksz	Gysbert Tonissz (Tunis Gysbert Bogaert)
Jan Cornelisz Zeeuw	
Barent Joosten	Joost Caspersz
Francois De Puy	Willem Traphagen
Johannes Caspertsz	Dirck Volckertsz

That no one, whosoever he might be, who has or makes his residence outside of the town, should be permitted

or allowed to continue residing there. On the same date, the Lord General enjoined them to choose six men, three of whom to be magistrates over the people of the town of Boswyck. On the 25th instant (1661) the people selected six men, as follows:

Ryck Leydecker
Jan Cornelius Zeeuw
Jan Tilje, (Tellier), a Frenchman
Jan Catjouw
Gysbert Tonissz (Tunis Gysbert Bogaert)
Pieter Jansz De Witt

The Director General and Council of New Netherland; To all those who shall see or hear these presents read-

GREETINGS – This is to inform you that for the further advancement and prosperity of the newly established town of Boswyck and for the more convenient administration of justice they have deemed it needful to establish in the aforesaid town a subordinate bench of justice, which shall provisionally be composed of the three following commissaries, namely -

Pieter Jansz De Witt
Jan Tilje (Tellier)
Jan Cornelius Zeeuw

On March 1, 1660, Aert T. Middagh, Tunis Gysbert Bogaert, Joris Jansen Rapalje, Jean Lequier, Jacobus Kip and others, petitioned the governor for permission to plant a village at the Wallabout on the East River opposite Manhattas between the property of Bogaert and Kip. At the time, Bogaert possessed the lands patented to Hans Hansen Bergen, the location of which was on the line between the elevated point of land which jutted out from the land of Jacob Kip, adjoining the Bergen patent. Kip had been secretary of New Amsterdam and was an influential and enterprising man of the colony. It was, no doubt, his desire to improve his own real estate by securing the establishment of a village there, and

his influence with the authorities was such that permission was granted to erect a block-house, whereupon the settlers were directed by the Governor General to move thither.

The residents of the Wallabout and vicinity were notified on February 10, 1661 that they must comply with the Governor's order against isolated dwellings, and that they must move for greater safety to the village erected during the previous year on Kip's land before the 15th of the following month. To this they demurred and requested permission to construct a block house for their defense on the point of Rapalje's property known as the "kickout" from where a sweeping view of the East River, Manhattan and Governors Island could be had.

As a result of this decree, the inhabitants of the Wallabout were ordered to appear at the next meeting of the Council in New Amsterdam, together with Jacob Kip and Christian Cappoens, "to be heard pro and con." On March 3rd. 1661 the same residents, all land owners, in and about the Wallabout set forth their petition -

"Sometime ago," it began, "in March, 1660, on petition of Jacob Kip and others, it had been decreed that a village and block-house should be laid out on the height at the end of said Kip's land, and they had been ordered to remove thither." To this they objected strenuously, averring, "as the place is wholly unfit for the purpose, partly because the woodland thereat being stony, is not suitable for arable land - - - moreover, in consequence of the uncommon height of the land there, it is impossible to find good and sufficient water to make a well. Jan De Kalper's well is a good example of this. It adjoins his house in the valley, and the people must descend into it by means of ladders, and then scoop the water in a bowl, which nevertheless does not suffice to supply two families who are dwelling there at present. The streams in the neighborhood are mostly dried up in summer, and during the winter season, the roads are very bad and hard,pointed by the frost or deep snow, and muddy in heavy rains, or well nigh impassable from snow that when people wish to water their

cattle, they were obliged to fetch water in barrels from Tunis Gysbert Bogaert's well, which is most fatiguing and injurious for farmers."

This they said was drudgery which the petitioners saw daily performed by their neighbors with "weeping eye." In spite of their protestations to build the block house anywhere but on the land of Rapalje, which they considered a much more favorable place for the purpose, their arguments fell upon deaf ears, and the desires of Jacob Kip prevailed. Governor Stuyvesant then ordered the petitioners to remove to the hamlet on the elevation at the end of Jacob Kip's land as expressed in their petition, and according to the authorities - "there was plenty of water in the well of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert not far distant."

When Governor Nicolls succeeded Pieter Stuyvesant in the Dutch colony which was then under English rule, he prepared a statement to be delivered to Evert Hegeman and Pieter Jansz De Witt of Bushwick, that was read to the congregation of the church (who met for services in the homes of the people), December 26, 1665, as follows:

"Beloved and honorable good friends, - before this time our order has been known to you, that the honorable ministers of this place in turn, will preach to your people until you are able to maintain a ministry yourselves. By order presented to you, you are required to raise the sum of 175 guilders as your proportion of the salary; but in consideration of the trouble in your town, we have deemed it proper under the circumstances, to reduce the sum of 175 guilders to 100 guilders, which we deem reasonable and against which no reasonable complaint can exist, and ought to be satisfactory; which last sum we deemed for the minister's salary; therefore, we expect that measures will be adopted to collect same promptly to this order; and to ensure the same promptly, we have deemed it proper to appoint Evert Hegeman and Pieter Jansz De Witt, giving them full power and authority to assess and collect that sum, having regard to the conditions and circumstances

of the people, and to decide what each of them shall pay, which the said persons shall collect or cause to be collected, that is 100 guilders in three installments and pay the same over to us; first, on the last day of December next; the second, on the last day of April next; and the third on the last day of August ensuing'."

"The persons named have been obliged to pay Evert Hegeman and Pieter Jansz De Witt, compelled collectors, for the minister's salary, the sum set opposite their respective names, which was assessed upon their owned lands'." Then follows the names of 26 persons who paid the sum of 100 guilders for the minister's salary.

"This odious tax appears to have been levied and collected until the colony was retaken by the Dutch in 1673. The name of the minister who preached the sermon at the home of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert, December 27, 1665 is not mentioned in the record nor does it state whether they were Dutch, English or French from whom this tribute was levied'."

The translation further adds, in a note, "From the year 1660 until the Dutch church was built in Bushwick, the people of the town were connected with the Brooklyn parish - and Governor Nicolls knew it'." According to Prime, there is no evidence of the organization of a church, or the erection of a house of worship in Bushwick until the commencement of the 18th century.

The boundary line between Bushwick and Maspeth remained a long-disputed claim and it was not until 1684 that the matter was settled.

In 1669, Captain James Hubbard of Gravesend (Brooklyn) made a survey of the disputed land, the draft of which is still preserved. It is a description of Maspeth Kills, "soe fore as to point out ye setuation of ye place, for some further information of two houses formerly inhabited, ye one by Hans ye Boer (Hans Hansen Bergen, the farmer) ye other called the Pole's house'." To settle the dispute between Newtown (Elmhurst) and Bushwick, Governor Lovelace appointed Thomas

Delavall, Mathias Nicolls, James Hubbard, Jacques Cortelyou, Elbert Elbertsen and Elias Daughty as commissioners who made a report June 28, 1672, which was approved by Governor Dongan and Council, April 28, 1684, wherein the following boundaries were established.

"Beginning from Scudder's Pond, next to the fence of Hendrick Barent Smith's, and stretching with a south-south-east line to the hills and so along said hills about thirty rods abutting to the limits of Brookland; beginning again from the hills with a north-west line to a nut tree markt and standing in the small bushes and from said tree with a right line between Tunis Gisbert (Bogaert) formerly Hans Hansen Bergen's land and Jacob Kipp's to the East River and alongside River, Noorman's Creek, and further to Noorman's Corner and David Yokman's Corner, stretching by the East River along to the corner of Maspeth Kill, and so along to the depth of said kill to Scudder's Pond, over the Creek to Hendrick Barent Smith's aforesaid." Governor Dongan granted Bushwick a patent in in February 1686.

Excerpts From Bushwick Court Records

The Court Records of Bushwick are replete with interesting accounts of civil cases under the jurisdiction of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert as schepen. The following items were obtained from translations of the original court minutes in the Hall of Records, Brooklyn, and are representative of the times. Here again is evidence of the variation in the spelling and the abreviation of proper names.

February 12, 1663 – "Dispute between Jan Cornelius Zeeuw and Dirck Wolckersz (Volkertson); recited dispute between these two persons which the tribunal of Bushwick has considered and referred to three arbitrators, viz- Pieter Jans De-Witt, Tunis Gysbert Bogaert and Barent Joosten who brought the parties into agreement concerning the beating which Jan Cornelius Zeeuw gave the daughter of Dirck Volkertsz's wife named Rachel and also the slandering of Jan Cornelius Zeeuw by Dirck Volkertsz's wife."

April 5, 1663 – "Commission by Director General and Council to Teunison Gysbert Bogaert and Barent Joosten as Commissioners of the Town of Boswyck."

October 29, 1663 – "Address by Governor Pieter Stuyvesant-Honorable beloved Subjects from the Town of Boswyck. This commands them that in view of the very dangerous condition of the country in regard to the strife with the Esopus Indians and also in reference to the trouble with the neighbors much to be feared, the schout, burgomasters and schepens of this city have besought that delegates be called together in form of a congress to discuss and treat with one another, to send delegates to New Amsterdam on Thursday next which is the first day of the coming of November with proper credentials. Done at Fort Amsterdam, October 29, 1663. C.V. Ruyven, Secretary. The delegates chosen were Ryck Lydecker and Tunis Gysbert Bogaert, with full power to act."

November 2, 1663 – "Meeting of General Congress. The delegates from the Town of Boswyck appeared at General Congress in New Amsterdam on the proposition presented by the delegates of said city; Ryck Leydecker, Tunis Gysbert Bogaert, Schepens of Boswyck."

January 1, 1664 – "Acknowledgement of debt. Appeared before Gysbert Tonis (Tunis Gysbert Bogaert) and Barent Joosten, Schepens of Boswyck, Willem Traphagen of said town, acknowledges for himself and his descendants that he was indebted to Hendrick Willem Backer living in Manhattans, for

15 schepels of wheat. Signed by Willem Traphagen, Gysbert Tonis Bogaert (Tunis Gysbert Bogaert) and Barent Joosten."

January 4, 1664 – "Court Meeting held at the house of Willem Traphagen of Boswyck, was summoned to make payment for certain fines which his wife has incurred for killing a pig belonging to Jan Willem Ysselstyne, also called Jan of Leyden, and for other abusive language uttered on August 11, 1662 last when Ryck Leydecker, as Senior Commissioner of Boswyck demanded fines amounting to 13 guilders as appeared by the tribunal book of the Town of Boswyck, which sum Pieter Jans de Witt, as schout at that time when the matter came up, surrendered to the Town. Leydecker summoned his associates at Barent Gerrit's, as Poor Master, as witness. The alleged uttered at the home of Evert Hegeman and in his presence and that of Claes Wolf. Dated January 5, 1664, signed by Tunis Gysbert Bogaert, Barent Gerrits, Barent Joosten, - B. Manout, Secretary."

January 12, 1664 – "Koert Mouris Van Hoesen of Boswyck, acknowledges before Tonis Gysberts (Bogart) and Barent Joosten, Schepens, a debt to the worthy Province, Pieter Jans de Witt, also a resident of Boswyck in the sum of 400 guilders in sewan payable in good marketable barley, within two weeks, which debt arising from the purchase of young draught oxen which said Mouris (Van Hoesen) received from said De Witt."

June 13, 1664 – "Purchase of Land by Pieter Jansz De Witt from Davit Joghensz, March 7, 1665 by authority to said Joghensz dated June 13,. 1664. Signed before Teunisz (Gysbert) Bogaert and Barent Joosten. Said premises were occupied by Jan Mailaart, a Frenchman and adjoins land of Andries Boarems."

June 31, 1664 – "Inventory of Jan Mailaart's estate as sold by Davit Joghensz. Among the creditors of estate was Teunis (Gysbert) Bogaert. Paid January 1680."

March 7, 1665 – "Conveyance. Appeared before the Schepen

of Boswyck, Teunisz (Gysbert) Bogaert who declared that by virtue of his principal of date, June 13, 1664, he conveys to Davit Joghensz also of Boswyck, a house and lot adjoining Dirck Volkertszn and Jan Tellier."

March 7, 1665 – "Conveyance. Appeared before the Schepen of Boswyck, Davit Joghensz of Boswyck who declared that by virtue of his principal he has conveyed to Jan Tellier lands situate between the land of Teunisz Gysberts (Bogaert) and Albert the Noorman and Dirck the Noorman's house and lot, all by virtue of a deed granted May 30, 1650, together with all right which the deceased grantor, Jan Mailaart had owned. Witnesses, said Schepens Tunis Gysbert Bogaert and Barent Joosten in Boswyck, dated March 7, 1665. Inventory, April 29, 1664 by Commissioners, Tunisz Gysberts Bogaert and Barent Joosten."

May 4, 1665 – "Order that the Old Fence Viewers be retired and Theunisz Gysberts Bogaert and Dirck Volkertszn were appointed as their successors."

January 2, 1667 – "Acknowledgement by Davit Jochems (Joghensz) that he had taken possession of the land of Jan Mailaart which Jan Tellier residing in Boswyck bought, July 4, 1664. Said Jan had agreed with Theunisz Gysbertsen Bogaert also of said Town of Boswyck on payment of same.

April 4, 1667 – "Election of Barent Gerritsen for Constuble and Gysberts Tonnis (Tunis Gysbert) Bogaert, Harmen Steppe, Joost Cockhuyt (Cronkite) and Koert Morits (Van Hoesen) for Magistrates on April 4, 1667."

Facsimilie of signature of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert

CHAPTER IV

Dutch Reformed Church of Brooklyn – John Schot (Scott) Raids – Hempstead Convention – Governor Nicolls' Patent of Brooklyn – Governor Dongan's Patent of Brooklyn

Among the many historical documents and records of the Dutch colony which still exist, scattered as they are between New York and Albany in countless archives too numerous to mention, are several of special significance in which the family is mentioned.

Before discussing these events it may be well to point out that in a number of these documents, the name of Tunis was either transposed or his surname was omitted, due to scribes and clerks who took such liberties in writing proper names. This is noted particularly in the Nicolls and Dongan patents of Brooklyn and Bushwick, in which documents he is mentioned. In the Stuyvesant grant to him and Aert T. Middagh in 1654, his name appears three times, in full in one place and in others it appears as Teunis Gysberts.

In the Nicolls patents of Bushwick and Brooklyn, dated 1667, it appears as Teunis Guysberts, and in the personal confirmatory patent issued to him by Governor Nicolls, covering the original Bergen property, dated April 5, 1667,his name appears twice in the document as Teunis Guysberts; likewise in the Dongan patents of Brooklyn and Bushwick, dated 1686, his name appears three times, once in full, and twice as Teunis Guysberts - yet the person and the property referred to in all of these documents is the same.

His prominence in Bushwick, in Brooklyn and the Wallabout; in the church and in public life; his relationship to other prominent pioneer families - and the fact that he was

one of the largest taxpayers and a prosperous farmer, precludes any possibility that he could have been of the Teunison or Guysbertson families who also were numbered among the Dutch families in those communities.

Dutch Reformed Church of Brooklyn

For many years succeeding the Dutch settlement of New Netherland, the settlers on western Long Island were dependent upon New Amsterdam for all civil and religious privileges. This state of things with all its inconveniences lasted until 1654, when the first Dutch church was built on Long Island at Midwout, now Flatbush. The governor designated Dominie Megapolensis of New Amsterdam, Jan Snediker, and Jan Strycker of Flatbush, commissioners, to superintend the erection of a church edifice.

The Flatbush parish, like that of New Amsterdam was closely associated with the Dutch government wherein was centered the jurisdiction and administration of the various settlements. While religious freedom was one of the principles of the new colony, the state kept a watchful eye on the clergy and the affairs of the church. Whether this authority assumed the proportions of political power, we do not know, but the record shows that the Dutch government, through the West India Company, exercised restraint over the parishes within its jurisdiction in no uncertain manner.

On October 13, 1654, the governor issued a permit to the Rev. Johannes Theodorus Polhemus to preach at Flatbush, although no church had been built there - where he conducted services in a barn. In February, 1655, at the request of the people of Flatbush, an order was issued to the inhabitants of

The Brooklyn Dutch Church, built in 1666 and rebuilt in 1766 as shown above. It stood in Fulton Street near Smith Street, Borough Hall, Brooklyn. Pen drawing by John A. Bogart Jr., from an old wood-cut.

Brooklyn and Flatlands to "assist in cutting and hauling logs of wood for the church" at Flatbush. The Brooklyn people, while they expressed their willingness to aid in the erection of the church itself, objected to working on the minister's house which it was proposed to add thereto, saying that the Flatbush folks were able to do it themselves. They were finally obliged to conform to the governor's order, and the church was built in the form of a cross, 28 feet wide, and 60 feet long, costing 4,637 guilders. Dominie Polhemus who had previously been a missionary in Brazil, was immediately installed at Flatbush - with his wife and several children, the eldest of whom was Theodorus, born in Brazil, who married Aertje, the first child and daughter of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert and Sarah Rapalje.

About the time the Flatbush church was organized, a parish was also organized in Flatlands on February 9, 1654. Dominie Polhemus preached every Sunday morning at Flatbush, and in the afternoons, at Flatlands and at Brooklyn alternately.

Meanwhile, the people of Brooklyn, in view of the bad roads to Flatbush, and the inability of Dominie Polhemus, "on account of his age and infirmity, to bestow any considerable portion of his labors upon us" had petitioned the governor and council for permission to have a resident minister of their own. The application was favorably regarded - and Rev. Hendrick Selyns was formally installed at the Brooklyn church, September 7, 1660. Dominie Polhemus sent the new incumbent a list of church members residing in the vicinity, numbering in all twenty-seven persons including an elder and two deacons, Joris Dirkson Brinkerhoff, William Brendernent, and Pieter Monfoort, respectively." The Brooklyn church up to that time was only a parish, but in the year 1666, the first church edifice in Brooklyn village was erected.

As the congregation was small, the people petitioned Governor Stuyvesant for assistance in meeting the minister's salary. The governor agreed to contribute personally, two-hundred and fifty guilders provided that Selyns would preach

a sermon on Sunday afternoons at his "Bouwery" in Manhattan. Under this agreement, Dominie Selyns thereafter preached at the Bouwery which was a stopping place and pleasure ground for Manhattanites.

After Selyns' installation at Brooklyn, Dominie Polhemus confined his sermons to Flatbush and Flatlands. Under Selyns' administration, the Brooklyn church increased in 1661 to fifty-two communicants, many of whom were admitted on certificates from New Amsterdam, and others from churches in the Fatherland. Selyns returned to Holland in 1664, at which time Dominie Polhemus again became pastor of the Brooklyn church until his death in 1676.

The Brooklyn church stood in the middle of the road as was the custom in those days, running from the East River to Jamaica Bay, in what is now Fulton Street, not far from Smith Street, near Borough Hall. Tradition says it was built on the walls of a small stone fort constructed in the early days of the settlement for protection against Indian attacks. The church remained in existence for a century when it was demolished in 1766, and a new one built.

Joris Jansen Rapalje and Tunis Gysbert Bogaert were members of this parish prior to the time Selyns became pastor. In the records of the church, dated March 12, 1660, we find these notes: "List of Church Members of Brukelen - Tunis Gysbert Bogaert" (among others) and, "Residing at the Wall-about - Rem Jansen Vanderbeek, Joris Jansen Rapalje and his wife, Catalyna Trico, Teunis Gysberts Bogaert, and Sarah Rapalje, his wife."

On February 21, 1663, Joris Jansen Rapalje died at an election of church officers. He had served as deacon, having been elected to that office in 1661. Upon the death of Rapalje, William Brendenbent was continued elder for one year, and Teunis Jansen Coevers (Covert) was elected elder. On February 28, 1663, Willem Garretson Van Couwenhoven and Tunis Gysbert Bogaert were elected deacons; and on February 27, 1664, Tunis Gysbert Bogaert and Teunis Jansen Coevers

were elected elders, Tunis Gysbert Bogaert having served until May, 1670. Among those in a catechism class of November 27, 1662, were Catalyna and Aertje, daughters of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert. Aertje, married Theodorus Polhemus, son of Dominie Polhemus.

The Huguenots, from whom many fine families in this country are descended, were a group of French Protestants who, during the 17th Century, fled religious persecution and went to England, Holland, and Belgium. Many of them settled in New England and New Netherland. Schoonrewoerd and nearby towns were predominently Catholic, and the immediate family of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert embraced the Catholic faith. Rapalje and his wife, Catalyna Trico were members of this sect before coming here, but they became members of the Dutch Reformed Church in New Amsterdam and later, the Brooklyn Church. The children of Tunis as well as those of Sarah Rapalje and her first husband, Hans Hansen Bergen, were also baptized in the Dutch Reformed Church.

The John Schot (Scott) Raids on Long Island

"Early in 1664, Captain John Scott, an adventurer, acting upon the quasi authority of the Duke of York, visited the discontented English villages on Long Island, stimulated them to the formation of a distinct and independent government of which he was declared the temporary president, and proclaimed Charles II as their King. Having made this fair beginning he set out with about 150 followers, horse and a foot, to subjugate the neighboring towns. At this time Eastern Long Island was populated mostly by Englishmen who had come down from Massachusetts and settled at various points on the north

shore and in the center part of the Island."

"Coming first to Brooklyn, he raised the English flag and addressed the citizens affirming that the soil they occupied belonged to the King of England, and absolving them from their allegiance to the Dutch government. But this appeal fell dead upon the ears of the listening crowd, and the only response made was a courteous invitation from Secretary Van Ruyven of New Amsterdam, to visit and confer with the Governor General."

This, Scott declined to do, saying, "let Stuyvesant come here with a hundred men, and I shall wait for him and run a sword through his body." Turning to a lad nearby, the son of Burgomaster Kryger, he commanded him to doff his cap to the royal standard. Upon the boy's refusal to do so, he struck him, whereupon one of the Dutch bystanders remarked, "he ought to strike men not boys." This speech provoked the ire of Scott's followers, four of whom fell upon the man who finally was obliged to flee after making a brief resistance with an axe. The English thereupon left, threatening to burn the town if he was not freed.

Passing to Midwout, Scott repeated the scene of Brooklyn; but the stolid Dutchmen alike unmoved by his seductions and his threats merely asked to see his credentials, which he promised to produce upon his return in April. "The next day the farce was repeated at Amersvoort and New Utrecht, where those who refused to salute the English flag were set upon and maltreated."

"Collusions and disturbances continued between the English and the Dutch when the populace demanded that an end be put to such affronteries." A petition had been signed by sixteen representatives of the several Dutch towns on Long Island, among them Tunis Gysbert Bogaert, who at that time was a magistrate of the village of Brooklyn. Others were dispatched to Governor Stuyvesant in New Amsterdam, whereupon a commission was sent to Long Island to seek a settlement of the trouble. A meeting was called between the two parties

at Jamaica, September 5, 1664 where a basis of agreement between them was accepted. "Although Scott had informed the Dutchmen that the King of England had granted Long Island to his brother, the Duke of York, he was determined to possess himself of it, and also the whole province of New Netherland."

A meeting of the delegates was called by Stuyvesant for the purpose of making a proper presentation to the States General and the Dutch West India Company in Holland of their trials and dangers. This commission was composed of Willem Brendenbent, Aelbert Cornelius Wantneer and Tunis Gysbert Bogaert who represented Brooklyn.

The full text of this petition is given in Appendix - H.

The Hempstead Convention

In the early part of 1664, startling rumors began to circulate about a threatened invasion by the British.

Pieter Stuyvesant's rule, as troublesome as it was in some respects, brought a marked improvement in the government of New Netherland. After a duration of seventeen years, Stuyvesant's administration was brought to a violent and untimely end. Shortly after the restoration of Charles II, that monarch by Royal Charter - "the most despotic instrument recorded in the colonial archives of England" - - conveyed to his brother, the Duke of York, a vast tract of American land including on the east, the country between the St. Croix and the Pemaquid, and on the west, the tract between the Connecticut and the Delaware Rivers, with all adjacent islands, thus completely obliterating the Dutch ownership of New Netherland.

On the 28th of August, 1664, without warning to the Dutch

of approaching hostilities, the English fleet of four vessels came to anchor in Gravesend Bay. Aboard were five-hundred soldiers and Richard Nicolls who was appointed by the Duke of York to be Deputy Governor of the conquered province. Stuyvesant was eventually forced to surrender, and the province went under British rule.

The Dutch people in the city of New Amsterdam and on the western shore of Long Island, exhibited little inclination to resist the demand or to aid their governor in defense of Fort Amsterdam at the Battery. But the people soon found that they gained little by the exchange of masters in regard to civil rights or religious liberty. The English governor, Nicolls, early assumed the power which had been exercised by his Dutch predecessors in ecclesiastical matters, notwithstanding, it was provided that the Dutch here shall enjoy the liberty of their conscience in divine worship and church dicipline.

This, of course pleased the people very much, but there were other considerations just as dear to their hearts, and that was "a representative government which Nicolls provided. Most of the improvements instigated by him were of a legislative nature making for greater freedom of the people and their direct participation in assemblage convened for their betterment."

Among Nicolls' first administrative acts was the appointment of a mayor, alderman and sheriff to replace the Dutch burgomaster, schepen and schout. For the first time, all of the settlements on Long Island were under one head. Connecticut gave up her claim to the eastern towns which did not suit them anyway. The laws and constitution of Connecticut were far more to their liking than those of the royal provinces like New York, and for many years whenever dissatisfied, they threatened to join her.

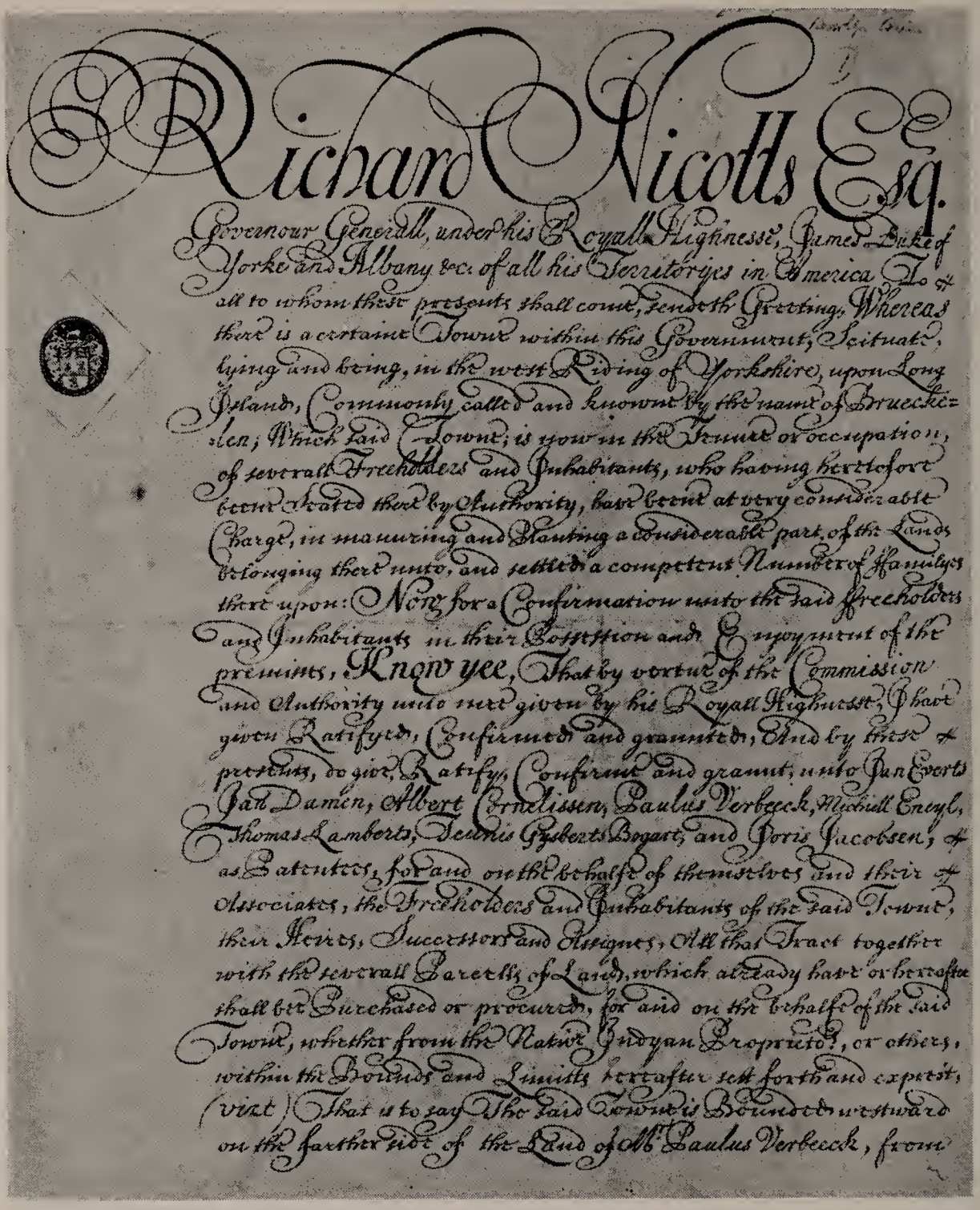
"Of course if the settlements were to come under one head, their laws must be uniform so Governor Nicolls, quick to realize this, sent a letter down the Island in February, 1665

asking the principal towns to send delegates - two each - to a meeting that was the beginning of representative government in the United States, to be held in Hempstead." Tunis Gysbert Bogaert was one of the delegates from Brooklyn. When the convention gathered, February 28th in the meeting house inside the stockade, there were delegates from sixteen towns, namely, New Utrecht, Gravesend, Flatlands, Flatbush, Bushwick, Brooklyn and Newtown; also Hempstead, Oyster Bay, Huntington, Brookhaven, Southhold, Southhampton, East Hampton Jamaica and Flushing. This was the famous Hempstead Convention.

A code of laws called the Duke's Laws was presented to the delegates. After hearing the code read, the delegates expressed themselves well pleased and satisfied with the "liberal views and intentions of His Royal Highness, the Duke of York and His Majesty the King, toward their subjects." Indeed, they went further and drew up an address to be sent to Their Majesty expressing their gratitude and loyalty.

"Back home they came, each bearing a copy of the Duke's Laws. After hearing them read to the townsfolks, they did not hesitate to say what they thought of them! This new code introduced many new things, but not one word was said about the subject nearest to their hearts - representative government - which included a general assembly. Where was the promise made to them before the surrender of the colony that they should enjoy all privileges as His Majesty's other subjects in America, the most important of which was a share in making the laws by which they were to be governed? "Why were the delegates so satisfied when such vital questions had been ignored by those who framed the Duke's Laws?"

"As for the letter written by the delegates to the Duke of York and the King - they had taken a good deal upon themselves, indeed, when they promised so much - and in such weak language, too! In fact, the more they thought of it, the madder they grew; the delegate's ears must have burned for many months afterward, until Governor Nicolls announced that



Richard Nicolls Esq.

Governour Generall, under his Royall Highnesse, James Duke of Yorke and Albany &c. of all his Territoryes in America To all to whom these presents shall come, Sendeth Greeting, Whereas there is a certaine Towne within this Government, Scituate, lying and being, in the west Riding of Yorkshire, upon Long Island, Commonly called and knowne by the name of Bruecklen; Which said Towne, is now in the Tenure or occupation, of severall Freeholders and Inhabitants, who having heretofore beene Granted there by Authority, have beene at very considerable Charge, in manuring and Planting a considerable part of the Lands belonging thereunto, and settled a competent Number of Familyes there upon: Now for a Confirmation unto the said Freeholders and Inhabitants in their Possession and Enjoyment of the premises, Know yee, That by vertue of the Commission and Authority unto mee given by his Royall Highnesse, I have given Ratifyed, Confirmed and granted, And by these presents, do give, Ratify, Confirme and grant, unto Jan Everts Jan Damen, Albert Cornelissen, Paulus Verbeeck, Michill Eneyl, Thomas Lamberts, Dennis Gysberts Bogart, and Joris Jacobsen, as Patentees, for and on the behalfe of themselves and their Associates, the Freeholders and Inhabitants of the said Towne, their Heires, Successors and Assignes, All that Tract together with the severall Parcells of Land, which already have or hereafter shall be Purchased or procured, for and on the behalfe of the said Towne, whether from the Native Indyan Proprietors, or others, within the Bounds and Limitts hereafter sett forth and expres't, (viz't) That is to say The said Towne is Bounded westward on the farther side of the Land of Mr. Paulus Verbeeck, from

The first page of Governor Nicolls' patent of Brooklyn, dated 1667. See Appendix-E for full text. Courtesy of Huntington Library, San Marino, California.

whosoever thereafter should in any way detract or speak against the deputies signing the address to His Royal Majesty, should be bound over to the court to answer for slander."

The delegates brought back other news.

"Long Island, Staten Island and perhaps Westchester County were to be known as Yorkshire, and Yorkshire was to be divided. The towns of Suffolk County were to be the East Riding, Kings County, the West Riding, and the remainder of the Island, the North Riding. They were all English now, so the Dutch towns must change their names. For instance, Midwout would be Flatbush; Amersvoort, Jamaica and Bruckelen -- Brooklyn. Vlissengen was to be known as Flushing. Later, in 1693, the name of Long Island was legally changed to Nassau by act of the British government, and to this day, the name has never been officially changed.

By 1665, the settlements on Long Island were well established, and were rapidly expanding. Governor Nicolls was quick to recognize the necessity for concentrated control of these settlements, and the establishment of central authority.

Governor Nicolls' Patent of Brooklyn

Governor Nicolls made haste to incorporate the various villages on the western end of Long Island into a town, and henceforth called it the Town of Brooklyn. This was in 1667.

He also issued a decree instructing all freeholders and other property owners to bring in their maps, papers, deeds, conveyances, etc., covering their property, and he would examine them. This done, he proceded to issue confirmatory patents to the various Dutch towns and villages in the province, among them the settlements on Long Island, including Brook-

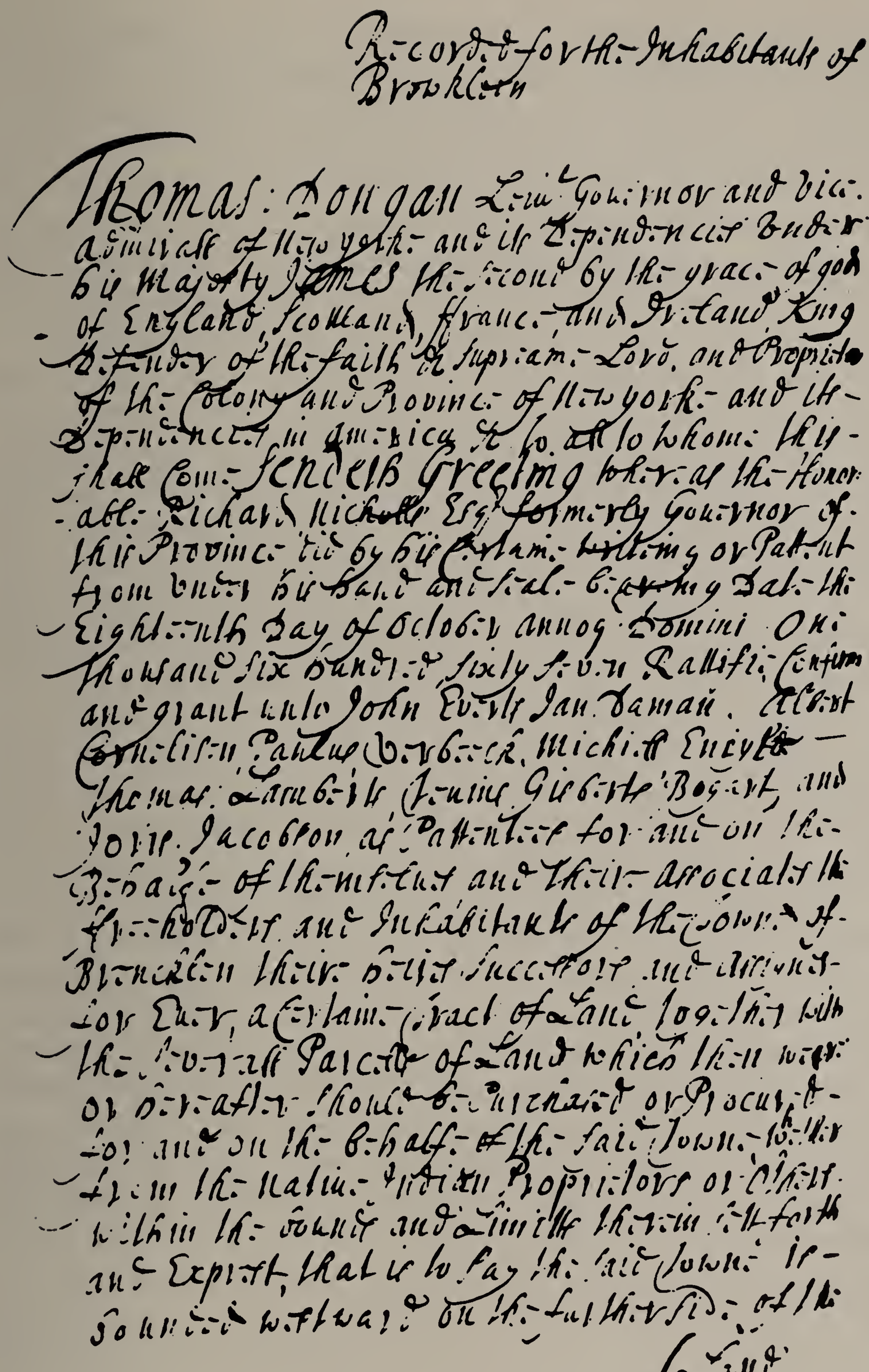
lyn bearing the date October 4, 1667, contains the names of eight land owners namely, Jan Everts, Jan Damen, Aelbert Cornelissen, Paulus Vanderbeek, Michael Eneyl, Thomas Lamberts, Tunis Gysbert Bogaert and Joris Jacobsen as patroons of Brooklyn. A facsimilie of this document is reproduced herein, the full text of which is given in Appendix - E.

Governor Dongan's Patent of Brooklyn

In May, 1682, Governor Andros whose arbitrary character and government had rendered him unpopular in the Dutch province, returned to England, and he was succeeded by Colonel Thomas Dongan, on August 25, 1683.

"The Province of New York had, for many years, suffered from grievences due to the unlimited authority which had been vested in its chief magistrate, perhaps as a result of the long-standing resentment of the Dutchmen against the Duke's Laws which were effected during Governor Nicolls' administration. The popular feeling on the subject found expression in the petition for redress to the Duke of York."

"His Royal Highness prudently assented, and Governor Dongan brought with him special instructions to institute a General Assembly of legislators similar to that of the New England colonies. The first colonial assembly was composed of the governor, council of seventeen members chosen by the people, and held its first sessions from October 16, to November 3, 1683. This assemblage set up a charter of liberties, providing that the supreme authority, under the Duke of York, should be vested in the governor, his council and representatives of the people, which would convene triennially. It further established the right of trial by jury of twelve men, and inter-


Recorded for the Inhabitants of Brooklyn

Thomas Dongan Lieut Governor and Vice
Admirall of New yorke and its Dependencies under
his Majesty James the second by the grace of god
of England Scotland France and Ireland King
Defender of the faith &c Supreame Lord and Proprietor
of the Colony and Province of New yorke and its
Dependencies in America &c To all to whome this
shall Come sendeth Greeting whereas the Honor
-able Richard Nicolls Esq formerly Governor of
this Province did by his certaine writing or Patent
under his hand and seal bearing date the
Eighteenth day of October annoq Domini One
thousand six hundred sixty seven Ratifie Confirm
and grant unto John Everts Jan Daman Albert
Cornelisen Paulus Verbeeck Michiel Eneyle
Thomas Lamberts Teunis Gisbertse Bogart and
Joris Jacobson as Patentees for and on the
behalfe of themselves and their associates the
freeholders and Inhabitants of the towne of
Brooklen their heirs successors and assignes
for ever a certaine tract of Land together with
the severall parcells of Land which then were
or thereafter should be purchased or procured
for and on the behalfe of the said towne whether
from the native Indian Proprietors or others
within the bounds and limitts therein sett forth
and exprest that is to say the said towne is
bounded westward on the further side of the
Land

The first page of Governor Thomas Dongan's patent of Brooklyn. Full text is given in Appendix-D. Courtesy of State Library, Albany.

dicted the molestation or prosecution of any person for any difference of opinion or action concerning religious affairs so long as they professed a faith in God through Jesus Christ, and did not actually disturb the peace. Other important changes in the organization of the province were also made. The ridings, set up in Nicolls' regime were abolished and were rearranged into counties: Brooklyn, Amersvoort, Flatbush, New Utrecht and Gravesend, composing the County of Kings, while Newtown (Elmhurst) was transferred to Queens County."

Among other things, and in pursuance to royal instructions with a view of definitely fixing the amount of quit-rent to be paid to the government by each of the towns, in acknowledgement of their lands, Governor Dongan, on March 31, 1684, issued an order to all the towns to bring in their patents and Indian deeds for examination, preparatory to granting new charters. Brooklyn, together with Bushwick, complied with this order on April 16th of the following year, and desired some arrangement to be made concerning quit-rent.

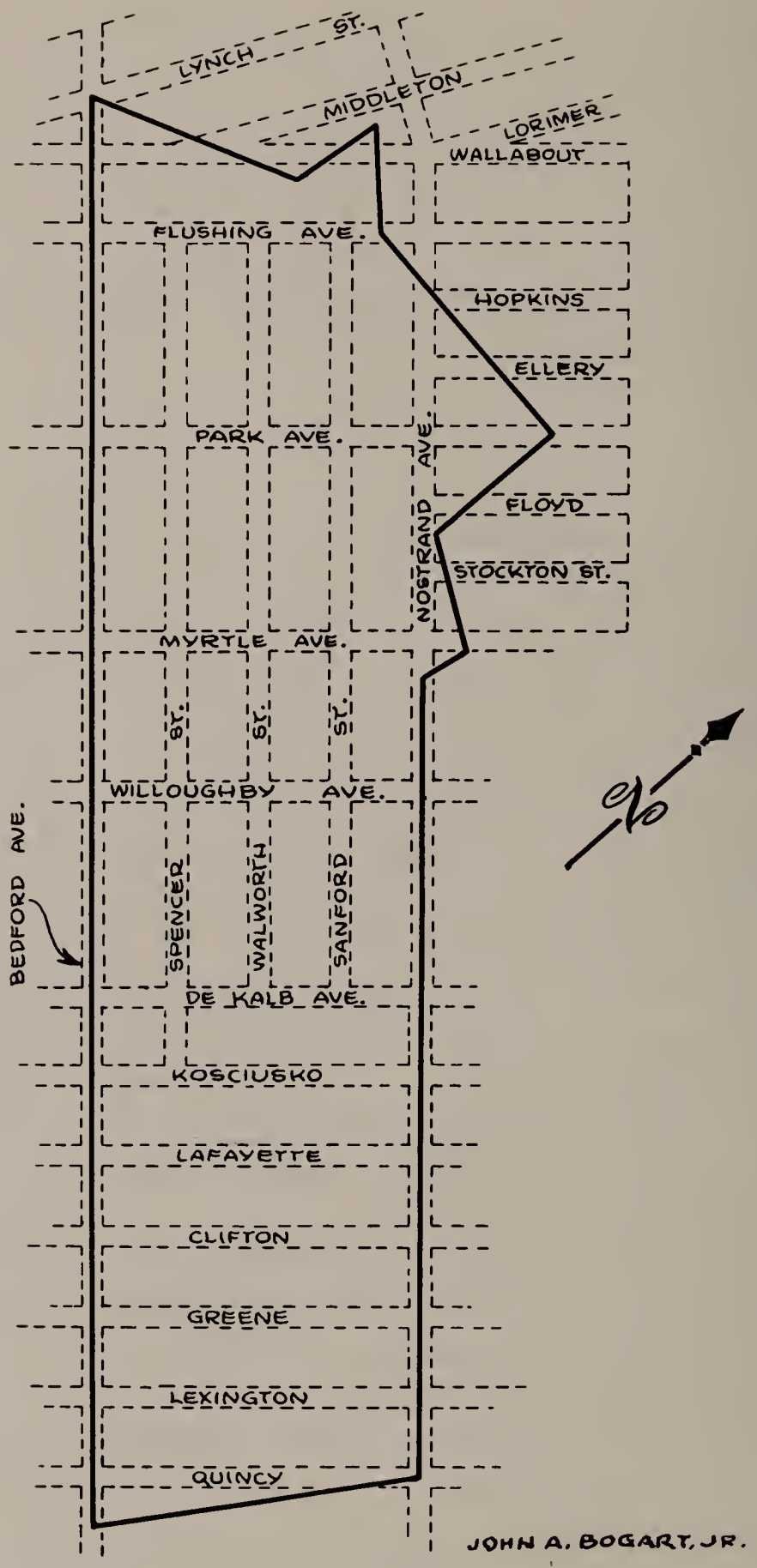
"Owing to the difficulties attendant upon the settlement of a dispute which had previously arisen between the towns of Newtown, Bushwick and Brooklyn concerning their boundaries, no immediate action was taken in reference to new patents and quit-rent of the three places." It was not until May 13, 1686, that Brooklyn received from Governor Dongan a patent or charter incorporating the property in question in one document. On October 13th of the following year, Messers Jacob Van de Water, Jeronomus Rapalje, and Tunis Gysbert Bogaert, deputies from Brooklyn, appeared before the governor and formally agreed, on behalf of the town, to the annual payment of the quit-rent above mentioned. This "fee" on the various patents was met consistently every year until the Revolutionary War. The text of the Dongan patent is given in full, Appendix - D.

CHAPTER V

History of The Bogart Property at the Wallabout, In Bushwick and Brooklyn

Before discussing the history of the Bogart property in Bushwick and at the Wallabout, it may be well to point out the extent of these lands. A glance at the map of Brooklyn today, with its many streets disecting the property Tunis once owned, one may be impressed with the fact that its area is equal to that of seventy-five city blocks - or about the size of Prospect Park. With such an extensive piece of real estate, virgin country with sweeping meadows and rolling hills, he made use of but a comparatively small part of it. Much of this property was wooded which provided him with a good living, for the timber was felled, sawed, and the lumber sold.

His holdings consisted of one-hundred acres of land at Bedford, Brooklyn granted to him and Aert T. Middagh by Governor Pieter Stuyvesant, October 24, 1654. This original document, still in excellent state of preservation and extremely legible, written in Dutch, is in a collection of historical documents on file in the Kings County Hall of Records, Brooklyn. An illustration of this grant is given herein, and the translation in Appendix–C. While this patent was not recorded (as few were in those days), it was the instrument by which he and Middagh received a patent for "a piece of land lying on Long Island at Cripplebosch, adjacent to that of Joris Jansen Rapalje - (father-in-law of Tunis), known as the Folkert or Volkert Rapalje farm at the Wallabout, otherwise known as Bedford."



Map of the Bedford grant to Tunis Gysbert Bogaert and Aert T. Middagh of Brooklyn, by Governor Pieter Stuyvesant, dated 1654.

This land was situated between Bedford and Nostrand Avenues, and it extended in a southeasterly direction to a point just beyond Wallabout Avenue, in an irregular direction to the intersection of Bedford Avenue and Lynch Street. It is evident that a piece of this property was owned by the family as late as 1868 although the history of it was not traced further. Portions of it are referred to in several wills up to about that time, but the greater part had been disposed of sometime before.

The second of his holdings was the Bergen tract which he acquired by confirmation of Governor Nicolls in 1667, consisting of 400 acres at the Wallabout which was originally patented to Hans Hansen Bergen in 1647, by Governor Kieft. This property was partly in Brooklyn, and partly in Bushwick as shown on the map as belonging to General Jeremiah Johnson, James Scholes, and Abraham Remsen. The map, however includes only the western part of the original Bergen property which we shall discuss by virtue of its historical interest.

Several years after Bergen's death his widow, Sarah Rapalje (wife of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert), petitioned Governor Kieft for 400 acres of land. This petition is dated April 4, 1656, and relates to some meadows at the Wallabout adjoining that of her deceased husband, Bergen. She stated that "her neighbors disturbed her in the use of them by plowing thereon, although they had meadows of their own; that she is a widow and burdened with several children, and that she wanted exemption from taxes".

In "Historic Families of America" by William Almy, is a story of the incident quoted from an early Brooklyn newspaper, "A year after making Tunis Gysbert Bogaert happy, she conceived the idea of getting a pension, and even went a step further. She wanted to be relieved of taxation - she wanted the good old-fashioned real estate, and to that end she memorialized the Governor and council in 1656, petitioning that a piece of land, 400 acres in extent, adjoining the farm that she lived on at the Wallabout be granted her. She complained that

certain grasping neighbors who had land of their own, persisted in mowing on the meadows. She set her claim upon the ground that she was a widow, and was burdened with seven children. If the council would give her the 400 acres of land, and remit the taxes, she could get along. The lady, like many others, before and since, was absent minded and neglected to state that her days of widowhood had closed their mournful engagement of a year and a half before, and that one of the seven of this forlorn widow, with 400 acres of her own, was Aertje, the first-born to her second husband, Tunis Gysbert Bogaert, baptized December 19, 1655. The widow got her 400 acres but the council refused to remit the taxes. As soon as the English kindly relieved the Dutch of all worry about their American possessions, good old Mr. Bogart had his 400 acres belonging to Bergen's children, conferred upon himself - - and the records fail to show that any of the six young Bergens ever got any of the property." This story concludes that "she was the original pension-hunting widow from whom are descended as many as the children of Abraham of old."

Of course, the above is a slight exaggeration, for the extent of Bogart's property was no more than 400 acres at the Wallabout and less than 100 acres at Bedford, the later he shared with Middagh. There is no record indicating that Sarah Rapalje ever received the grant for which she petitioned the governor. Assuming this to be true, and the fact that she was married at the time of the supposed grant - possession of the property if granted to her, under the circumstances, and in accordance with common law, would have reverted to her husband Tunis Gysbert Bogaert. In view of there being no record of Bogaert ever disposing of this tract, it is doubtful whether Sarah ever received it. If so, it is logical to assume that it was included in Governor Nicolls' personal confirmatory patent to Bogaert, April 5, 1667. See Appendix - B.

An interesting incident occured while this story was being compiled referring to Rapalje, Bergen and Bogaert. It was in connection with the dedication of the Williamsburgh Housing

Project and Slum Clearance by President Franklin D. Roosevelt, in 1935, when the Federal Government, under Public Works Administration, issued the following bulletin, dated February 10, 1935:

"Musty real estate records in New York City, dating as far back as the original Dutch settlement of New Amsterdam, are yielding little known pictures of the early life in the present metropolis - - tracing all the way back to 1647 to the days the Dutch West India Company, through its governors, parcelled out land grants among its settlers."

"Through the dusty files runs the story of the New Amsterdam farmlands, (Brooklyn, Williamsburgh and Bushwick) broken up for building lots, and the evolution of the section when the Town of Bushwick became the Village of Williamsburgh, and eventually a part of New York City. The Williamsburgh site is bounded by Bushwick Avenue, Leonard, Maujer, and Scholes Streets. What seems to be the oldest title involves a section within the site going back to 1647 by the Dutch governor Kieft, to one Hans Hansen Bergen."

"According to the story, Hans Hansen Bergen lived at one time on Manhattan Island near a fort (Fort Amsterdam), at the Battery. Accepting the grant, he moved to new land where, according to the account, he had frequent trouble with the Indians, and at another time, he was supposed to have climbed a tree and sung the old hymn, ***"In mijn grootste nood, O Heer"*** (In My Greatest Need, O Lord) so well that they let him go free. Hans Hansen Bergen, according to the title records, married one Sarah Rapalje, termed the first white child born in New Netherland. He died about 1650 (1653) and his widow married Tunis Gysbert Bogaert. New Netherland went under British rule and in 1666 (1667), the English governor (Nicolls) gave a patent of Hans Hansen Bergen's land to the Bogaert heirs."

After the first conquest of New Netherland by the British in 1664, the inhabitants took out new patents on their property. Judge Bergen, the family historian states, "Bogaert took out a patent on Hans Hansen Bergen's tract of 400 acres in his

Map of the Bogart property in Bushwick and the Wallabout, Brooklyn, covering many city blocks.

own name instead of Bergen's children who were rightfully entitled thereto. At least no record has ever been found of them possessing any portion of their father's estate nor any evidence of compensation made to them by their step-father, Tunis Gysbert Bogaert. It is highly possible although not very probable that compensation may have been made, and that written evidence has disappeared in the lapse of time." Bergen further states that "if Bogaert defrauded the orphans it was not an isolated case, the record showing that others, similarly situated at that time, took out new and confirmatory patents in their own name."

By virtue of the confirmatory patent granted Tunis, April 5, 1667, the whole property excepting that tract known and designated on the map as the General Jeremiah Johnson farm, remained in Bogaert's possession and was divided among his children. A portion of the homestead farm was purchased by Rem Vanderbeek in 1662, the ancestor of the Remsens in this country, who, in 1642, married Jannetje, daughter of Joris Jansen Rapalje, sister of Sarah.

The settlement of Bedford where Tunis and Aert T. Middagh acquired 100 acres of land in 1654, dates from the year 1662 when Joris Jansen Rapalje, Tunis Gysbert Bogaert, Cornelius Jacobsen, Hendrick Sweers and Michael Hans Bergen, asked the governor for a grant of unoccupied woodland situated in the rear of Rapalje's farm. The governor made the grant with the stipulation that the inhabitants should not make a new hamlet. It is evident that the petition was granted, but according to the records of New Amsterdam, there seems to be no indication of the extent of the property given to Bogaert and his associates. If Bogaert received a portion of this land as claimed, the files of the Secretary of State at Albany, New York do not reveal any title or conveyance to him. Woodlots were often granted in those days on a temporary, utility basis, especially when virgin woods were available or adjacent to occupied property of the settlers.

In view of the foregoing, we shall confine the history of

the Bogaert property to the western part originally granted to Hans Hansen Bergen, the evolution of which began in 1662 when a part of it was sold to Rem Vanderbeek. In 1698, Bogaert willed or transferred the greater part of it to his son Gysbert T. Bogaert. From this point on it descended through a chain of circumstances until it was gradually disposed of by the family over many years. The details of these transactions reveal some interesting events in which the property was subjected to successive ownership.

In 1694, Rem Vanderbeek's widow, Jannetje Rapalje and her children, conveyed the property to two of their number, Isaac and Jeremiah Remsen. In 1704, Isaac sold his share of the estate to his brother Jeremiah Remsen who thus became the sole owner of the paternal farm. At the time of the conveyance of Vanderbeek in 1694, Tunis Gysbert Bogaert was still in possession of the greater part of the original Bergen tract, Remsen's property (Vanderbeek's) being bounded on the north by Bogaert's land as indicated on the map.

No evidence can be found that Tunis left a will or the particulars of the division of the property among his children, and being in possession, it may be inferred that his son, Gysbert T. Bogaert became the owner, either by will, agreement, or purchase, although unrecorded. The disposition of the estate must have occured previous to 1699, the year in which Tunis died. This property is designated on the map as that of Boerum, Scholes, and Remsen, but no record of any deed or conveyance could be found constituting the transfer. If no will "heir at law" confirms his son's possession of the property.

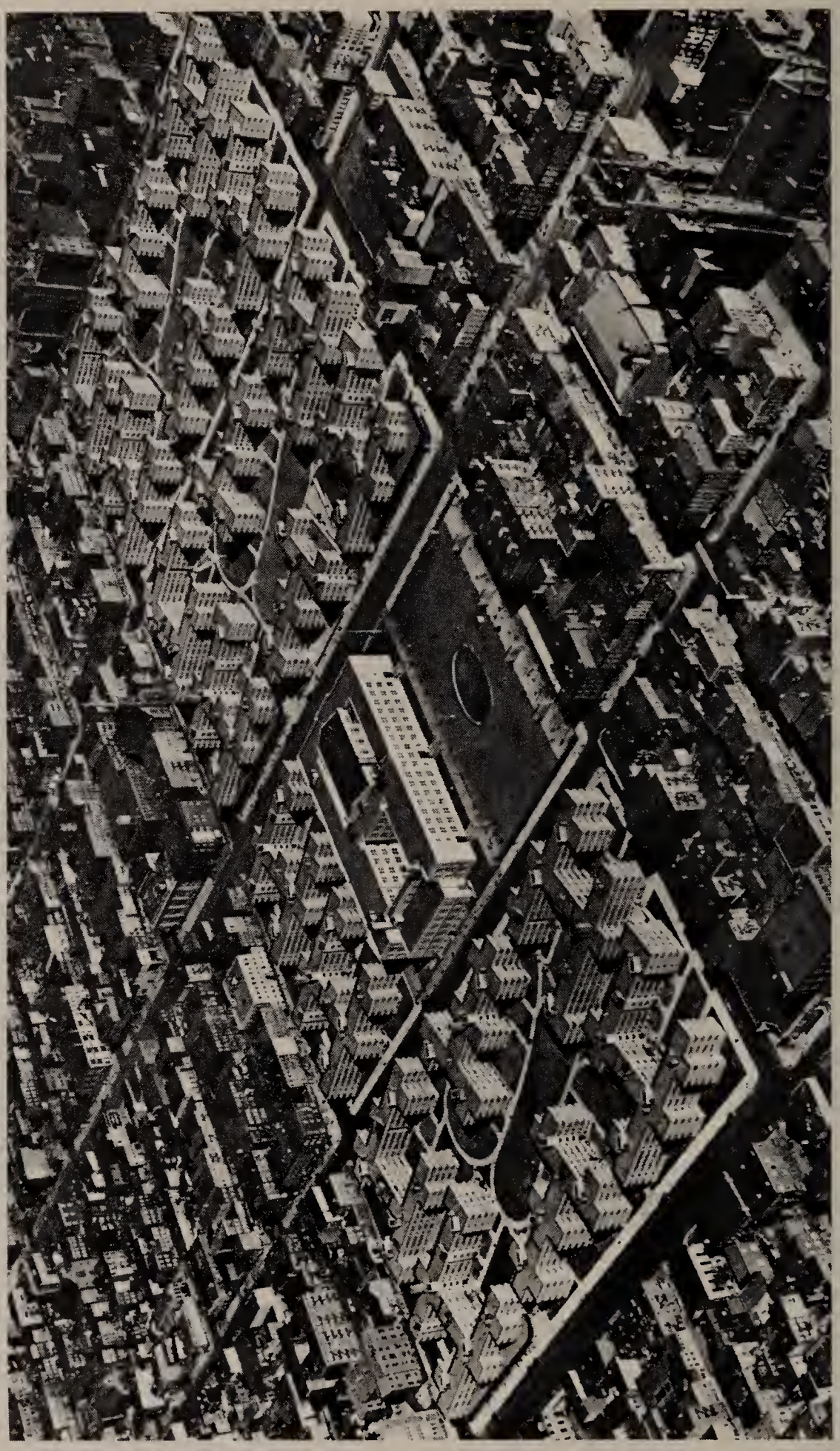
Between 1698 and 1775, a number of conveyances of various parcels of property shown on the map as A, B, and C, were made to several members of the family, the history of which shows that many deeds involved were also unrecorded; but such documents existed, and were compiled by the Hall of Records, Brooklyn over a period of many years, probably having been in possession of the family. The only exceptions

were transfers of various pieces of property to the Remsens, Scholes, Blom, and others outside the family, such deeds having been filed; also, several wills of the Bogart family stipulate the division and disposition of the property in accordance with the wishes of the deceased.

The entire tract as shown on the map was in possession of Gysbert T. Bogaert who, at some time, conveyed a part of it to his son Cornelius, which was undoubtedly that designated on the map as B for in the will of Cornelius, dated April 25, 1732, he stipulated that his real estate (whatever its extent) was to go to his wife Annetje Volkertson, and that after her decease, his property was to be divided among his three children. Also, he stated in his will, "If my father Gysbert Bogaert shall have a mind to my real estate, he shall have it for the same price as I gave him for it," which would indicate that Cornelius owned a part of the Bogart tract. This Cornelius was often thought to have settled at Raritan, New Jersey, (Appendix - T), but he was confused with another Cornelius Bogaert of the Albany Branch, the latter having settled in Hunterdon County, New Jersey about 1707-1708.

On December 22, 1729, Gysbert T. Bogaert conveyed to his son Gysbert Jr., for L-675, some 76 acres of the property designated as C, bounded northerly by the land of his brother Cornelius. Gysbert Jr., for L-700, conveyed on June 27, 1741 to Jeremiah Remsen, the property obtained from his father Gysbert T. Bogaert.

Jeremiah Remsen, for L-300, conveyed said premises January 28, 1742, to his son Abraham Remsen Jr.; Abraham Remsen Jr., for L-500, conveyed the same property April 10, 1795, to his sons, Jeremiah and Abraham. By a deed of May 1, 1793, from William Remsen to said Jeremiah and Abraham Jr., they became owners of some 140 acres of upland, meadows and swamps designated on the map as the Scholes property, - C. September 14, 1795, partition deeds were executed, and Abraham Remsen Jr., and his wife Ann, conveyed to Jeremiah Remsen, their interest in the northerly 70½ acres of the pre-



The Williamsburgh Housing Project in Brooklyn, dedicated in 1935 by President Franklin D. Roosevelt, is built on a part of the property once owned by Tunis Gysbert Bogaert. Photo by Fairchild.

mises they jointly owned. Jeremiah Remsen, by will dated September 14, 1826, deeded the property to his wife and children. April 6, 1831, Physche, widow of Jeremiah Remsen, Jane, his daughter, and Tunis Johnson, her husband, and Matilda and Abigail, his daughters, conveyed their father's farm of 70½ acres to James Scholes.

Tunis, son of Gysbert T. Bogaert, and brother of Cornelius, acquired a part of the family property but no record of such a transfer or sale indicate when this occured or the extent of his property; but in his will (Appendix - N), dated June 22, 1767, he divided his farm at the Wallabout between his sons Adrian and Cornelius. Tunis married Catherine Hegeman, and resided in Staten Island where he was born in 1689, and removed to Bushwick where he died. The location of his property is shown on map as A and B. This farm was divided, "beginning at the East River and running east to a fence in a straight line to a mulberry tree in my orchard, and then east to divide the whole equally; and my son Cornelius is to have one-half of my meadow ground in Bushwick, and he shall pay L-540. My son Adrian shall have the north part and one-half of my meadow ground in Bushwick, and he shall pay L-600." This property was partly in Bushwick and partly at the Wallabout extending over many city blocks in what is now a densely populated section of Brooklyn. Such primitive markings as mentioned in the above are meaningless today!

Partition deeds were executed between Adrian and Cornelius Bogaert, April 25, 1769. Adrian took the northerly part (A-Boerum), and his brother Cornelius, the remainder, being the greater portion of the Remsen estate -(B). According to two unrecorded deeds dated January 15, 1769 (three months prior to the date of the partition deeds mentioned above), Adrian transfered 37½ acres of his property (A), to his brother Cornelius, and on the same day Cornelius transfered a portion of his property (B) to his brother Adrian. With the last of the original Bogaert property in possession of Adrian and Cornelius Bogaert, we will now consider the final disposition of

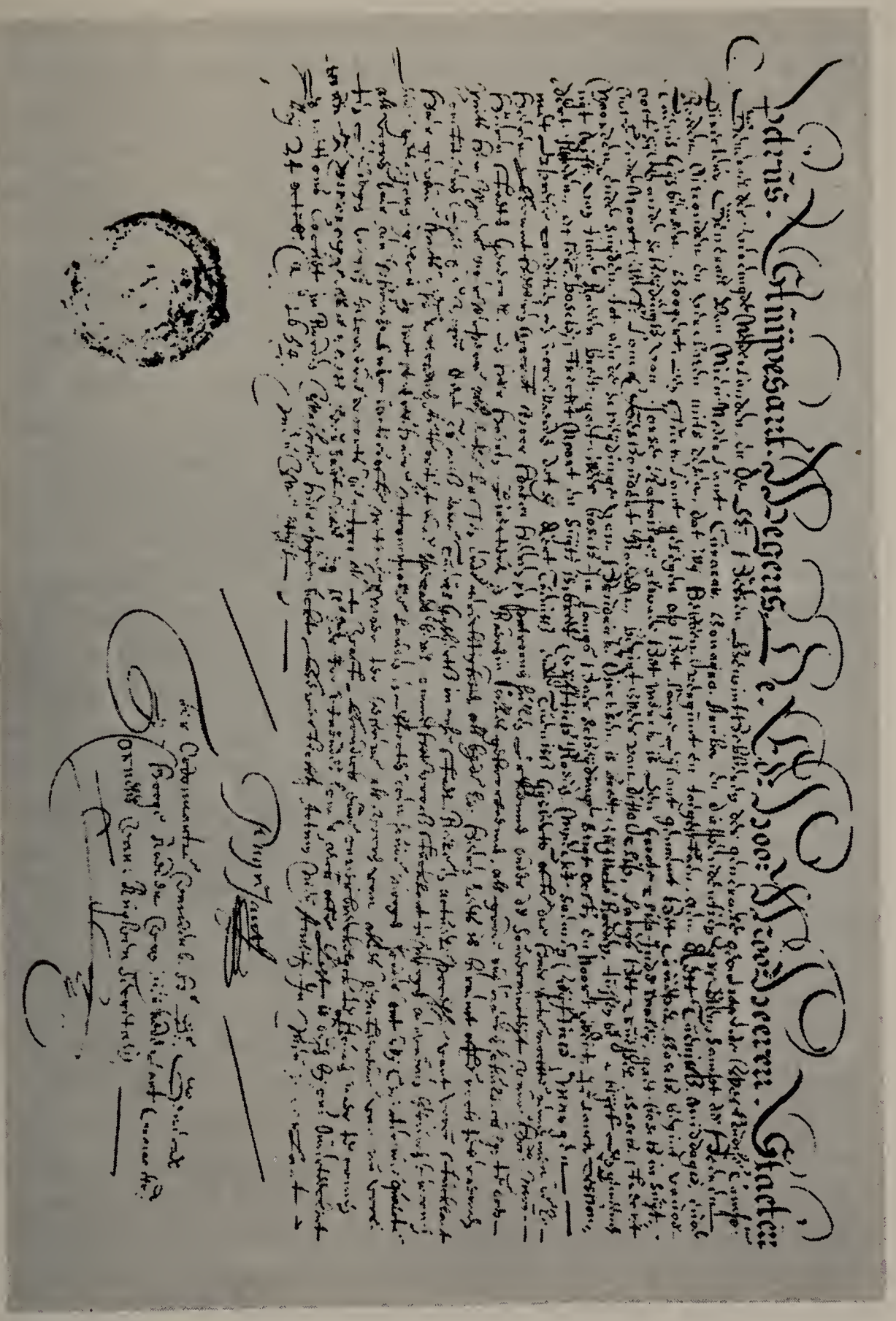
the balance of the estate.

On April 13, 1775, Adrian Bogaert and his wife Magdalena Schenck, conveyed his share of his father's estate to Jacob Blom, a Dutchman, for L-1225. Blom, by will dated March 3, 1797, deeded it to his son Barent Blom and Maria, his wife; after their death, the property was to go to Barent's children. However, on March 5, 1816, Barent Blom, Phoebe Blom, Magdalena, wife of Abraham Remsen, and Elizabeth, wife of Peter Osterman, children of said Blom, conveyed the property to Abraham Remsen. March 9th - four days later, Abraham Remsen sold the property for $12,000 to Abraham Boerum who remained in possession of it until his death in 1848. This property is designated on the map as - A.

Cornelius Bogaert, brother of Adrian, and Margaret Covert, wife of Cornelius, conveyed for L-1075, his share of his father's estate of some 37½ acres (B) to Abraham Remsen, on January 21, 1774 who in turn, on April 27, 1793, conveyed it to his son William. May 1, 1793, William Remsen and his wife Achee, for L-1750, conveyed it to his brothers Jeremiah and Abraham who, by this conveyance, and the one of their father's Abraham Remsen, on April 10, 1795, became the sole owner of about 140 acres as heretofore mentioned. On September 14, 1795, partition deeds were executed by the parties when Jeremiah Remsen and his wife Synthia conveyed to Abraham A. Remsen, their interest in the northerly held 70½ acres which they jointly owned thereby making Abraham A. Remsen the sole owner of the northerly half of the Bogaert property.

Thus the farms of Adrian and Cornelius Bogaert, and that of their father Tunis G. Bogaert, comprising the whole tract A, B, and C - became fully vested in the Remsen brothers. The Remsens conveyed the property to the Scholes family who held it for many years when a portion was acquired by the Federal Government for the Williamsburgh Housing Project, in 1935.

As previously stated, only the western part of the original



The Governor Pieter Stuyvesant grant to Tunis Gysbert Bogaert and Aert T. Middagh, at Bedford, Brooklyn, 1654. See Appendix-C for full translation.

Bergen tract, later owned by Tunis Gysbert Bogaert, was discussed. The history of the extreme eastern part was not attempted by virtue of its lesser important location adjoining the present Maspeth, and the swamp lands the greater part of it contained. Neither is the Bedford property of 100 acres discussed on account of its lesser historical interest.

While the ownership of the Bogaert property changed hands many times, it was for the most part kept within the family or in possession of close relatives, with the possible exception of the Scholes family. The Bogarts, Remsens, Bergens, Rapaljes, Boerums, Johnsons and Vanderbeeks were closely related by marriage. This relationship is traced back to some of the first settlers of Brooklyn; Jannetje Rapalje, sister of Sarah (wife of Tunis G. Bogaert), married Rem Vanderbeek, whose family adopted the name Remsen. The Bergens, stepchildren of Tunis, also married into some of these families. Tunis Bogaert, grand-son of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert, married Matilda Remsen, and a later generation of our family - Gysbert Bogaert, married Matilda Boerum. After disposing of several parcels of the Bogart property to these families over a period of several generations, later generations of some of these same families intermarried and we again, either through marriage or purchase, will or deed, acquired small plots of the same property. This is apparent in several wills as late as 1880, especially the Bedford Property.

There are some interesting highlights in connection with the history of our property as pointed out by General Jeremiah Johnson whose forebearers purchased a part of the original tract from Tunis Gysbert Bogaert. (General Johnson who was the first mayor of Brooklyn, translated Van der Donk's "History of New Netherland".)

During the Revolutionary War, the home of General Johnson's father was the scene of an interesting incident mentioned in the histories. Lieutenant Samuel Dodge, Captain Gilleland and Captain Mott of the American army had been captured at Fort Montgomery, and were confined as prisoners

under a British guard, at the home of Barent Johnson, at the Wallabout. Dodge was exchanged in the course of a month, and was reported borrowing money from the whigs of Kings County, mentioning Johnson as one who would risk all in the undertaking.

It was agreed that confederate officers should be engaged who were to act as agents in the transaction. Colonel William Ellison was delegated to replace the loan. He was exchanged in November, 1777, and conveyed $2000 in gold to Governor Clinton of New York, a single receipt having been given. In this manner, before 1782, large sums of money had been loaned to the state. In 1780, Major H. Wyckoff had been hidden for two days in the upper room of Rem A. Remsen's house at the Wallabout in which the lieutenant of the guard of the "Old Jersey" British prision ship, was quartered. Remsen loaned him as much as he could carry, and conveyed him by sleigh at night to Cow Neck (Great Neck, L. I.). From there he crossed Long Island sound to Westchester County by boat, and made his way to Poughkeepsie.

Another story concerns the Meserole farm which once was a part of the Bogaert property at the Wallabout. His house (Meserole's) was said to have been a favorite boarding place of the famous Captain Kidd who found it a convenient retreat, and yet accessible to New York when he came ashore between his piratical escapades. Tradition has it that many years before he was engaged in his nefarious voyages, he made New York his domestic port, and that amid the woods of Bushwick (on the old Bogart property) he had marked the grave of one whom he had hoped to marry. But she died during one of his absences, and although he afterward married, he often sought as the opportunity afforded, the grave of his lost sweetheart. Whether this, with the facilities of secrecy, combined with the nearness to the great port across the East River, drove him so frequently to Meserole's homestead on the "Kickout" is a matter of speculation.

Jacob Blom who purchased a part of the property from

Adrian Bogaert, later cut it up into building lots, and sold several of them to Horace Greeley who purchased them for speculation.

CHAPTER VI

Joris Jansen Rapalje — Hans Hansen Bergen — The Sarah Ralpalje Tankard

Joris Jansen Rapalje, father of Sarah, father-in-law of Tunis, came to this country with the first Dutch settlers in 1623. He was the son of Gaspard Colet de Rapalje who was born in Sur Loire, France in 1505. Young Gaspard became a colonel in the French infantry in 1545. In 1548, he became a Huguenot and when this was discovered in 1551 by Henry II, he was obliged to flee the country, deprived of his rank and office. He took refuge with relatives in Antwerp, Belgium where he married a daughter of Abram Janssen, noted painter. Gaspard had a daughter Brecktje who in 1569 married her cousin Jan Abram Janssen and they had a son Abram Janssen II; he also had three sons, Joris Janszn Rapalje, born in Leyden, Holland in 1572, who married Catalyna Trico (b-ca. 1605) daughter of Jeronomus Trico; also sons Willem Janssen, and Antonie Janssen Rapalje - both of whom settled in New Netherland several years subsequent to their brother Joris.

An account of his arrival in New Amsterdam is given in a desposition of his wife Catalyna Trico, dated February 1684, before Colonel Thomas Dongan when Governor of the Province, in which she stated "she came over in 1623 or 24, to the best of her remembrance." In another oath taken at her home at the Wallabout, October 17, 1688, before William Morris, Justice of the Pease, she stated that she was "aged about 83 years and was born in Paris; that she came to this country in 1623; that as soon as they came to New Amsterdam,

they sent two families and six men to 'harford river' - two families and six men to Delaware River; eight men they left at New Amsterdam to take possession, and the rest of the passengers, about fifteen families, went with the ship as far as Albany; that deponent lived in Albany, and settled in New Amsterdam where she lived afterwards for many years, and then came to Long Island where she now lives."

In 1626, Rapalje left Albany where his daughter Sarah was born June 7, 1625, and removed to New Amsterdam. He acquired a plot of ground at what is now the foot of Pearl Street, his property abutting the East wall of Fort Amsterdam at the present Battery. Shortly after his arrival here, he was followed by his two brothers Antonie Janssen and Willem Janssen. The descendants of these two brothers dropped the name Rapalje in favor of their middle name Jansen, while the descendants of their brother Joris retained the traditional family name of Rapalje.

During at least a portion of the twenty-two years that Rapalje lived in New Amsterdam he kept a tavern, his name appearing in the Burgomaster's and Schepen's Court Records of the settlement. In August of 1661, he was appointed a member of the famous Council of Twelve Men who conferred with Governor Kieft in regard to the consequences of an impending war as a result of the murder of a Dutchman named Claess Swits, by the Indians, in revenge for the death of a redskin some twenty years previously.

While living in New Amsterdam, Rapalje purchased 200 acres of land at the Wallabout, a part of which is the present site of the U. S. Marine Hospital adjoining the Brooklyn Navy Yard. He did not develope his farm on Long Island until some time after his youngest child was born in New Amsterdam, in 1650. He sold his property in Manhattan and removed to the Wallabout. Judge Benson in "History of Brooklyn" states that Rapalje built the first house on Long Island, but this statement has since been proved erroneous. His farm is described as "being situated on Long Island, extending from a

certain 'kripplebush' (swamp) to a place where the water runs over the stones." This property was confirmed to him by Govenor Kieft in 1643. His woodlot was on a hill where Fort Greene Park is now located, and his meadowland on the level space upon which City Park is built, between Flushing, Park, Navy, and Edward Streets. A creek ran through a part of the property and emptied into Wallabout Bay, known as Ronnegagonck. Today there is little left of the creek which, in the course of time, has been filled in. For many years the old Wallabout Market stood on this property, and it was at this point (Wallabout Bay) where the British prison ships were moored during the Revolutionary War.

Rapalje was a member of the Reformed Dutch Church of Brooklyn. He served as a deacon, having been elected to that office in 1661. He died at an election of church officers February 21, 1663. Upon his death he was succeeded by Tunis Gysbert Bogaert, his son-in-law. He was appointed Magistrate of Brooklyn on April 13, 1655 and as a public servant he was highly esteemed. His widow Catalyna Trico died September 11, 1689, aged 84 years: her children conveyed Rapalje's property at the Wallabout to two of their number, Isaac and Jeremiah, April 10, 1694. In 1704, Isaac sold his share of the estate to his brother Jeremiah. This property was inherited after the death of Jeremiah in 1777 by his relative, Barent Johnson by whom it was first laid out in city streets and lots; his eldest son, Barent Jr. sold the old Rapalje homestead and a portion of the land described in the deed of Isaac Rapalje to his brother in 1704, as the "lands of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert." This tract, in later years was known as the Scholes property where the U. S. Marine Hospital is now located, and was ceded to the U. S. Government by the Rapalje heirs, February 23, 1801, for $40,000.

The early descendants of this prominent pioneer settled in Brooklyn, Jamaica, Hempstead, Oyster Bay and other Long Island communities - in Manhattan and in New Jersey.

The Children of Joris Jansen Rapalje

Sarah, born in Albany, June 7, 1725; m-Hans Hansen Bergen; m-Tunis Gysbert Bogaert.
Marritje, born March wy, 1627; m-Michael Paulus Vanderwoert
Jannetje, born August 18, 1629; m-Rem Jansen Vanderbeek
Judith, born June 5, 1635; m-Pieter Pieterson Van Nest
Jan, born August 28, 1637; m- Maria Fredericks
Jacob, born May 28, 1639; killed by Indians
Catalyna, born March 28, 1641; m- Jeremiah Jansen Van Westerhout
Annetje, born February 8, 1646; m-Martin Reyerse; m-Joost France
Jeronamus, born June 27, 1643; m-Annetje Theunis De Nyse
Elizabeth, born March 26, 1648; m-Dirck Cornelius Hoogland
Daniel, born December 29, 1650; m-Sarah Klock
All children except Sarah were baptized in New Amsterdam.

Hans Hansen Bergen

Hans Hansen Bergen, a Norwegian, came here in 1633, ten years following the arrival of Rapalje.

His name, pronounced Bar-rer-gen by the Dutch, was a common one in Holland. It is Teutonic in origin, and signifies "hills". He is the common ancestor of the Bergen family of Long Island and vicinity, from whom a large family is descended, one of whom, Judge Tunis G. Bergen, compiled and published "The Bergen Family" in 1876.

He was a friend and crone of Governor Wouter van Twiller, the second Director General of the Dutch Colony, with whom he came to this country. In the early records his name appears in various forms. His surname denotes the place of his birth which was often omitted. His father appears to have come here later, his name appearing as Hausen or Hanzen, representing the "son of Hans." Some of the Bergen descendants retained the traditional family name while others dropped the last name in favor of Hansen.

Bergen settled in New Amsterdam, his property abutting the east wall of the fort at the Battery, next to that of his future father-in-law, Rapalje. Thus while Bergen who was a batchelor, and Rapalje were neighbors, he became acquainted with Rapalje's daughter Sarah whom he married in 1639.

On March 30, 1647, Bergen received a patent of 400 acres of land at the Wallabout next to the patent of his father-in-law Rapalje, this property being a portion of the extensive purchase by Governor Kieft in 1638. It is described as "lying on the Kil of Joris Jansen Rapalje's farm from whose house it extended north by east till to Lambert Huysbertsen Moll's plantation; further to the Kil of Jan de Swede, according to the old marks till to the Kil of Mespaetches (Maspeth); to and along the kripplebush; further to the division line of Dirck Volkertsen's land which he purchased from Wilcock, and the division of Henry Satley." The location and description of the Bergen property is given in full, Appendix - A. This is the property that Tunis Gysbert Bogaert acquired by confirmation some years later, of Governor Nicolls.

This tract extended from Ronnegagonck Creek to the present Division Street which formerly marked the boundary between the city of Brooklyn and Williamsburg. Following the direction of Division Street, to near its intersection of old Tenth Street, it then passed over it and stretched in a somewhat southeasterly direction, probably as far as the head of Newtown Creek, and in the neighborhood of Vandervoort, and Montrose Avenue.

While Bergen received this patent in 1647, he must have been in possession of it prior to the date of the patent, similar to his father-in-law Rapalje, either by extinguishing the Indian title or otherwise, for Abraham Rycken's patent dated August 8, 1640, seven years prior to the date of the original grant to Bergen, was located opposite Ronnegagonck Creek "bounded by Gysbert Ruycken and Hans Hansen's (Bergen)." In Cornelis Jacobsen Selle's deed to Lambert Huysbertsen Moll, July 29, 1641, his plantation is described as "lying next to that of Hans Hansen (Bergen) on Long Island," and in the patent of Maspeth, given to the Rev. Daughty and his associates in March 1642, mention is again made to the "meadow belonging to Hans Hansen (Bergen)." It is highly probable that Bergen invested in this tract about the same time as his father-in-law Rapalje who as we have seen purchased it long before he occupied it.

From the tenor of a law suit in 1643 relative to the sale of a shallop, (small schooner) it may be inferred that Bergen was at that time a ship carpenter. He died in the later part of 1653 leaving his widow Sarah Rapalje with six children. His property on Manhattan was sold by his widow in 1654 shortly after his death. A record in Albany shows "a patent granted upon a transcript made by Sarah Joorsey (Rapalje) widow of Hans Hansen Bergen, bearing the date May 30, 1654, unto Claes Bording for a certain lot of ground with the housing thereupon within the Town of New Amsterdam, between Jan Snediker's and Jores (George) Rapalje's - - by virtue of the ground brief granted unto Hans Hansen Bergen aforesaid, died, and now for a confirmation." This document is dated, June 1, 1667.

The Children of Hans Hansen Bergen

Anneken, bap. July 22, 1640; married (1) Jan Lequier, he died November 15, 1661; (2) Dirck Janse Hoogland, October 8, 1662.

Brecktje, bap. July 27, 1642; married Aert T. Middagh

of Brooklyn whose brother, Gijsbert T. Middagh married, in Heykoop, Holland, Neeltjien, sister of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert.

Jan, bap. April 17, 1643; married Jennetje Theunise De Nyse whose brothers, Jan and Cornelius married Catalyna and Neeltje, respectively, daughters of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert.

Michael, bap. November 4, 1645; married Femmetje De-Nyse (sister of Jannetje) daughter of Theunisz De Nyse and Phebe S. Felix.

Joris, bap. July 18, 1649; married Sarah Strycker, daughter of Jan Strycker and Lambertje Sebring.

Marritje, bap. October 8, 1651; married Jacob Rutszen.

Jacob, bap. September 21, 1653; married Elsje, daughter of Frederick Lubertszn and Tyntie Hendrickse; Jacob's granddaughter, Marritje, daughter of Jacob Bergen of Staten Island married Gysbert Bogaert, grandson of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert.

Catalyna, bap. November 30, 1653; twin of Jacob, died in infancy.

The Sarah Rapalje Tankard

There is considerable interest in what few personal effects of Sarah Rapalje that remain, but among them is a small silver tankard, the pride of her many descendants.

The mis-named "Sarah Rapalje" tankard over which some question has arisen as to whether or not she owned it, now reposes in the Brooklyn Museum of Art. It was presented to that institution in 1926 by one of her descendants, Tunis Johnson. More than one historian has stated that the tankard belonged to her. However, Maude E. Dilliard, to whom we are

Obverse

Reverse

The Sarah Rapalje tankard, containing the marriage medallion given to her by her first husband, Hans Hansen Bergen

indebted for this analysis, recently conducted a most conclusive research to determine its origin.

According to the story, Sarah Rapalje gave the tankard to her daughter Brecktje who married Aert T. Middagh. She in turn willed it to her daughter Ann who married Abraham Remsen. Remsen's son Jeremiah married his cousin Jane Remsen in 1729. Jeremiah Remsen gave it to his daughter Ann who probably was named after her grandmother. Ann married Barent Johnson of Brooklyn who in his will dated October 2, 1776 stated, "I give and bequeath unto my eldest, Jeremiah and his heirs, my silver tankard." Jeremiah Johnson passed it on to his daughter Sarah Ann because of her name. She gave it to her brother Tunis whose son Tunis Johnson presented it to the Brooklyn Museum of Art.

But an analysis of the circumstances show that the tankard, while it was in the family for many generations, was not made until after 1725 - many years subsequent to the death of Sarah Rapalje in 1685 - in which event she could not have owned it. The tankard is the work of Nicholas Roosevelt, a New York silversmith who was born in 1715. Just when it was made by Roosevelt it not known, but it bears his mark 'NVR' in the small oval on either side of the handle near its rim. The handle terminal button is engraved with 'JRJ' - apparently the initials of Jeremiah and Jane Remsen. Most likely the tankard was made for Jeremiah and his wife Jane as the initials indicate. The pattern is quite similar to others for which Nicholas Roosevelt was noted.

The tankard got its name from the marriage medallion given to Sarah Rapalje by Hans Hansen Bergen, in New Amsterdam in 1639, and is about 6 inches high. The medal was set in the lid of the tankard by Nicholas Roosevelt many years later, and is about two and one-quarter inches in diameter. On one side is engraved the figure of a man and a woman in seventeenth century attire, being married by a minister. Encircling the group are the Dutch words which, when translated read: "See here, lady, whom I love and no one else, here is my

faith, my heart and my desire next to God'." The reverse side depicts a man and a woman in a garden. It too is encircled with the Dutch sentence, "Behold, the creator of flesh and blood, created two out of one'."

At one time the tankard was owned by General Jeremiah Johnson who served so gallantly in the Revolutionary War and who was later the first mayor of the City of Brooklyn. He lived on his father's farm at the Wallabout. In 1801, General Johnson razed the old family homestead and erected a modern one in its place. In his new home the tankard stood on the sideboard and was often filled with cider or ale and placed on the coals to heat as was the custom in those times.

THE BOGART FAMILY RECORD

The record of our family in Holland was compiled from data gathered in the National Archives, the Hague, and is therefore authentic.

The names and places referred to are spelled precisely as they appear in the original records. While the baptismal and marriage records of Schoonrewoerd, our earliest known ancestral home, do not begin until 1672, and those of nearby Heykoop where Tunis Gysbert Bogaert was born - until 1680, data previous to that time were gleaned from translations of scores of civil records of those communities and Leerdam. The source references of the Holland records are as follows:

General Public Records, the Hague, Archives of County of Leerdam, Inv. F-XXVI, No. 38, Vols. 1 to 13; Records of Hei-en-Boeicop (formerly two separate municipalities of Heykoop and Boeicop) No. 756; Public Records of Leerdam, Inv. F-XXVI, No. 80; Public Records of Hei-en-Boeicop, the Hague File F-XXVI, Folio 37, No. 617; Court Records of Leerdam, Inv. 1646-1661; Deeds of Sale, the Hague, 1623-1801; Public Records of Schoonrewoerd, Heykoop and Leerdam, the Hague, 1610-1680.

The spelling of surnames may not always be in accordance with family tradition. Like other Dutch family names, many variations in the spelling of our name occur in the original records of the Dutch colony. Upwards of forty variations were found - all of which are corruptions of the name - Bogaert.

Some families may appear to be given greater prominence

than others, while that of others is regrettably brief; but this contrasting situation, it should be pointed out, is due to whatever data could be found and that submitted by contemporary families who in some cases amplified their records while others gave little information concerning their background.

In some families neither birth nor baptismal dates could be found, therefore, the children listed are not necessarily given in order of their birth; several children were often baptized at the same time, regardless of their ages - anywhere from a few days up to many years, as in the case of adult baptism.

The record is set up according to branches rather than by generations as is customary, to facilitate tracing the line of descent of any member. Starting with the family in Holland, and continuing through the various branches, the record is numbered consecutively. When sufficient data concerning a male member are available, and if his line descends, as indicated by an asterisk (*), preceeding a name, that member's name and number are repeated subsequently, and a detailed record of that family is given. The figures in parentheses following a name, thus - (112) indicates that member's consecutive number in the family of the preceeding generation - in direct line - from which that family may be traced back to our progenitor.

In the back of the book will be found an index of the Bogart family, also of other families that appear in the record.

THE FAMILY RECORD IN HOLLAND

1.

GIJSBERT IN DEN BOOGAERTMAN (birthplace unknown) – the earliest-known member of our family, was probably born about 1540. He may have had other children but he had a son –

2.

THEUNIS GIJSBERTSZN IN DEN BOOGAERTMAN, lived in the Hoog van Middlecoop, Schoonrewoerd, near Leerdam, Province of South Holland. He was born in 1562 and died in Schoonrewoerd in 1647; he married Neeltjien Laurens who died previous to 1646 when her estate was divided among her husband and their two surviving children; his second wife was Maeyeken Meertens who, after his death in 1647, married Cornelius Bastiaens. He was guardian of his grandchildren, the children of his two deceased sons Gijsbert Theuniszn and Cornelius Theuniszn. He died at the age of 85 years.

* 3. **Louw Theuniszn Bogaert,** born in Schoonrewoerd, died after 1676.
* 4. **Cornelius Theuniszn Bogaert,** born in Schoonrewoerd, died previous to 1646.
* 5. **Gijsbert Theuniszn Bogaert,** born in Schoonrewoerd, died between December 10th and December 26, 1646.

3.

LOUW THEUNISZN BOGAERT, son of Theunisz Gijsbertszn In Den Boogaertman (2) and Neeltjien Laurens was born in Schoonrewoerd. It is not known whom his wife was; his will dated May 3, 1667. He succeeded his father as guardian of the minor orphans of his two brothers, Cornelius and Gysbert. He died in Vianen after 1676.

6. **Jan Laurens Bogaert,** pioneer of the Harlem Branch, Manhattan; he settled in Bedford, Brooklyn in 1663, and later Harlem; he was born in Schoonrewoerd and lived in Leerdam at the time he left Holland. His wife was Cornelia Everts. See sketch of Jan's record. Page 32

* 7. **Cornelius Laurens,** born in Schoonrewoerd; m- Lijsken Cornelise.

8. **Maria Laurens;** m- Cornelius Jansen Roscam.

9. **Mary Laurens;** m- Cornelius Stam of Boeicop.

4.

CORNELIUS THEUNISZN BOGAERT, son of Theunis Gijsbertszn In Den Boogaertman (2) and Neeltjien Laurens, was born in Schoonrewoerd and died before December 1646. His wife died before 1661. On March 9, 1629 he conveyed to Roelof Van Braeckel, bailiff at Schoonrewoerd a debenture of 48 guilders. His name frequently appears in the early court records. His first wife was Dirckje.....; his second wife was Beeltje Cornelise.

10. **Gijsbert Corneliszn Bogaert** was born in Schoonrewoerd and was, according to Talcott, in New Netherland in 1640(?). He settled in Catskill, New York; he is also mentioned in the quit-claim of 1661 on file in Albany. He married Mary, widow of Jan Jochems Kalder in Catskill, in 1663. For brief sketch of his record see Page 26.

11. **Cornelius Corneliszn Bogaert** was born in Schoonrewoerd. He also was in Albany in 1640 (?) according to Talcott, and was the pioneer of the large and prominent Albany Branch. The identity of his wife is not known but Talcott states that he married Dirkje.....; he is said to have died in Albany in 1665. For brief sketch of his record. Page 29 and Appendix-T.

12. **Geertjien Cornelise Bogaert;** m- Theunis Dircks; she died before June 23, 1657; they remained in Holland.

13. **Jannetjien Cornelise Bogaert;** m- Claes Claeszn Leverey; they remained in Holland.

5.

GIJSBERT THEUNISZN BOGAERT, son of Theunis Gijsbertszn In Den Boogaertman (2) and Neeltjien Laurens, was born in Schoonre-

woerd and raised a family in Heykoop. He married Aertjien Bastiaens, and died between December 10th and December 26, 1646.

*14. **TUNIS GYSBERT BOGAERT,** our progenitor, was born in Heykoop in 1625. He came to this country in 1652 and was an early settler of Brooklyn. He married in New Amsterdam in 1654, Sarah Rapalje who was born in Albany, New York in 1625. His second wife was Geertje Langendyck. He died in New York in 1699. He and his descendants are the subject of this family genealogy.

15. **Aalkien Gijsbertse Bogaert;** lived in Heykoop; m- Cornelius Stevens; they remained in Holland.

16. **Neeltjien Gijsbertse Bogaert;** lived in Heykoop; m- Gijsbert Theuniszn Middagh, brother of Aert T. Middagh who was an early settler of Brooklyn and who married Brecktje Hanse Bergen, step-daughter of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert. They remained in Holland.

*17. **Abraham Gijsbertszn Bogaert;** the name of his wife is unknown; he and his family remained in Holland.

7.

CORNELIUS LAURENS BOGAERT, son of Louw Theuniszn Bogaert (2) and.....was born in Schoonrewoerd, and lived with his wife and family on the Diefijk near Overheykoop. His wife was Lijsken Cornelise. He died before 1678 and his wife during the same year. They remained in Holland.

*18. **Floris Corneliszn Bogaert;** m- Maeyeken T. Van Dyck; he lived in Overheykoop. He was a prosperous and influential farmer.

*19. **Jan Corneliszn Bogaert;** m- Jannetjien Corssen; he died in Holland in 1689.

17.

ABRAHAM GIJSBERTSZN BOGAERT, son of Gijsbert Theuniszn Bogaert (5) and Aertjien Bastiaens. He lived in Heykoop where he was born. In 1661, he purchased from his brother Tunis (then in New Netherland) property in Heykoop which Tunis sold to him by proxy of Aert T. Middagh of Brooklyn who went to Holland for a visit. Abraham and his family remained in Holland.

20. **Aeltjien Abramse Bogaert** of Heykoop; m- Maerten Gerrits by whom she had five children, Gerrit, Gysbert, Maeyeken,

Theunis and Johanna. He died in 1701; her second husband was Jan Van Kampen, schoolmaster of Schoonrewoerd, whom she married in 1703; they had three children; her third husband was Harmen Claesz of Schoonrewoerd whom she married in 1707.

21. **Dirkje Abramse Bogaert;** m- Cornelius Corneliszn Sheer; they had at least one son, Abraham Corneliszn Sheer.

18.

FLORIS CORNELISZN BOGAERT, son of Cornelius Laurens Bogaert (7) and Lijsken Cornelise, lived in Overheykoop and married Maeyeken T. Van Dyck; in 1689 his brother Jan Corneliszn Bogaert died and Floris was named guardian of his three children. He died in 1704.

22. **Theunis Floris Bogaert.**
23. **Cornelius Floris Bogaert;** m- Neeltjien Cornelise.
24. **Maeyeken Floris Bogaert;** m- Jan Ariens Cornelisz; he died in 1695.

19.

JAN CORNELISZN BOGAERT, son of Cornelius Laurens Bogaert (7) and Lijsken Cornelise, lived in Overheykoop where he married Jannetje Corssen. He died in 1689 when his brother Floris was named guardian of his three minor children.

25. **Cornelius,** born 1686.
26. **Pieter,** born 1678.
27. **Aeltje,** born 1684.

Coat of arms of the Municipality of Hei-en-Boeicop, Holland

THE BROOKLYN BRANCH

14

TUNIS GYSBERT BOGAERT, the son of Gijsbert Theuniszn Bogaert (5) and Aertjien Bastiaens, was born in Heykoop in 1625, and was baptized in Schoonrewoerd, about two miles distant, District of Vianen, Province of South Holland. He was a cousin of Jan Laurens Bogaert of Harlem, Manhattan; Guysbert Corneliszn Bogaert of Catskill, and Cornelius Corneliszn Bogaert of Albany. He came to this country in 1652 and in 1654, he married in New Amsterdam, Sarah Rapalje, the widow of Hans Hansen Bergen. She was born in Albany, June 7, 1625, the daughter of Joris Janszn Rapalje and Catalyna Trico, a Parisian who came here with the first Dutch settlers under charter of the Dutch West India Company in 1624. The record of our progenitor is adequately covered in the preceding chapters. His wife Sarah Rapalje died in 1685, and two years later he married Geertje Jans Langendyck, widow of Dirck Jansen Dey. He died in 1699, leaving five daughters and an only son, Gysbert Tunis Bogaert from whom our line descends. He became step-father of the seven Bergen children.

28. **Aertje Teunise** born at Wallabout, bap. in New Amsterdam, December 19, 1655; m- October 14, 1677 in Flatbush Dutch Church, Theodorus Polhemus, son of Rev. Theodorus Polhemus, first clergyman of Brooklyn who was a missionary in Brazil where his son was born; his will dated Feb. 14, 1720; he died in 1722; settled in Flushing, L.I. and later Jamaica.

    Tunis Polhemus born.....; m- Sarah Emmans
    Sarah Polhemus born in New Utrecht, bap. April 18, 1680.
    Elizabeth Polhemus bap. November 20, 1681; d.y.
    Johannes Polhemus bap. July 20, 1685.
    Elizabeth Polhemus bap. November 5, 1693; m- Abraham

Duryea; their son Abraham married Maria Roosevelt.
Abraham Polhemus bap. March 19, 1696; m- Gertrude Remsen, dau. of Jacob.

29. **Catalyna Teunise** born at Wallabout, baptized in New Amsterdam, December 16, 1657; Joris Janszn Rapalje and Catalyna, grandparents were witnesses; m- November 15, 1679 in Flatbush Dutch Church, Jan Teunisen De Nyse of Gowanus, son of Teunis De Nyse and Femmetje Jans; settled at Raritan, N.J.; their descendants changed their name to Teunison and later to Van Mittleswaert.

Femmetje De Nyse, bap. August 8, 1680 at Flatbush.
Teunis De Nyse, bap. July 16, 1682 at Flatbush.
Sarah De Nyse, bap. Feb. 1, 1685 at Flatbush.
Abraham De Nyse, bap. Sept. 19, 1699 at Raritan, N.J.
(probably others)

30. **Neeltje Teunise** born Wallabout, bap. in Brooklyn, February 22, 1660; d.y.
31. **Aeltje Teunise,** born at Wallabout, baptized in Brooklyn, November 13, 1661; died in 1735; m- December 11, 1681 in Flatbush Dutch Church, Cornelius Jans Kuyper (Cooper) son of Claess Jans Kuyper Van Purmasant and Annetje Van Voast of Bergen, N.J., born in 1659, baptized March 21, 1659, in New Amsterdam; he died May 5, 1731 in Upper Nyack, N.Y. His will dated November 30, 1730.

Claess Kuyper	bap. May 10, 1684 at Wallabout; d.y.
Teunis "	" April 8, 1685 "
Sarah "	" Jan. 27, 1687 at Tappan, N.Y.; m- John Brown
Claess "	bap. April 2, 1689 at Bergen, N.J.
Elizabeth "	" April 19, 1691 at Tappan, N.Y.; m- James Osborn
Cornelius "	bap. 1693, at Tappan, N.Y.
Neeltje "	" April 11, 1695 at Tappan, N.Y.; m- Joseph Simmons
Dirck Kuyper	bap. Oct. 13, 1696 at Tappan, N.Y.
Trientje "	" 1698; m- Jacob Eckerson
Hillegont "	" June 16, 1700 at Bergen, N.J.; m- Alasuras Weskirk
Marritje "	bap. Oct. 16, 1701 at Tappan, N.Y.; d.y.

	Gysbert Kuyper	bap. June 28, 1704 at Tappan, N.Y.; m- Annetje Minnerly
	Johannes "	bap. Feb. 8, 1706, died 1765; m- Sarah Van Cleef
	Hendrick "	bap. Jan. 13, 1708 at Tappan, N.Y.; m- Elizabeth Allison
	Annetje	

32. **Annetje Teunise** (twin of Neeltje) born at Wallabout, baptized in New Amsterdam, August 23, 1665; Jeronomus Rapalje and Pieter Pieterson, witnesses; m- August 22, 1687 in Flatbush Dutch Church, Joris Janszn Brinkerhoff, son of Abramsz Brinkerhoff and Aeltje Stryker of Flatlands; he was born March 1, 1664 and died March 27, 1729; she died June 11, 1750. They settled in Flushing, L.I.

	Sarah Brinkerhoff	born December 18, 1690, bap. New Amsterdam, May 10, 1691; m- Rem Adriance.
	Susanna "	born March 4, 1693 at Brooklyn, bap. April 2, 1693.
	Abraham "	born Dec. 10, 1694, bap. Brooklyn, May 5, 1695.
	Tunis "	born Mar. 29, 1697, bap. May 9, 1697; m- Elizabeth Ryder (Riker)
	Isaac "	born Apr. 26, 1699, bap. May 28, 1699; m- Dianna Brinkerhoff.
	Aeltje "	born April 13, 1704, bap. Apr. 18, 1704; m- Cornelius Rapalje, bap. Brooklyn Oct. 22, 1702.
	Joris "	born May 29, 1705 at Brooklyn; m- Maria Van Dyck
	Neeltje "	born July 22, 1706 at Brooklyn, bap. Sept. 8, 1706; m- Adrian Martense
	Hendrick "	born Jan. 2, 1709 at Brooklyn; m- Lammetje Rapalje
	Antje "	born Oct. 4, 1712 at Brooklyn; m- Abraham Rapalje

33. **Neeltje Teunise** (twin of Annetje) born Wallabout, baptized in New Amsterdam, August 23, 1665; Judith Bayard and Trientje Roelofs were witnesses; m- August 22, 1687 in Flatbush Dutch Church, Cornelius T. De Nyse, brother of

Jan who married her sister Catalyna. They settled in Raritan, N.J.

Tunis De Nyse,		bap. New Amsterdam, April 22, 1688; m- Adriaentje.....
Cornelius De Nyse, Jr.		
Abraham	"	bap. Raritan, N.J. March 8, 1699; d.y.
Abraham	"	bap. Raritan, N.J. Sept. 26, 1700; m- Mella.....
Jan	"	bap. Raritan, N.J. Apr. 20, 1704; m- Pietronella, daughter of Gysbert T. Bogaert (34)
Sarah	"	bap. Raritan, N.J. Apr. 3, 1706
De Nyse	"	bap. Raritan, N.J. Apr. 28, 1708; m- Sarah.....

*34. **GYSBERT TUNIS BOGAERT,** only son, was born at Wallabout, and was baptized in New Amsterdam, December 5, 1668.

34.

GYSBERT TUNIS BOGAERT, only son of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert (14) and Sarah Rapalje, was born at the Wallabout, and was baptized in New Amsterdam, December 5, 1668. His father's cousin, Jan Laurens Bogaert of Bedford, L.I. was a witness to his baptism. He married April 16, 1689, in the Flatbush Dutch Church, Jannetje Symonson Van Arsdale, a widow. She was born in 1670, and died in Staten Island in 1728. He went over to Staten Island about 1689, and settled at Fresh Kills where he purchased 250 acres of land, and where his seven children were born. By 1699, the year in which his father died, he acquired either by purchase or deed the greater part of his father's property at the Wallabout, Bushwick and Brooklyn Village. He removed to Flatlands where he served as deacon of the Dutch Church in 1706. He was quartermaster in the Cavalry Troop of Kings County, a regiment of 250 men under Col. Stephen Van Cortlandt. In 1711 he was a member of the Brooklyn Militia under Col. Henry L. Filkin, and in 1713, a captain of the same regiment under Col. Jacobus Van Cortlandt. He also was a member of the Bushwick Militia. In 1729, he deeded some 76 acres of the Bushwick property to his eldest son Gysbert Jr., the details of which are given in the history of the Bogart property. He died in Bushwick sometime after 1732 when he was named administrator of his son Cornelius' estate.

*35. **Tunis G.,** born in Staten Island in 1689.
36. **Sarah,** born in Staten Island, baptized in Brooklyn, August 24, 1690; m- April 20, 1717 in Flatbush Dutch Church, to Abraham Schenck, born May 8, 1689, son of Marten Roelfs Schenck and Susanna Brinkerhoff; she died before 1766.
*37. **Cornelius,** born in Staten Island about 1691.
*38. **Simon,** born in Staten Island, baptized in Brooklyn, November 5, 1693; See STATEN ISLAND BRANCH.
*39. **Gysbert Jr.,** born in Staten Island about 1697. See NEW JERSEY BRANCH.
40. **Pieteronella,** born in Staten Island, baptized in Brooklyn, December 26, 1699; m- Jan Teunison De Nyse, her cousin, son of Cornelius Teunison De Nyse and Neeltje Bogaert (33); settled at Raritan, N.J.; he was bap. April 20, 1704; this family changed their name to Teunison and later to Van Mittleswaert.

Jan De Nyse bap. October 25, 1724.
Pieteronella De Nyse bap. June 26, 1726.

41. **Maria,** born in Staten Island, baptized in Brooklyn, June 16, 1702.

35.

TUNIS GYSBERT BOGAERT, son of Gysbert T. Bogaert (34) and Jannetje Symonson Van Aersdale, was born in Staten Island in 1689, and was a weaver by trade. He married Catherine Hegeman of New Lots, daughter of Joseph Hegeman and Femmetje Remsen, October 20, 1711. He settled at Fresh Kills, Staten Island on property he acquired from his father. He was on the assessment rolls of Richmond County, and was elected assessor in 1715. About 1730, he sold his property to his brother Simon, and moved to Bushwick. While living in Staten Island he was a private in the Richmond County Militia in 1711 and in 1713. He died in Bushwick in 1768, leaving a will (Appendix-N) dated June 22, 1767, in which he divided his farm between his sons Adrian and Cornelius (See History of Bogart Property); his wife Catherine died previous to 1767.

*42. **Guysbert,** born in Staten Island about 1713.
*43. **Isaac,** born in Staten Island, October 13, 1718, See OYSTER BAY BRANCH.
*44. **Adrian,** born in Staten Island, December 1, 1720; m- to Magdalena Schenck.

45 **Tunis,** born in Staten Island, baptized there December 30, 1722; m- ..... Voorhees; m- Lea (Helen) Vandevoort, October 17, 1760. He died intestate in 1767, and his father and brother Abraham were named administrators; no children are mentioned, but are referred to in the will of their grandfather, Gysbert T. Bogaert (Appendix- N). In the will of Koert Voorhees, dated 1747, he mentions "Tunis Bogart my brother-in-law". His widow Lea, married her cousin, Jan Vandevoort, January 12, 1770 in Dutchess County, N.Y.

*46 **Abraham,** born in Staten Island, March 22, 1723; m- Margaret Van der Bild.

47 **Maria,** baptized in Staten Island, March 28, 1725; m- Evert Suydam of New Utrecht; he was born March 25, 1720; Volkert Volkertson was a witness to her baptism; she died March 24, 1812.

Geertje, Suydam
Evert, "
Hendrick, Suydam, bap. June 23, 1751 at Flatbush Dutch Church.
Catherine Suydam, bap. Aug. 22, 1753 at New York Dutch Church.
Tunis Suydam, born Nov. 21, 1755, died August 7, 1828; m- Ida Voorhees.

*48 **Cornelius,** baptized in Staten Island, March 2, 1729; m- Margaret Covert; settled in Nova Scotia, Canada. (See CANADIAN BRANCH).

49 **Annetje,** baptized in Staten Island, March 2, 1729 (twin of Cornelius).

50 **Jannetje,** born in Staten Island; died before her father; m- Jacob Cashow, son of Jacques Cashow (Cassart); had Isaac, bapt. in New York March 27, 1754.

37.

CORNELIUS BOGAERT, son of Gysbert T. Bogaert (34) and Jannetje Symonse Van Aersdale, was born in Staten Island about 1691. He married Annetje Volkertson daughter of Nicholas Volkertson of Bushwick in 1711. He was often confused with Cornelius Bogaert of Raritan, of the Albany Branch, who had a son born in Raritan in 1711. (Appendix-T) He left a will dated April 25, 1732 (Appendix-L) in which he mentions his three children and an unborn child. He

appointed his father, Gysbert T. Bogaert, his father-in-law, Nicholas Volkertson, and his brothers-in-law, executors. His widow Annetje married a Wortman; her will of 1773 mentions her son Gysbert Bogaert, executor.

51. **Gysbert,** married Antje Lott of Brooklyn, December 11, 1760 in New York; she was the daughter of Johannes Lott, and was born October 18, 1721; he was born after 1711, and died September 4, 1778, leaving a will (Appendix-Q). No children mentioned.
52. **Neeltje,** born about 1713; m- Isaac Braiser, son of Hendrick Braiser.

    Abigail Braiser, born Sept. 25, 1754
    Maria " bap. Jan. 6, 1760
    Hendrick " bap. May 30, 1761

53. **Jannetje,** born about 1716; m- Jacob Rapalje; m- Abraham Rapalje; had Marritje born Feb. 8, 1767.

42.

GYSBERT BOGAERT, son of Tunis G. Bogaert (35) and Catherine Hegeman, was born in Staten Island about 1713. He married (1), Annetje Rapalje; (2) Margaret Bos, May 19, 1754; she was baptized November 21, 1731, the daughter of Nicholas Bos and Elizabeth Drinkwater of New Utrecht. He is mentioned in his father's will of 1767, Appendix-N. He settled in Flatlands and died there in 1773, leaving a will dated September 5, 1772, Appendix-O in which he named the following children —

By Annetje Rapalje

*54. **Jan Cornelius,** born about 1734.
55. **Jannetje.**
56. **Catherine,** born August 21, 1738, died January 26, 1826, buried in Flatbush Dutch churchyard; m- March 17, 1759, Johannes Stoothoff, son of Wilhelmus Stoothoff and Aeltje Coerten Voorhees; born January 4, 1738, died June 20, 1806.

Antje Stoothoff		bap. Jan. 1, 1762 at Flatlands.		
Sarah	"	"	Aug. 27, 1764	"
Wilhelmus	"	"	Dec. 4, 1768	"
Johanna	"	"	May 11, 1770	"

Aeltje Stoothoff	bap.	Jan. 15, 1775 at Flatlands.
Johannes "	"	July 19, 1778 "
Catherine "	"	Nov. 19, 1780 "

57. **Annetje,** born June 9, 1749; m- Gerrit Dorland Snediker.

Gerrit Snediker	bap.	June 28, 1772 at Flatlands.
Johannes "	"	May 7, 1775 "
Gysbert "	"	Feb. 15, 1778 "
Tunis "	"	April 2, 1780 "
Annetje "	"	Oct. 26, 1783 "

By Margaret Bos

*58. **Tunis,** baptized in New York, April 20, 1755. See CANADIAN BRANCH.

*59. **Nicholas,** married Catherine Stoothoff.

60. **Elizabeth,** died in 1836; m- Abraham Stoothoff, October 6, 1783.

Abraham Stoothoff	bap.	May 9, 1790
John B. "	"	April 16, 1792
Hyltje "	"	Nov. 10, 1797

*61. **Gysbert,** born December 10, 1758.

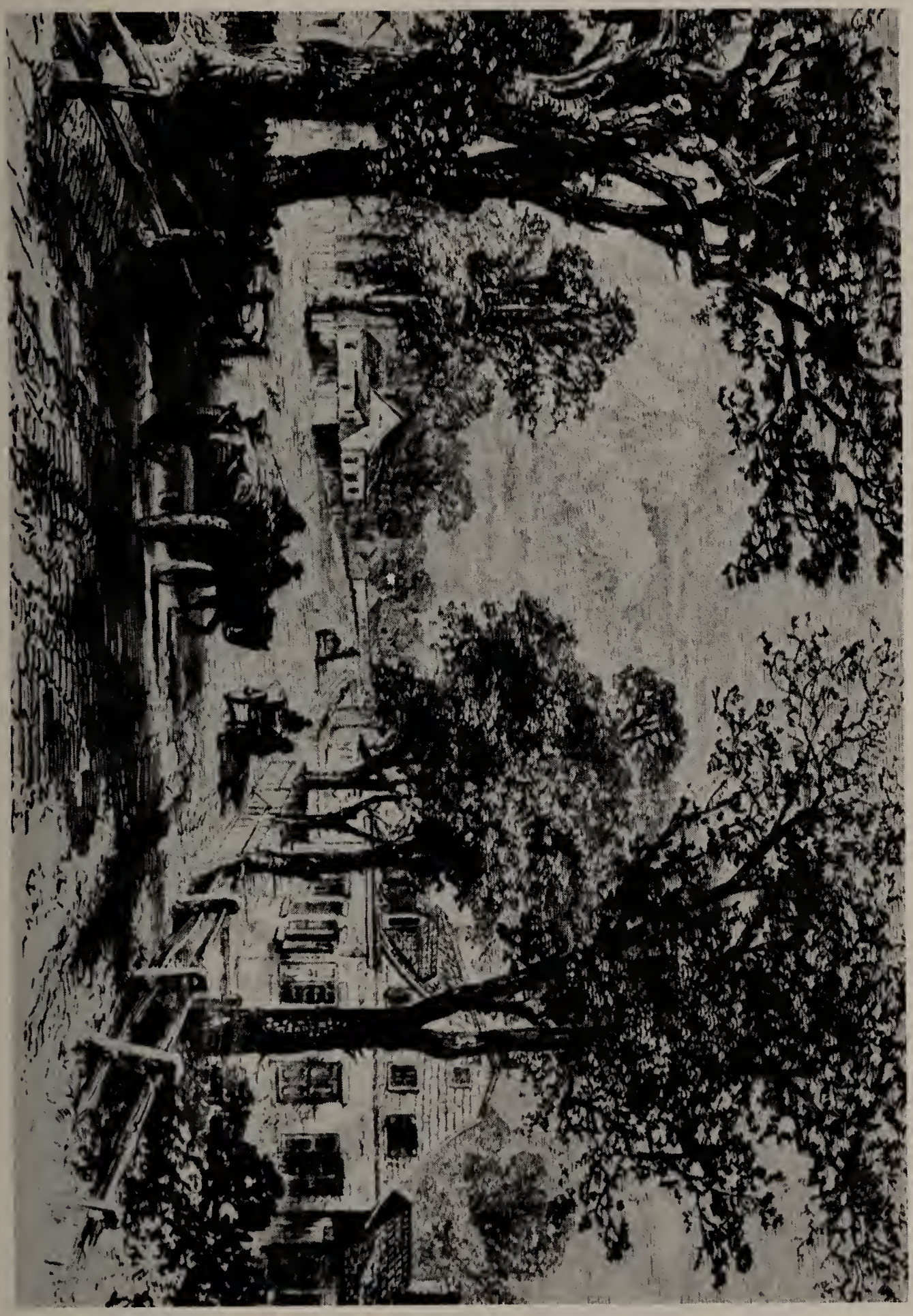
62. **Aeltje.**

63. **Margaret,** baptized March 28, 1766.

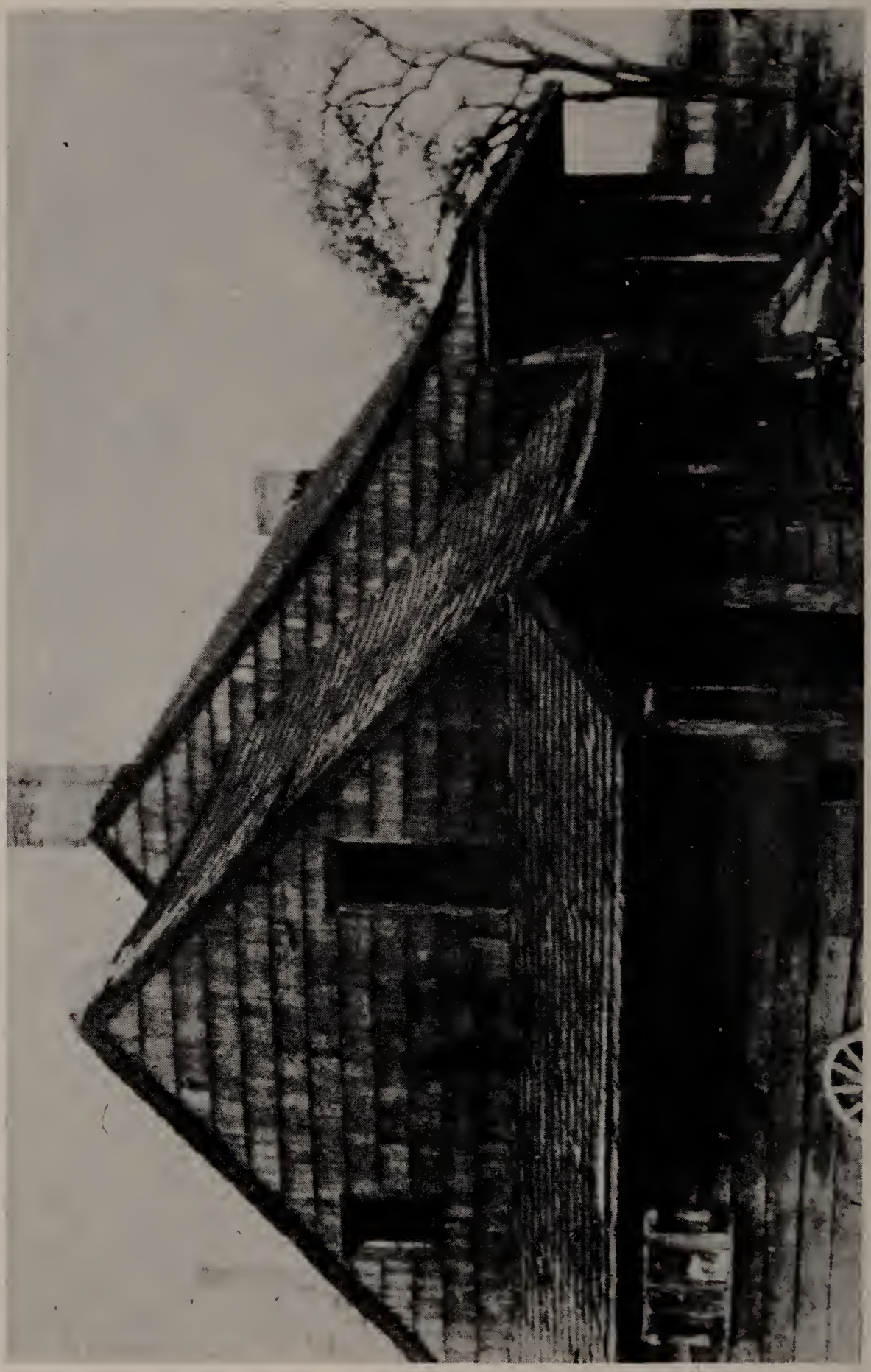
64. **Maria,** born September 23, 1768, bap. October 16, 1768 at Flatlands; died in New Utrecht, September 9, 1841; buried in Barkeloo Cemetery, Bay Ridge, Brooklyn; m- (1) July 25, 1789 in Flatbush Dutch Church, Jacques Barkeloo, son of Hermanus Barkeloo and Sarah Terhune; he was born February 21, 1747, died April 8, 1813; had five children; (2) to Simon Cortelyou of New Uthecht, son of Peter Cortelyou and Agnes De Hart; he was born March 11, 1746, died August 15, 1828.

65. **Catalyna,** born March 21, 1770, bap. March 24th; died May 2, 1806, m- June 16, 1789, Augustus Wright, son of Jonathan Wright and Tabitia Sammis; he was born May 8, 1765, died March 29, 1819; buried in Westchester Cemetery.

Augustus Wright	born	1783 d.y.
Maria B. "	"	1790, died 1873; m- James Seaman.



Bedford Corners, Brooklyn, about 1710, now Fulton Street and Bedford Avenue.



Wyckoff House, Brooklyn, built in 1637, occupied by the family for over 250 years. Still standing.

ADRIAN BOGART, son of Tunis G. Bogaert (35) and Catherine Hegeman, was born in Staten Island, December 1, 1720 and was baptized there December 18th; he married Magdalena Schenck, November 18, 1748 the daughter of Peter Schenck and Magdalena De Haes. She was born February 26, 1725 and died November 27, 1801. Adrian shared in the final disposition of the original Bogart property in Bushwick willed to him and his brother Cornelius by their father; this property was sold to a Dutchman, Jacob Blom in 1797 (See History of Bogart Property). He is mentioned in his father's will of 1767, Appendix-N. Adrian died in New York, January 7, 1799 where he was buried.

*66. **Tunis S.** born October 15, 1749, baptized October 25, 1749 in New York.
67. **Elizabeth,** born April 2, 1752, bap. April 22, 1752.
*68. **Peter P.(S)** born March 24, 1754.
69. **Adrian,** born October 28, 1756 d.y.
70. **Catalyna,** born April 9, 1759, bap. April 22, 1759; m- September 1, 1788, John Ross of Fishkill, N.Y.; she died May 3, 1789; had Catherine born April 27, 1789.
71. **Magdalena,** born January 6, 1762, bap. February 3, 1762; m- John Van Alst Jr. May 14, 1786; resided in New York.

John Van Alst		born February 25, 1787, bap. March 25th.
Magdalena	"	born January 23, 1788, bap. February 27th.
Catherine	"	born January 6, 1791, bap. February 20th.
Aletta	"	born November 9, 1792, bap. December 7th.
Margaret,	"	born June 10, 1800, bap. July 20th.

72. **Jannetje,** born February 3, 1764, bap. February 19, 1764; died at the home of her son-in-law, Isaac Baxter in Philadelphia; he died in Fishkill, N.Y. September, 1807. She married Lewis Kniffen (Griffin), February 11, 1784.

Tunis Kniffen		born February 27, 1791 at Poughkeepsie, N.Y.
Elizabeth	"	born January 9, 1793 at New Hackensack, N.Y. m- Isaac Baxter.
Israel	"	born June 9, 1795.

*73. **Adrian Jr.** born November 20, 1767, bap. December 20, 1770.

46.

ABRAHAM BOGAERT, son of Tunis G. Bogaert (35) and Catherine Hegeman, was born in Staten Island, March 22, 1723, bap. April 21, 1725; he settled in Bushwick where he died, March 11, 1792. He married Margaret (Mary) Van der Bild in 1749, daughter of Ares Jansz Van der Bild and Seytje Stryker; Koert Voorhees and Maria Hegeman were witnesses to his baptism in 1725; she died December 18, 1802. On May 23, 1768 Abraham conveyed to the Bushwick Dutch Church, a plot of ground for the new school house. His son-in-law, Abraham Rapalje and his daughter Synthia purchased his property in Bushwick. In 1756 he appeared as a bondsman for John Meserole. He is mentioned in his father's will of 1767, Appendix-N.

74. **Tunis,** born February 23, 1750.
75. **Synthia,** born August 9, 1751, died March 8, 1799; m- Abraham Rapalje, November 23, 1767; he died December 24, 1780 aged 39 years; m- (2) Richard Van der Berg in 1793; Synthia's son, Abraham married Sarah Wyckoff.
*76. **Ares,** born August 22, 1753.
77. **Abraham Jr.** born October 20, 1755; m- September 22, 1781 to Margaret Lane of New Jersey. They joined the Bushwick Dutch Church August 28, 1789; he left a will dated August 17, 1822; his wife's will dated June 30, 1830 – neither mentions children; on March 27, 1788 he conveyed to his brother, Gysbert, property adjoining that of Francis Vandervoort and Volkertsen of Bushwick.
*78. **Peter,** born November 10, 1757.
*79. **Gysbert,** born October 30, 1760.
80. **Leffert,** born June 23, 1764; m- Maria Abbott at Flatbush Dutch Church, March 28, 1792; he died December 2, 1821; she was born November 29, 1779, died August 4, 1827; had Sarah A., born 1797.
81. **Isaac,** born February 23, 1770.
82. **Catalyna,** born February 19, 1771; died April 3, 1841.

54.

JAN CORNELIUS BOGAERT, son of Gysbert Bogaert (42) and Annetje Rapalje, was born in Flatlands, Brooklyn about 1734. He was generally called "John" in the locality. He married Cornelia

Stoothoff, daughter of Abraham Stoothoff. He was a prosperous farmer and owned lands in Flatbush and Flatlands. His will dated February 21, 1792, names his brother-in-law Abraham Stoothoff and Peter Wyckoff executors (Appendix-S); he also made provision for the education of his two sons Tunis and Cornelius Jr. (no others mentioned) who at that time were minors. He is mentioned in his father's will of 1772, Appendix-O.

83. **Tunis.**
*84. **Cornelius** baptized October 9, 1772. See CANADIAN BRANCH

There may have been other children.

59.

NICHOLAS BOGART, son of Gilbert (42) and Margaret Bos (Bush), was born in Flatlands. He married Catherine Stoothoff; settled in Gowanus in May 1823. His wife died December 17th of the same year. In the will of his mother-in-law, Sarah Stoothoff, dated August 23, 1827, probated March 3, 1843, she refers to her daughter Catherine, the "wife of Nicholas Bogart"; he is mentioned in his father's will of 1772, Appendix-O.

85. **Gysbert,** born in Flatlands, February 16, 1823, baptized May 4, 1823. He served in the Civil War as a Captain in the Brooklyn Volunteers; m- June 18, 1844, Elizabeth Hawxhurst.

61.

GILBERT BOGART, son of Gilbert Bogart (42) and Margaret Bos, was born and baptized in Flatlands, December 10, 1758. He married Rachel Bennett daughter of Abraham Bennett of New Utrecht; she was born in 1771 and died September 5, 1812; he died in Harlem August 11, 1847 and was buried in St. Peter's Episcopal Churchyard, Westchester Township. In "Reminiscences of Gowanus" by Bangs, published in 1912, we find this reference - "Following the line towards New Utrecht – the next house was that of John Cropsey near the easterly corner of Gowanus Road and Martense Lane (35th Street between 3rd and 4th Avenues). Next came Gilbert Bogart's house built by Abraham Bennett, his father-in-law." Gilbert is mentioned in his father's will of 1772, Appendix-O.

86 **Margaret,** baptized in New Utrecht, September 7, 1788
86a **Gertrude,** m- Abraham Meserole; died February 27, 1857
87 **Abraham,** baptized in New Utrecht, May 29, 1796
*88 **Gilbert,** born in New Utrecht, September 30, 1797, bap. October 29, 1797
88a **Nicholas,** born October 9, 1799, died January 7, 1865
89 **Rachel,** bap. In New Utrecht, June 27, 1802; m- Ephriam Thorne (?) July 16, 1820
90. **Maria,** born August 31, 1812

66.

TUNIS S. BOGART, son of Adrian Bogart (44) and Magdalena Schenck, was born in New York, October 15, 1749. He was married to Alida Simonson, daughter of Simon Simonson of Hackensack, N.J., April 26, 1774, by Domine Archibald Laidles. She was born October 9, 1739. They went to Hackensack later removing to Boonton, N.J., where they purchased a farm. He made a nuncupative will dated January 16, 1791 in which he mentions his father; Elizabeth, his sister; his brothers Peter and Adrian Jr., and his brother-in-law John Van Alst, husband of his sister Magdalena, deceased. He was buried in Van Pelt Manor, New Utrecht, Brooklyn.

91 **Magdalena,** baptized January 22, 1775.
92 **Simon,** baptized at Schraalenburg (now Dumont) N.J. December 23, 1776.
93 **Sarah,** baptized at Schraalenburg (now Dumont) N.J. December 9, 1778.

68.

PETER P. BOGART, son of Adrian Bogart (44) and Magdalena Schenck, was born March 24, 1754, baptized in New York, March 27, 1754. He married Margaret Bennett, daughter of Winant Bennett and Charity....., of Gowanus, June 27, 1773. She was born in 1754. Peter served in the Revolutionary War and signed the Articles of Association at Jacob Griffin's Tavern in Dutchess County, N.Y., August 15, 1775. He also served in Capt. Van Wyck's Company of Col. Brinkerhoff's regiment and fought in the Battle of Bunker's Hill, New York (Mott, Grand, Broome and Center Streets, formerly known as Bayard's Hill). His wife died August 31, 1811. Peter died July 12, 1830 (?). He left an unrecorded will in which he named his daughters Gertrude, Magdalena, Sarah and Elizabeth and three sons, Winant, Peter and Adrian.

*94 **Adrian,** born September 26, 1774.
95 **Gertrude,** born May 6, 1776; died September 1840; m- William Kelly; lived for a time in Eatontown, N.J. He was buried in New Utrecht.
96 **Magdalena,** born February 17, 1778 at Fishkill, N.Y.; m- Schuyler Baxter at Flatbush, May 22, 1800; she died in Philadelphia, January 28, 1866; he died in Cincinnati, Ohio in 1843. He was the son of Capt. John Baxter and Mary Schuyler, born April 10, 1761; his first wife was Penelope Dodge. Children-

Magdalena Baxter, born August 16, 1801, died 1808.
William Schuyler Baxter, born February 16, 1803; m- Mary Ann O'Brien.
Penelope Baxter, born February 25, 1805; m- James Scott.
Margaret Baxter, born August 27, 1808; m- (1) Horace Bidwell; m- (2) Samuel Trevor.

*97 **Winant,** born February 6, 1780.
98 **Elizabeth,** born May 17, 1782; died in New York in 1862; m- William Clark of New York; buried in New Utrecht.
99 **Sarah,** born May 17, 1785; m- Abraham Teurs; she died October 12, 1860.
*100 **Peter P. Jr.** born October 12, 1786; twin of Margaret.
101 **Margaret,** born October 12, 1786 - twin of Peter; died young.
102 **Margaret,** born May 29, 1793, died November 26, 1856; m- Isaac Smith (?) July 27, 1813 at Flatbush Dutch Church.

73.

ADRIAN BOGART JR. son of Adrian Bogart (44) and Magdalena Schenck, was born in New York, November 20, 1767 and was baptized December 20, 1770. He married (1) Phoebe Ann Bailey, born in Newtown, L.I., in 1771 and died in December 1824; (2) to Hannah.....; (3) Mary.....; Adrian died in Bay Ridge, Brooklyn October 6, 1849, and was buried in the Methodist Episcopal churchyard. In "Old Sands Street Church" by Warriner, published in 1885, is the following account - "Adrian Bogart first joined the M.E. Church in Newtown, Long Island later removing to Yellow Hook, Bay Ridge, in 1794, and united with the Sands Street Church in Brooklyn. Through his influence, preaching was established in his home in 1822, and a class was formed in Yellow Hook in 1832 which soon grew into a separate Society. He was a licensed exhorter and was a class leader from 1814 until his death at the age

of 79 years. He died in the very room in which the first Methodist Episcopal sermon was preached in Bay Ridge. On March 24, 1831, the Sunday School was organized under the pastorate of the Rev. J. Luckey. Mrs. Lavinia Van Cleff, who lived at the corner of 4th Ave. and 99th Street, Brooklyn, was a granddaughter of Adrian Bogart, and stated that "about 1822, regular preaching services were held at the home of the Bogart's, corner of 9th Ave., and 59th Street." According to Warriner, Adrian Bogart died at the age of 79 years, however, his birth date in New York is given in the records as 1767, and his baptism in 1770. Letters of Administration were issued to his wife, Mary, May 22, 1850, in which his children are mentioned.

103 **Phoebe,** died before her father; m- Cornelius De Groff.
Isaac De Groff.
Cornelius De Groff
Phoebe De Groff.
Margaret De Groff.
Jane De Groff.

*104 **Adrian,** born ca. 1793.

105 **Ann,** born August 19, 1795; m- Henry S. Stillwell, son of Christopher Stillwell and Lavinia De Groff, October 24, 1815; he died in New Utrecht, October 16, 1866; she died October 29, 1876.
Adrian Stillwell, born October 4, 1816.
Lavinia Stillwell, born January 1, 1819; m- Daniel C. Van Cleef.
Phoebe Stillwell, born November 15, 1820; m- Jacob Moore.
Margaret Stillwell, born November 22, 1822; m- Michael Howland.
Helen Stillwell, born January 25, 1825, died single, October 3, 1885.
Ann Marie Stillwell, born July 5, 1827, died single.
Henry Stillwell, born October 30, 1830.
James Stillwell, born October ..., 1831.
Mary Ann Stillwell, born December 23, 1834; m- Peter Moore.
Elizabeth Jane Stillwell, born February 6, 1837.
Sarah Elizabeth Stillwell, born February 23, 1839.

106 **Margaret,** born May 27, 1797; m- Simon De Nyse, grandson of De Nyse De Nyse and Elizabeth Bennett; he was born March 10, 1796, died November 6, 1878; she died November 26, 1855. Simon's grandfather operated the ferry between Fort Hamilton and Staten Island for many years.

Phoebe De Nyse, m- Tunis Schenck Bogart, son of Peter Bogart (100) and Ann Furman.
Peter De Nyse, born 1831; he was a prominent florist for many years.
Probably others.

*107 **Peter, A.** born October 15, 1804;
108 **Gertrude,** died before her father; m- John De Groff.
Abraham De Groff
Adrian "
John "
Isaac "
Phoebe "
Hannah "
Gertrude "
Peter "
Jane "
Ann "
*109 **Abraham,** born in New Utrecht.

76.

ARES BOGART, son of Abraham Bogart (46) and Margaret Van der Bild, was born in Bushwick, August 22, 1753, died September 7, 1819. He married Willempje Suydam, December 23, 1775.

110 **Nicholas,** born September 1, 1792; bap. October 7, 1792.
May have been others.

78.

PETER BOGART, son of Abraham Bogart (46) and Margaret Van der Bild, was born in Bushwick, November 10, 1757, died December 9, 1821; m- Jannetje Van Duyn, December 16, 1780.

111 **Cornelius,** baptized February 12, 1786; probably died young.
112 **Gilbert,** baptized April 24, 1791.
113 **Antje,** baptized September 22, 1795.
114 **Cornelius,** baptized December 11, 1796.

79.

GILBERT BOGART, son of Abraham Bogart (46) and Margaret Van der Bild, was born in Bushwick, October 30, 1760, died November

25, 1831. He married Margaret....., who was born March 1, 1760, and died March 21, 1825. He and his brother Abraham were Commissioners of Bushwick and opened the highway to Newtown from Brooklyn in 1815; they also were among 48 signers of a petition for the use of pasture lands belonging to the Bushwick Dutch Church, August 18, 1795. A permit to keep an inn was issued to him and Alex Whaley, May 17, 1799 and again to him and Peter Van Alst, October 25, 1801. He left a will probated December 20, 1831.

115 **Abraham G.**, born November 29, 1788, died August 21, 1825.
*116 **Gysbert G.**, born May 10, 1791.
117 **Mary** (Polly), born March 15, 1793; bap. May 6th 1793.
118 **Margaret**, born May 4, 1795, bap. June 4, died, April 4, 1825.
119 **Tunis**, born March 1797, died January 21, 1854; m- Susan Harris of Brooklyn, May 14, 1823 by Domine Schoonmaker; only child, Henrietta R., died in Brooklyn, April 9, 1856; his will probated March 4, 1854, dated Sept. 28, 1846.
120 **Synthia**, born February 17, 1799, bap. March 24, 1799.
121 **Nicholas**, born October 5, 1801, bap. November 1, 1801; he was a pew holder at "Cross Roads", April 1845.
122 **Jane Elizabeth**, born October 4, 1802, died April 13, 1872. (May have married Jacob Fowler)
123 **Catalyna**, born December 10, 1803, bap. January 22, 1804, died October 1891; m- George Clinton Whaley, son of Gilbert Alex Whaley, in 1830.
124 **Ares Van der Bild**, born July 17, 1807, died October 18, 1864; m- Sarah Dizendorf of Brooklyn, September 15, 1831; George Whaley was a witness.
125 **Sarah Hamel**, born October 31, 1813.

88.

GILBERT BOGART, son of Gilbert Bogart (61) and Rachel Bennett, was baptized in New Utrecht, October 29, 1797; died August 18, 1868. He married Elizabeth Bennett May 23, 1818.

*126 **Gilbert**, born in Brooklyn, October 25, 1823.
127 **James**, settled in Swiftwater, Northampton Co. Pa; m- Miss Cooper in 1850; had a son Roger.
128 **Caroline**, married Charles Martin.
129 **Nicholas**, born in Brooklyn in 1849-50; lived at Flushing and Graham Aves.

94.

ADRIAN BOGART, son of Peter Bogart (68) and Margaret Bennett, was born in New York, September 26, 1774. He married Maria Bertholf, daughter of Henry Bertholf and Sarah Van Horn. He died in January 1804; Letters of Administration issued to his wife Maria, January 14, 1804; his widow married William Westervelt of New York.

130 **Rachel,** born October 7, 1798.
131 **Arabella.**
*131a **Adrian,** probably born in 1802.

97.

WINANT BOGART, son of Peter Bogart (68) and Margaret Bennett, was born in New Utrecht, February 6, 1780, and died in Bay Ridge, May 3, 1855. He married Sarah....., and left a will dated March 14, 1855, probated December 9, 1868 in which he mentions his wife and his three children, Jane A., Peter and William J. She left a will dated October 7, 1883 naming her son Peter executor. Winant was a Class Leader in the Bay Ridge M.E. Church in 1822. He may have married previously, Ruth Stillwell. He is mentioned in his father's unrecorded will.

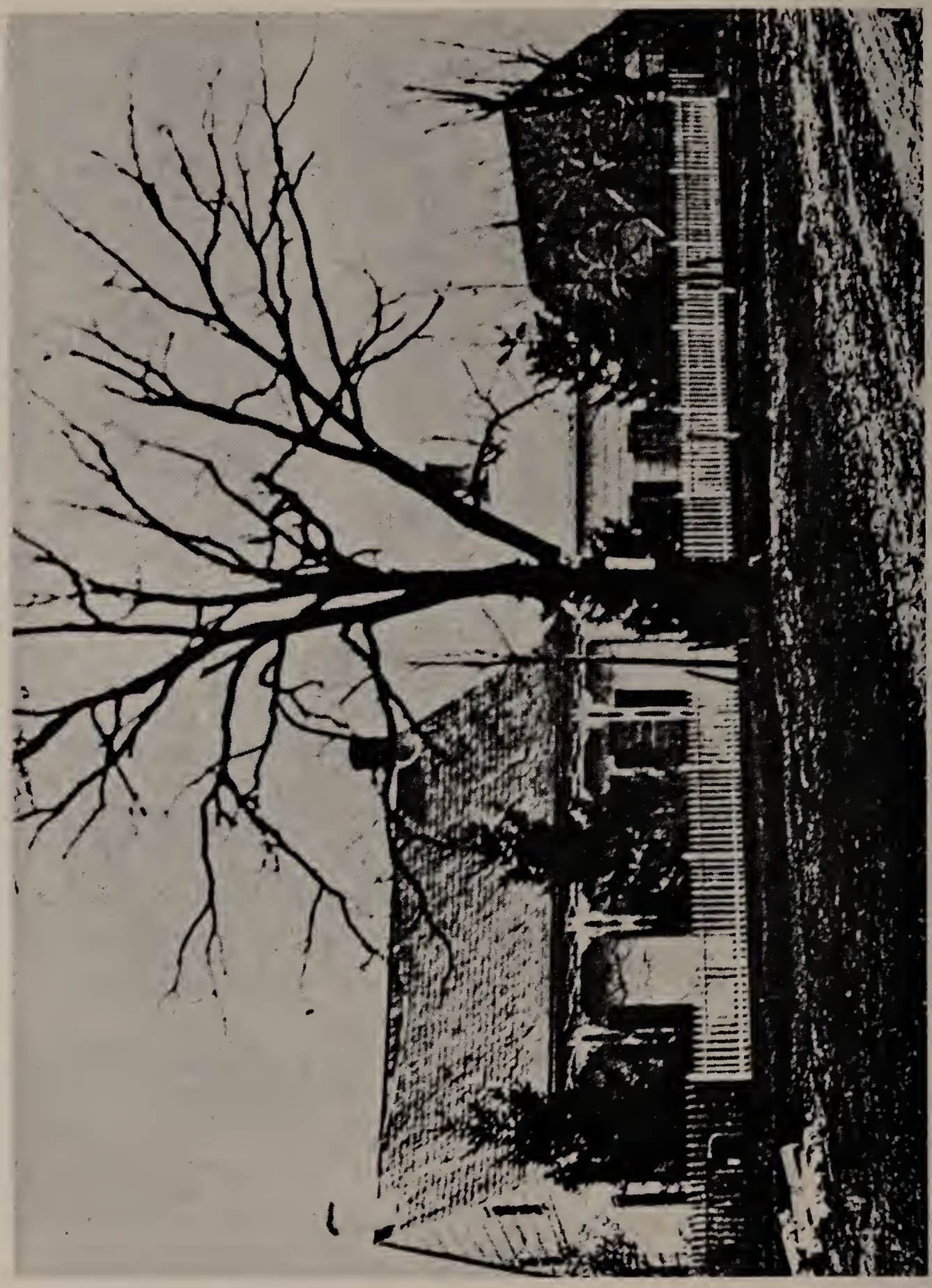
132 **Jane A.,** born in New Utrecht, June 6, 1820; m- Lewis D. Aymar and Charlotte Belden, January 1, 1837; she died January 13, 1886. He was born March 14, 1816 and died in Brooklyn, November 14, 1872.

Lewis Winant Aymar, born December 5, 1841 in New York.
John Peter,Aymar, born in 1845, d.y.
Albert Belden Aymar, born February 27, 1846 in New York.
Sarah Jane, born August 1, 1849; m- Oscar Rogers.

*133 **Peter,** born in New Utrecht in 1824.
134 **William J.**

100.

PETER P. BOGART, JR., son of Peter P. Bogart (68) and Margaret Bennett, was born in New Utrecht, October 12, 1786. He married Ann Furman, December 31, 1812; she was born in 1795 and died



Van Pelt House, Brooklyn, built before 1795, still standing.

October 23, 1840. Peter died October 26, 1868 and was buried in New Utrecht. Letters of Administration dated March 22, 1869; his son George W. was named administrator.

135 **Tunis and Margaret,** twins, died in 1813.
136 **Margaret,** born in 1814; m- November 4, 1835, Andris Monfoort of Gowanus. He was born February 25, 1813, the son of Peter Monfoort and Abigail Ireland.
137 **Maria F.** born in 1817; m- Peter Duryea, son of Peter Duryea and Maria Wyckoff; He died in 1888.

Phillip Duryea, m- Helen Hendrickson.
Furman Low Duryea, died in 1864.
Gertrude Duryea, died in 1864.
Arabella Duryea, died in 1864.

*138 **Tunis S.,** born in 1820.
139 **Magdalena,** born February 18, 1826, died August 9, 1882.
140 **Ann,** born 1827; m- William G. Davis of Harlem, October 23, 1867.
141 **George W.,** born 1829; named administrator of his father's estate.
142 **Elvira,** born 1831; unmarried.
143 **Elizabeth,** born August 31, 1833; m- John C. Furman. She died November 17, 1908. He was born April 14, 1833 and died April 5, 1900. In "Reminiscences of New Utrecht and Gowanus" by Bangs, he states that "Christopher Bennett's home was on 79th Street, and a little further along on the same street was a lane where stood the old Furman home, a relic of long ago days. It is in reality the old Bogart homestead being descended from the Bogart family of colonial and Revolutionary fame. Lizzie Bogart married John C. Furman well known in Brooklyn for many years."
144 **Endora,** born in 1838; m- Charles Bennett.

104.

ADRIAN BOGART, son of Adrian Bogart (73) and Phoebe Ann Bailey, was born in Brooklyn about 1793. He married Ellen Bennett and settled in New Utrecht.

145 **Margaret.**
*146 **Adrian,** born February 29, 1832.

147 **Catherine** (?).

148 **Phoebe,** born 1816, died 1910; m- Mr. Holman; had Adrian; resided in Staten Island.

149 **Peter,** married Harriet A. Smith, daughter of Rev. Nicholas Evert Smith of Oyster Bay, L.I. He died leaving a will dated June 23, 1894 in which he mentions his wife Harriet who died May 25, 1934; had Susan; his wife's will dated March 25, 1925, leaves all to her sister Laura A., wife of William F. Cameron.

107.

PETER A. BOGART, son of Adrian Bogart (73) and Phoebe Bailey, was born October 15, 1804. He was a fisherman and farmer of Unionville on Gravesend Bay, Long Island. He married Jane Christopher, daughter of Edmund Christopher and Catherine Robbins of Staten Island. She was born in 1813, baptized an adult, March 31, 1880. She died April 3, 1900. Peter died in Unionville, March 17, 1879 and was buried in the Methodist Cemetery, Bay Ridge, aged 74 years. His remains were disinterred and removed to Green Wood Cemetery, Brooklyn, September 27, 1892. He spelled his name Bogeart, (the "e" before the "a") as did other branches of this family.

149a **Phoebe,** born ca-1835; m- August 1855, Jacob J. Moore of New Utrecht; no issue.

*149b **Adrian P.,** born 1836;

149c **Catherine,** married Walter Van Pelt, 1859. He was a stone mason and resided at 3rd Ave. and 47St., Brooklyn.

Elvirette S. Van Pelt, born Sept. 8, 1860; m- Thomas Stillwell, son of Col. George W. Stillwell, Nov. 22, 1876. He was born Mar. 6, 1852. They had at least eight children among them Lily who married Joseph Hornbuckle.

149d **Gertrude,** m; (1) Joseph Thatford of Staten Island, at Bay Ridge Methodist Episcopal Church, July 1861; m- (2) William Thatford.

Jessie Thatford
William Thatford

149e **Margaret,** married James Boardman of New York, January 29, 1862 at Grace Methodist Episcopal Church parsonage. No issue. They raised Harry Boardman Mott, son of Sarah Jane

Bogart Mott.

149f **Simon,** married October 18, 1868, Mary Ann Butler of Flatlands; baptized an adult at Fishermans Church, January 6, 1884. He died in 1924, buried in Green Wood Cemetery, Brooklyn. His wife died February 26, 1940. He was a farmer, a carpenter and a contractor. No issue.

149g **Sarah Jane,** born in New Utrecht in 1855. She married Jesse Withie Mott, who was born in September 1841. He died May 14, 1891 and was buried in Green Wood Cemetery. For many years he was a meat dealer and had a store in Brooklyn. Her second husband was William Eagan of Brooklyn; she died in Patchogue, L.I. in July 1935.

Harry Boardman Mott,	born	June 23,	1869
Sarah Elizabeth	"	"	Dec. 31, 1871
Margaret Lavinia	"	"	May 11, 1873
Peter	"	"	July - 1874 d.y.
Jennie May	"	"	Nov. 18, 1876
Jessie Withie	"	"	Mar. 18, 1879
Edward Joseph	"	"	Apr. 24, 1886
Isaac	"	"	Oct. 14, 1882 d.y.

149h **Eliza,** married Lambert Snediker, of Unionville, at Bay Ridge Methodist Episcopal Church, September 13, 1868; witnesses were Sarah Jane Mott and James Boardman.

*149i **Peter A. Jr.,** born in 1852.

*149j **Joseph**

ABRAHAM BOGART, son of Adrian Bogart, Jr. (73) and Phebe Ann Bailey, was born in New Utrecht. He married Mary..... , a widow.

*150 **Adrian,** born in 1831; he changed his name to William;

151 **Abraham,** served in the Civil War.

152 **Mary Elizabeth;** m- Jacob Cozine of Gravesend; had two sons, William and..... .

153 **Charlotte;** m- Mr. Nostrand; had Frank, probably others; she died at age of 99.

154 **William** (step-son).

116.

GILBERT G. BOGART, son of Gilbert Bogart (79) and Margaret....., was born in Bushwick, May 10, 1791, and died June 27, 1850. He married Matilda Boerum daughter of Jacob Boerum of Bushwick. They were pew holders at "Cross Roads" in April 1845. He died leaving a will dated April 11, 1849, probated August 17, 1850 in which he mentions his children; her will dated July 16, 1854.

*155 **Jeremiah,** born in Bushwick, April 20, 1820.
156 **Jasper.**
157 **Margaret.**
158 **Annatie,** baptized July 12, 1817.

126.

GILBERT BOGART son of Gilbert Bogart (88) and Elizabeth Bennett was born in Brooklyn, October 23, 1823. He married Amanda Merritt in New York, June 18, 1846 and settled in Norwalk, Conn., in 1862 where he died November 8, 1886. His wife was born September 25, 1825 and died in Norwalk, February 6, 1872. He had a varied and interesting career having been one of the first mail carriers in Brooklyn under which system mail service was paid for by recipients. He was a member of the crew of the "QUEEN OF THE WEST" in the early 1850's when this full-rigged sailing ship made a phenomenal speed record across the Atlantic Ocean from New York to Liverpool. He served in the Civil War as a Captain in the 139th Brooklyn Volunteers under Colonel Clark. After his removal to Norwalk he represented several mining machinery concerns and traveled extensively throughout the middle and far west.

159 **Lila Amanda,** born in Brooklyn, July 2, 1847; m- William Clark, November 12, 1868.

Florence Clark, born May 8, 1883; married Edwin A. Benedict of Norwalk. They resided in Brooklyn where he died July 27, 1957. No children.
George Clark
Robert Clark
Elbert Clark
Frank Clark

160 **Gilbert Leroy,** born in Brooklyn, January 22, 1850; d.y.
161 **Arabella,** born in Brooklyn, February 15, 1852; d.y.
*162 **Gilbert Edward,** born in Brooklyn, February 30, 1854.
163 **Charles Edward,** born in Brooklyn, December 28, 1857, died March 30, 1863.

164 **George Leander,** born in Brooklyn, February 20, 1861; died single, December 18, 1891 in Norwalk, Conn.

165 **Florence Belle,** born in Norwalk, March 10, 1863, died February 18, 1940; m- (1) Thomas S. Morison, born June 22, 1865, died April 21, 1894; m- (2) Archibald Sheffield, died in 1902; children by first husband -

a Florence Morison, born July 16, 1887; m- Philip D. Atwater. She is a graduate of Kent Peace School, Summit, N.J.

Marjorie, born June 29, 1915, a graduate of Kimberley School, Montclair; m- Ralph T. Crane , Jr; three children-

Ralph T. Crane, III, born November 26, 1940.
Margaret Atwater Crane, born May 18, 1944;
Philip Atwater Crane, born July 5, 1950; they reside in Morristown.

b Pauline Morison, born November 22, 1889. She is a graduate of Kent Peace School; m- William D. O'Gorman, born November 14, 1888, died September 6, 1950. Four children-

Elizabeth O'Gorman, born December 15, 1916; m- Willard W. Dixon; she is a graduate of Kimberley School; children- Willard Michael Dixon, born March 31, 1942; Robert Jennings Dixon, born February 21, 1947; Stephen P. Dixon, born February 13, 1949.

Pauline O'Gorman, born October 26, 1919; m- Barclay Morrison; she is a graduate of Kimberley School. Children- Pauline M. Morrison, born April 15, 1940; Elizabeth Jennings Morrison, born August 29, 1941; Barclay M. Morrison Jr., born November 22, 1946.

Susan O'Gorman, born February 23, 1923; m- Stuart Boyd Leigh; she is a graduate of Kimberley School; they reside in New Vernon, N.J. Children- Christopher Sheffield Leigh, born February 6, 1947; Stuart Boyd Leigh, born March 31, 1950.

William D. O'Gorman, born October 15, 1925; he attended Montclair Academy and was graduated from Exeter. He served with the U.S. Navy, and received his Masters Degree in English at University of California, San Fran-

cisco. He married Doris Reiman; no children; residence, St. Louis Mo.

131a

ADRIAN BOGART, son of Adrian Bogart (94) and Maria Bertholf, was born in Brooklyn about 1802. He married Martha Larosa, in Brooklyn, April 20, 1823.

*165a **Adrian Livingston,** born in New York.

133.

PETER BOGART, son of Winant Bogart (97) and Sarah....., was born in New Utrecht in 1824, and died in 1870. He married Lavinia Stillwell, daughter of Elias Stillwell and Sarah Rhodes, December 19, 1847; she was born February 24, 1827.

*166 **Isaac Smith,** born in Brooklyn, May 8, 1848.
167 **Charles Henry,** born November 7, 1850; m (1) Henrietta Dufour, July 19, 1877; m- (2) Sarah Hemphill; died in Orange, N.J. June 16, 1879.
168 **Sarah Jane,** born April 1853; m- Edwin F. Seaman, December 23, 1878.
169 **Elias Sylvester,** born September 23, 1857, bap. March 5, 1860; m- in 1883 Elizabeth Buffington, daughter of B.F. Buffington and Nancy I. Ayers; had Nellie Stevens born in Springfield, Nebraska.
170 **Marie Matilda,** born April 23, 1861, bap. November 25, 1863.
171 **Gertrude Flora,** born March 2, 1864.
172 **James.**

138.

TUNIS S. BOGART, son of Peter Bogart (100) and Ann Furman, was born in Bay Ridge in 1820. He married Phoebe De Nyse, born October 4, 1821, daughter of Simon De Nyse and Margaret Bogart daughter of Adrian Bogart (73) and Phoebe Bailey; she died October 16, 1916; he died May 25, 1848. They had one surviving child -

*173 **Peter Schenck,** born in Bay Ridge, Brooklyn July 17, 1844.

146

ADRIAN BOGART, son of Adrian Bogart (104) and Ellen Bennett was born in Brooklyn February 29, 1832 and died in 1920. He married Ann Packingham, and settled in New Utrecht. He served in the Civil War under the name "Peter Bogart" with the 14th Infantry and later the 131st New York Volunteers, serving under General Sherman; he was discharged with the rank of 2nd Lieutenant at Atlanta, Ga. in 1865. He and his sister sold a large piece of property to Green Wood Cemetery, Brooklyn when it was established.

*174 **Adrian Thomas,** born in Brooklyn, February 4, 1870.
175 **Peter,** born in 1872, died single in 1898.

149b

ADRIAN P. BOGART, son of Peter A. Bogart (107) and Jane Christopher, was born in 1836 and died January 29, 1922 at 237 Bay 35 St. Gravesend, Brooklyn. He was buried in Green Wood Cemetery. He married Georgianna Morris of Unionville, June 23, 1869. He was baptized an adult at Fishermans Church, July 2, 1871. He was a mason, brick layer and a dealer in mason's supplies.

175a **Emma May,** bap. an adult, June 8, 1902 at Fishermans Church. She married Oliver E. Miller, 25, of Clayville, Penn., September 4, 1904.

Beatrice Marie Miller, born August 22, 1904, bap. Sept. 4, 1904.

175b **Jessie Louise,** born November 5, 1872; m- John Cunningham, died Feb. 12, 1942, buried in Green Wood Cemetery. No issue.

175c **Georgianna,** born in 1878, bap. July 3, 1892 at Fishermans Church; m- William Lubeck; resided in Brooklyn.

175d **Mary Antonette** (Nettie) born in 1881, bap. at age of 11, July 3, 1892; m- Louis Schweikhardt, age 23, stereotyper, at Fishermans Church.

Harold Adrian, born Dec. 28, 1905, bap. April 22, 1906.

175e **Edna,** born in 1885, bap. July 3, 1892 at age of 7, Fishermans Church; m- Sept. 30, 1906, Louis Schladenbeck, age 26, a butcher.

175f **Jane Ann,** bap. an adult, July 3, 1892; m- Robert Bailey.

Robert Bailey, Jr.
Raymond Bailey

175g **Adelaide,** born in 1883, bap. July 3, 1892 at age of 9, at Fishermans Church; m- Sept. 2, 1906, William Froelich, age 23, a butcher of De Nyse Lane.

175h **Clarence Dayton,** born in 1888, bap. July 3, 1892, died in 1917, buried in Green Wood Cemetery, Brooklyn with his son; m- Marie Ingerbritzen

Clara
Dayton, d.y.

149i

PETER A. BOGART, JR. son of Peter A. Bogart (107) and Jane Christopher, was born in 1852. He married, January 14, 1878 at the 18th Street Methodist Church, Jane Cozine of Bath, aged 24; she was born in 1854. He died of cancer in the memorial Hospital, New York, March 1932 and was buried in New Utrecht Cemetery. He was a Brooklyn fireman. He spelled his name Bogeart.

175i **Annie;** m- Mr. Sexton, lived in Flushing, L.I.
175j **Ida;** m- Mr. Turner, lived in Flushing, L.I.
175k **Ethel;** m- Mr. Walker
175l **Irving,** born 1884, died at age of 9 years.

149j

JOSEPH BOGART, son of Peter A. Bogart (107) and Jane Christopher was born in New Utrecht, Brooklyn. He married Agnes Cozine.

175m **Joseph Garret,** born July 22, 1877, bapt. March 21, 1880 at Fishermans Church; had a daughter Edna.
175n **Agnes Gertrude,** bap. March 2, 1880 at home.

150.

ADRIAN BOGART, son of Abraham Bogart (109) and Mary....., was born in 1831 in New Utrecht. He changed his name to William, and served in the Civil War. He was a sailor in his youth; he married Mary Elizabeth Healey, born in Ireland, died in 1906; he settled in Mamaroneck, N.Y. about 1868, and died there in 1915; both are buried in St. Marys Cemetery, Port Chester, N.Y.

Duryea House, Brooklyn, built about 1787. Recently demolished.

Joost Stilwell House, Brooklyn, built before 1760, still standing.

176 **William I.** born in New Utrecht, August 13, 1865; unmarried; died in Mamaroneck in 1903.

177 **James Thomas,** born in New Utrecht, December 12, 1866; m- Mamie Cramer in New York; she died in 1905; he died in Mamaroneck in 1944. No issue.

178 **Mary Elizabeth,** born in Mamaroneck, May 27, 1872; she married in the early 1890's George Grober, born in Mamaroneck in 1874 and died there in the late 1890's; Her second husband was William J. Conklin, born in Mamaroneck and died there, March 17, 1944; they were married in 1901; she now resides in New Rochelle. No issue.

155.

JEREMIAH BOERUM BOGART, son of Gilbert Bogart (116) and Matilda Boerum, was born in Bushwick, April 20, 1820. He married September 28, 1857, Elizabeth Ann Perrine of Cranbury, N.J., daughter of Abraham J. Perrine and Rhoda Church Merwin of Higganum, Conn. She was born April 21, 1840, and died in Orange, N.J., where they settled in 1894.

179 **Ida Leanore;** m- George W. Hartt.

180 **Ella Louise.**

181 **William Sidney.**

182 **Lillian Rhoda;** m- James P. Buckley.

162.

GILBERT EDWARD BOGART, son of Gilbert Bogart (126) and Amanda Merrit, was born in Bridge Street, Brooklyn, January 30, 1854. He married (1) in 1880, Emma Louise Bennett, daughter of Henry Bennett and Caroline Youngs, b-1855 and died February 12, 1915; (2) Katherine Shupe, in November 1916, who died January 28, 1943. He settled in Norwalk, Conn. with his parents in 1862 and was associated with the original Crofut & Knapp Hat Company of Norwalk, being one of its early stockholders. Later, the company merged with others to form the Hat Corporation of America. Mr. Bogart retired in 1942 having been with the company for 65 years. He died in Norwalk, Conn., February 21, 1956 at the age of 102. Only child, by first wife-

183 **Gilbert B.** born in Norwalk, May 30, 1883. He married on January 29, 1910, Helen L. Johnson, born in Downers Grove, Ill., daughter of Charles A. Johnson and Harriet L. Briggs of Chicago. For several years he was associated with Crofut & Knapp Hat Co. serving in several capacities. At the outbreak of World War I, he instigated the plan of bank clearance which was largely responsible for the success of the first Liberty Loan drive launched in New York of which he was general director, and which served as the pattern for all future government bond drives throughout the country. For twenty-eight years he was in the banking and brokerage business in New York. For a number of years he served as appraiser for the Federal Housing Authority. He resided for some years in Greenwich, Conn., and returned to Norwalk where he died April 26, 1957; his wife died April 27, 1952; No issue.

165a

ADRIAN LIVINGSTON BOGART, son of Adrian Bogart (131a) and Martha Lorosa, was born in New York. He married Rosa.....; she was born in Germany.

184 **Adrian Jr.** born in Jamaica, L.I. in 1861; he died there August 7, 1885; u.m.

166.

ISAAC SMITH BOGART, son of Peter Bogart (133) and Lavinia Stillwell, was born in Brooklyn, May 8, 1848, baptized July 1, 1849. He married Ann Playle, August 4, 1876; she was born in England, March 8, 1858; only child-

*185 **Dr. Arthur Emerson Bogart,** born in Brooklyn, July 26, 1877.

173.

PETER SCHENCK BOGART, son of Tunis S. Bogart (138) and Phoebe De Nyse, was born July 17, 1844. He married Elizabeth Clark, born October 8, 1847, died June 10, 1890; he died June 8, 1918; they had one child-

185a **Tunis Schenck** born in Brooklyn, May 30, 1890; now resides in Brooklyn; he married Mary Virginia De Nyse, born 1896; no children.

174.

ADRIAN THOMAS BOGART, son of Adrian Bogart (146) and Ann Packingham, was born in Brooklyn, February 4, 1870 and died June 4, 1930. His first wife was ....., widow of Frank Fields by whom she had (a) Herma, born March 2, 1895, married September 2, 1918, Robert D. Marx, born December 12, 1892, son of George Marx – they have a daughter Roma, born July 6, 1925, who was married January 3, 1949 to Alfred Andematten, and have a son Robert; she is a talented composer, vocalist of operatic arias and an instrumentalist of stage and radio; they reside in Valley Stream, L.I. (b) Frank B. Fields (legally changed his name to Bogart) who married Mary .....; they reside in Munsey Park, L.I. Adrian Bogart's second wife was Elizabeth Bohmke by whom they have a son-

*186 **Adrian Thomas,** born in Bay Ridge, Brooklyn, September 3, 1899.

185.

DR. ARTHUR EMERSON BOGART, son of Isaac Bogart (166) and Ann Playle, was born in Brooklyn, July 26, 1877. He was graduated in 1899 from the School of Medicine, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pa., and received his license in the same year; he is a member of the State Medical Society of Pennsylvania, and an Associate Member of the American Medical Association. He practiced in Philadelphia until his retirement in 1954, and now resides in St. Petersburg, Florida. No issue.

186.

ADRIAN THOMAS BOGART, son of Adrian Thomas Bogart (174) and Elizabeth Bohmke, was born in Bay Ridge, Brooklyn, September 3, 1899. He married February 28, 1926, Anna Mysuik, a native of Austria; she was a widow, and has a son Thomas who served in World War II, S/Sgt. 36th. Division U.S. Infantry in North Africa, Italy and Germany; he received the Silver Star for bravery in action and was decorated by General Mark Clark. He is a refrigeration

engineer and for a number of years, he conducted a business under the name of A.T. Bogart & Son, Brooklyn, which was subsequently disolved.

*186a **Adrian Thomas,** born May 5, 1927.

186a

ADRIAN THOMAS BOGART, Jr., son of Adrian T. Bogart (186) and Anna Mysuik, was born in Bay Ridge, Brooklyn, May 5, 1927. He served with the U.S. Navy in Japan with the rank of 3rd Class Petty Officer, during post World War II period. On April 19, 1952, he married Letizia A. Corigliano, daughter of Frank Corigliano and Anna Rovere. He was associated for a time with his father in the refrigeration business in Brooklyn.

186b **Loraine Ann,** born April 14, 1953.
186c **Cynthia Ellen,** born February 9, 1956.

THE STATEN ISLAND BRANCH

Due to its geographical location, Staten Island was more or less isolated from New Amsterdam. In those days, access to the island was by means of a small boat either along the shore of New Jersey or through the Narrows off the southern shore of Brooklyn. Later, a small ferry service was established between Fort Hamilton and Staten Island.

Hendrick Hudson gave the island the name of Staaten Eylandt as a memorial to the States General of the Netherlands. The Indians sold it to Governor Pieter Minuit on July 12, 1630. David Pietersen de Vries started a settlement there in 1638 but it proved unsuccessful. It was Cornelius Melyn who received the land as a patroonship in 1640, but the Indians in 1655, wreaked vengence upon the tiny colony. In the year 1679, there were about one-hundred families on the island, mostly English, Dutch and Huguenot. Todt Hill, located a little north of the center of the island has an elevation of 413 feet, and is the highest point of land on the Atlantic coast between Maine and Florida.

According to tradition, the Duke of York decided that "all islands in the harbour that could be circumnavigated in twenty-four hours belonged to New York" – and not to New Jersey. He well knew the possibilities with the result that Captain Christopher Billop accomplished the task in a boat, and he was forthwith granted 1163 acres of land in Tottenville in the southerly part of the island, his home still standing. There are many versions of this story, and it seems that to this day, no documentary proof has been found to support it.

Staten Island was designated as Richmond County in 1683, its first County Seat having been what is now old Richmond – then called "Cucklestown" on the Arthur Kill Road near the center of the island. While parts of Staten Island have become industrialized, much of it still retains its quaint primitiveness of colonial days.

Of the early branches, the Staten Island Branch is the least known; but it was here that the first generation of our family born in this country settled. The last of this branch left the island about 1938 and gave no indication of their whereabouts. This branch was headed by Gysbert T. Bogaert (34) who was born at the Wallabout, Brooklyn. He was the only son of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert (14) and Sarah Rapalje. While he lived in Staten Island where he brought up a large family, he removed to Flatlands, Brooklyn sometime after 1700 and later to Bushwick on the property he inherited from his father – there to perpetuate the Brooklyn Branch; but his two sons Tunis and Simon returned to Staten Island where they were born, each raising a large family. Tunis finally settled with his family in Bushwick but his brother Simon remained in Staten Island and is considered the common ancestor of the Staten Island Branch.

38.

SIMON BOGAERT was the fourth child of Gysbert T. Bogaert (34) and Jannetje Symonson Van Aersdale. He was born in Staten Island and was baptized in the Flatbush Dutch Church, November 5, 1693 – no regular church having been built on Staten Island until after 1700. He married Margaret Ten Eyck daughter of Tobias Ten Eyck and Elizabeth Hegeman of Flatlands, November 16, 1716. She was baptized in Flatbush, April 10, 1698. He resided at Port Richmond at the time of his death in 1746 in which year he made a will dated January 23rd (Appendix-M). On June 18, 1735, a deed was recorded in which his father Gysbert T. Bogaert conveyed to him 10 years previously, 100 acres of land situated on the westerly side of Staten Island, the location of which is mentioned in Simon's will as follows – "My executors are to sell all my lands and meadows on Staten Island, lying between the land of William and Nathaniel Johnson. All my salt meadows lying on the north side of Fresh Kills, as by deed from Tunis Bogaert (his brother) and all the money in the hands of my brother Tunis Bogaert (35), in Long Island shall be paid to my wife." This property was next to that of his brother Tunis as noted in the conveyance to John Androvette, dated February 15, 1725 "situate and lying and being in the west division of the County of Richmond, beginning at the corner tree of Simon Bogaert's land in Sandy Brook" – and in the deed to him by his father Gysbert T. Bogaert (34), "bounded by Tunnis Bogaert – south by the land of Anthony Tyse, west, southwest, and northwest by Sandy Brook, containing 100 acres – in the rear of Adrian Winant

and Pieter Winant." His brother Tunis deeded this property to Simon at the time the former went to Bushwick. Simon Bogart was a private in Captain David Aerson's Kings County Militia when he lived in Flatlands. Later, he was a Captain in the Richmond County Militia in 1739, under Colonel Richard Stillwell. His second wife was Mary Winant, widow of Cornelius Winant of Staten Island. The following children including his step-daughter Catherine Winant, are mentioned in his will of 1746 (Appendix-M). Successive generations of this family married into well known pioneer families of Staten Island, and resided in Northfield, Four Corners (Castleton), Fresh Kills, Stapleton, Port Richmond and St. George. (This branch of the family should not be confused with that of Dr. Stephen Van Rensselaer Bogart of the Albany Branch who was born there in 1804 – and who was appointed in 1844, resident physician at Sailors Snug Harbor, Staten Island, which position he held for many years.)

187 **Elizabeth,** baptized October 18, 1719; witnesses, Jacob Kronkheit and Catherine Hegeman; she married, February 18, 1757, at Schraalenburg, New Jersey, Daniel Corsen, son of Cornelius Corsen and Jane Van Buskirk.

Cornelius Corsen, bap. Sept. 17, 1758.
John Corsen.
William Howe, bap. Nov. 24, 1766; m- Elizabeth Egbert
Richard Corsen, bap. Sept. 9, 1787.
Daniel Corsen.

188 **Margaret** baptized December 30, 1722; m- Peter Brewer, son of Benjamin Brewer and Mary Lane in 1750.

*189 **Simon Jr.** baptized in Brooklyn, May 19, 1726.

190 **Gilbert,** baptized in Staten Island, January 29, 1728; witnesses to his baptism were Hendrick Sleght and Catherine Winant. He is mentioned in his father's will of 1746 (Appendix-M), as having left home, and in the event of his failure to return, his share was to go to his brother Isaac. According to the "Hoogland Family", he married a Hoogland, but no trace of him or his descendants, if any, could be found. An unidentified "Gysbert Bogaert" and his wife, Catalyna Patue were members of the North-Southampton Dutch Church in Bucks County, Pa. in 1768. His uncle Gysbert Bogaert of Bushwick, who also settled in Bucks County with his wife Marritje Bergen were members of the same church.

The Voorlezers House, Staten Island, the oldest known school house still standing in the United States. It was built prior to 1696. This photo was taken May 23, 1947 when the building was formally opened after restoration by the Staten Island Historical Society. See Appendix-W.

191 **Sarah,** baptized February 13, 1732.
192 **Jane,** mentioned in her father's will; m- William Perrine.
*193 **Isaac,** baptized June 11, 1732.
194 **Catherine Winant** (his step-daughter)

189.

SIMON BOGAERT, son of Simon Bogaert (38) and Margaret Ten Eyck, was born in Staten Island, and was baptized in Brooklyn, May 19, 1726. He married Martha ....., No further trace of this family could be found.

195 **Mary,** born in Staten Island, December 4, 1746, bap. in 1758.
196 **Simon Jr.** born in Staten Island, June 19, 1754, bap. in 1758.
197 **Richard,** born in Staten Island, Feb. 22, 1757, bap. in 1758.
198 **John,** born ca. 1760; m- Ann ..... .
Mary, born May 25, 1781, bap. Feb. 5, 1782, died July 16, 1815.
199 **Leonard** (?); had daughter Hannah, died September 6, 1822.

193.

ISAAC BOGART, son of Simon Bogaert (38) and Margaret Ten Eyck was born in Staten Island and was baptized there June 11, 1732. His first wife was Charity Bedell whom he married in New York, April 13, 1763, the daughter of John Bedell and Hannah Disosway. She probably died shortly after the birth of their only child Charity who is mentioned in the will of John Bedell, dated April 4, 1780, as "my granddaughter Charity Bogart." His second wife was Rachel Tellier whom he married November 27, 1764. She is referred to in the will of Joseph Bedell dated October 13, 1760, probated May 23, 1768 (evidently a brother of John Bedell) in which he mentions "my granddaughters Rachel and Ann Tellier." Isaac Bogart is mentioned in his father's will dated January 23, 1746, Appendix-M.

By Charity Bedell

200 **Charity;** m- John Androvette, August 24, 1780.

By Rachel Tellier

201 **Hannah,** born September 8, 1765; m- Peter Houghwout, son of

Egbert Houghwout and Eleanore Gerrebrants; he was born May 1, 1762, died July 3, 1815.

Isaac Houghwout, baptized January 13, 1793 at Port Richmond.

202 **Mary Jane,** born October 2, 1767, baptized April 17, 1768; m- Winant Houghwout, son of Peter Houghwout and Aeltje Bennett; he was baptized April 20, 1760, died 1832; she died September 4, 1826.

Peter Houghwout, baptized December 15, 1785; m- Ellen Martine.
Isaac Houghwout, baptized October 28, 1787; m- Ellen .....
Mary Houghwout; m- Thomas Miller.
John Houghwout, baptized October 9, 1791 at Port Richmond; d.y.
John Houghwout, bap. November 24, 1793; d.y.
Simon B. Houghwout, born March 1, 1800; m- (1) Mary Hillyer; (2) Charlotte Britton.
Anna Houghwout.
Sarah Houghwout.

*203 **John,** born October 14, 1770.
204 **Ann,** born May 25, 1771, died 1855; m- Edward Houghwout, October 28, 1794. Cornelius Houghwout, bap. at Port Richmond, June 29, 1800.
*205 **Simon,** born February 23, 1773.
206 **Rachel;** m- Isaac Simonson; joined St. Andrews Church on Confession, August 20, 1804.

203.

JOHN BOGART, son of Isaac Bogart (193) and Rachel Tellier, was born in Staten Island October 14, 1770, baptized May 26, 1771. He married Mary Catherine Van Pelt of Staten Island at Lyons Farms, N.J. January 11, 1795. She was the daughter of Jacob Van Pelt. John was a carpenter and cabinet maker by trade; he died about 1802 and on October 1, 1803, his widow married John Hatfield, born April 5, 1777, died December 3, 1856; she had John, Moses and Maria (who married Captain Barnes Hatfield) by her second husband.

*207 **Capt. Isaac,** born 1796.
208 **John Jr.** born 1797, died at age of 18 on July 16, 1915.

SIMON BOGART, son of Isaac Bogart (193) and Rachel Tellier, was born at Four Corners (Castleton) Staten Island, February 23, 1773, and died January 17, 1856. He married December 24, 1797, Mary Howlin at the Flatbush Dutch Church, Brooklyn. His second wife was Judith Simonson, widow of David Burgher, married in New York June 17, 1837. She was born in 1807, and died November 25, 1858. He left a will dated June 5, 1855, probated May 28, 1856. Her will probated March 7, 1859. Simon signed letters of administration of Peter Houghwout at Richmond and was a Justice of the Peace from 1802-1812. In her will she mentions her three children by her first husband – Alfred, John and Johanna Louise. Simon and his wife Judith are buried in St. Andrews Churchyard, Old Richmond.

Children by Mary Howlin

209 **John,** born November 14, 1798, died July 16, 1815.
210 **Ann,** born March 15, 1801; m- Peter H. Johnson, July 1, 1820, born April 30, 1798.

John B. Johnson, born May 31, 1821.
Elizabeth Ann Johnson, born March 11, 1823.

*211 **Timothy C.** born July 15, 1803.
212 **Sarah,** born August 7, 1805, died June 20, 1834.
213 **Hannah M.** born October 27, 1807, died September 6, 18-.
214 **Isaac,** born July 14, 1810; d.y.
215 **Simon,** born June 11, 1814; died September 13, 1814.
216 **Simon,** born August 14, 1815; d.y.

Children by Judith Simonson

217 **Johanna Louise,** born May 28, 1839; adult baptism in 1873; m- (1) George Sommers of Castleton Corners, October 29, 1853; m- (2) Robert Sommers, October 31, 1867.

Children by George Sommers – Caroline, born 1862, bap. 1876.
Children by Robert Sommers – Johanna, born Sept. 25, 1880; Eveline, born October 26. 1871.

218 **Alfred Burgher,** died May 28, 1856.
219 **John Burgher.**

207.

CAPTAIN ISAAC BOGART, son of John Bogart (203) and Mary Catherine Van Pelt, was born in Staten Island in 1796. He was a sea captain; married Mary Hatfield, daughter of ..... Hatfield and Mary ..... . He died in 1823, Letters of Administration issued to his widow, September 26, 1823. She remarried Mr. Wood, and had a daughter Elizabeth Ann. She died January 10, 1854, leaving a will dated October 17, 1851, in which she mentions her daughter, Elizabeth Ann (Wood), her mother, Mary Hatfield, her brother, Jacob Hatfield, and her son by her first marriage "Isaac Bogart Jr. who has been absent at sea for three years, and is supposed to have been lost." She also refers to her real estate in Northfield and Castleton.

220 **Isaac Jr.** (mentioned in his mother's will of 1851).
221 **John;** George Hamilton appointed guardian of John, December 26, 1836.
222 **Mary Jane,** born September 26, 1823, died September 4, 1826.

211.

TIMOTHY CORTELYOU BOGART, son of Simon Bogart (205) and Mary Howlin was born July 15, 1803, died September 11, 1883. He was married by the Rev. Elias Price, February 20, 1823, to Priscilla Hillyer, daughter of John Hillyer and Elsie Merrill; she was born May 31, 1802, and died December 27, 1891, leaving a will probated April 11, 1892; his will was probated at Middletown, N.J., November 28, 1883. He was a prosperous farmer and resided at Castleton Corners.

223 **Sarah Ann,** born January 14, 1826, died January 23, 1902; m- James Walnut, 1856.
*224 **Simon,** born October 6, 1827.
*225 **Lawrence Hillyer,** born August 24, 1829.
226 **Hannah M.** born September 28, 1831, died November 15, 1856; m- Gustave R. Alden. Ann Alden, born October 7, 1856; d.y.
*227 **John Gosline,** born May 6, 1834.
228 **Barbara Wood,** born October 1, 1838, bap. February 1839; m- William Frick of Centerville, October 2, 1858; she died July 17, 1880.

Harry Frick, born October 5, 1860.
William Frick,

229 **Adeline G.** born February 21, 1843; m- Stephen Brooker; had eight children.
230 **Priscilla;** m- John Alden.

First five children baptized in December 1837.

224.

SIMON BOGART, son of Timothy C. Bogart (211) and Priscilla Hillyer, was born in Staten Island October 6, 1827. He married Alice Grau in 1869; she died December 5, 1906. He is said to have gone to California.

231 **Clifford,** born September 1883; d.y.
232 **Harold,** born in 1881.
233 **Johanna Louise,** born September 25, 1885.

225.

LAWRENCE HILLYER BOGART, son of Timothy C. Bogart (211) and Priscilla Hillyer, was born in Staten Island, August 24, 1829, and died in New York City. He married June 18, 1854, Sarah Catherine Martling, born December 15, 1832, daughter of Stephen Martling and Mary Ann Burbank. For many years he operated a restaurant on Third Avenue above 42nd. Street, New York. They were married in United Bretheren Congregational Church, Staten Island.

234 **Sophia Sarah,** baptized February 2, 1851.
235 **James Walnut,** born September 18, 1855, baptized December 8.
236 **Isabelle,** baptized September 28, 1856.
237 **Stephen Martling,** born April 30, 1857; m- Caroline Ostrander, born February 14, 1864, died December 27, 1891; no children.
*238 **Simon Martling,** born July 30, 1859.

227.

JOHN GOSLINE BOGART, son of Timothy C. Bogart (211) and Priscilla Hillyer, was born in Staten Island at Castleton Corners, May 6, 1834. He married Mary Catherine Ostrander, February 14, 1864; she was born August 19, 1837 and died March 16, 1913; he died June 1, 1902, Letters of Administration dated October 23, 1902; her Administration Papers dated, April 14, 1913.

239 **Wilton D.** born January 19, 1866; died intestate, November 10,

1888; his father was named Administrator, May 27, 1889.

240 **Gertrude,** born March 12, 1868; she was named Administrator of her mother's estate April 14, 1913.

241 **Harry,** born April 5, 1875, d.y.

238.

SIMON MARTLING BOGART, son of Lawrence Hillyer Bogart (225) and Sarah Catherine Martling, was born in Staten Island July 30, 1859, and died in New York City in 1911. He married Katherine Kleinschmidt, born in New York in 1865, the daughter of Frederick Kleinschmidt a native of Pilsen, Germany. For a number of years, he operated a hotel at 206 Bay Avenue, Stapleton, S.I., and later moved to New York where he was in the restaurant business at Columbus Avenue and 100th Street.

242 **Rudolph Martling,** born in 1890; m- 1928, Mary Carroll, born in Ireland.

243 **Louis Henry,** born in Staten Island August 29, 1895. He married July 6, 1922, May Adelaide Brennan of Brooklyn, and settled in Huntington, L.I. where he was in the automobile business; later he turned to extensive real estate operations. During World War I, he served with the U.S. Navy, Machinist Mate, First Class, assigned to the Submarine Chaser No. 49 and later with the Intelligence Service. He is a Mason. No children. Resides in Woodside, L.I.

244 **Ruth,** born 1898; m- 1927, Hugo Weigand, no children.

245 **Simon,** d.y.

246 **Mildred,** d.y.

247 **Laurene,** d.y.

THE NEW JERSEY BRANCH

The first members of the family to settle in New Jersey were Catalyna Teunise and Neeltje Teunise, daughters of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert (14) and Sarah Rapalje of Bushwick, Brooklyn.

Catalyna married Jan De Nyse in the Flatbush Dutch church in 1679; Neeltje Teunise married Jan's brother Cornelius, in the same church in 1687. Jan and Cornelius De Nyse were the sons of Teunis De Nyse who came to this country in 1638 and settled at Gowanus, Brooklyn. They settled at Raritan, New Jersey before the turn of the century. Later, members of this family changed their name to Teunison and finally to Van Mittleswaert.

However, the pioneer of the New Jersey Branch of our family from whom a large progeny is descended, was Gysbert Bogaert Jr. (39) grandson of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert. He was the son of Gysbert T. Bogaert (34) and Jannetje Symonson Van Aersdale.

The New Jersey Branch was not as was supposed related to the Bergen County Bogarts except the early descendants of Jan Laurens Bogaert of Harlem, cousin of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert, some of whose descendants came from Rockland County, New York and from Manhattan. Some of the early descendants of Cornelius Janse Boogaert – and later those of the Bogardus family, Gysbert Elbertsen Uyt den Bogaert and Surgeon Harmen Myndert Van der Bogaert, also settled in New Jersey – but none of these families were related to our family – and no indication that they were related to one another.

"Cornelius Bogaert" frequently mentioned in the histories of Somerset County, and particularly the Raritan Valley, was stated to have been "the son of Gysbert Bogaert who owned a tract of

land in Brooklyn before coming to Raritan." Bergen, in the "Bergen Family" referred to Cornelius Bogaert as the "supposed son of Gysbert T. Bogaert (34) of Bushwick, and that he married Cornelia ....., settled at Raritan where his son Johannes was born in 1711." This unfortunate assumption is the result of confusion between "Cornelius Bogaert of Raritan" and Cornelius Bogaert of Bushwick. The record of the former who was said to have come from Bushwick is now identified as having been born in Marbletown, Ulster County, New York – whose family was traced in a unbroken line of descent to the Albany family – Cornelius Corneliszn Bogaert, his grandfather who was a cousin of Tunis of Brooklyn and of Jan of Harlem; see Appendix-T.

39

GYSBERT BOGAERT, son of Gysbert T. Bogaert (34) and Jannetje (Symonson) Van Aersdale, was born in Staten Island in 1697. He married Marritje Bergen, daughter of Jacob Bergen and Maria Corsen of Staten Island, in the Flatbush Dutch Church, November 7, 1719. He resided in New Utrecht for a time where two of his children Jacob and Jan and perhaps Gysbert were baptized; later he removed to Bushwick where in 1729, his father conveyed to him, 76 acres of land (see History of The Bogart Property). In 1741, Gysbert sold the property to Jeremiah Remsen and went to Flushing, Long Island. In the same year, he went over to Raritan, New Jersey with his family, but remained there a short time, settling in Solebury, Buck County, Pennsylvania. That he intended to settle in Raritan some years previously is noted in a certificate of transfer found among the records of the North-Southampton Dutch Church, Bucks County, dated August 9, 1722, (Appendix-J), and was signed by Dominie V. Antonides then (1722), minister of the New Utrecht Dutch Church, where Gysbert lived at that time. This transfer was addressed to the Classis of the Raritan Church, and was presented to Antonides who later had become the minister of the North-Southampton Dutch Church in Bucks County.

In 1742, Gysbert purchased from Thomas Canby of Solebury, 250 acres of farmland, a part of the original William Penn tract, and on November 27, 1760, he deeded it to his son Gysbert Jr., in which document he is referred to as "Gysbert Boogaert Sr. of Bushwick, in Kings County on Long Island but heretofore of Flushing on the same island." On February 18, 1745, he purchased 250 acres from Benjamin Canby, and on May 28, 1760, he deeded to his son, Johannes, 159 acres of the Solebury property which he had purchased from

Matthew Hall, November 4, 1755. For many years he was a member of the North-Southampton Dutch Church, and had served as deacon and elder. There his grandchildren were baptized. His wife Marritje Bergen died, and it is thought that he again married. It is obvious that he was not the Gysbert Bogaert who was a magistrate of Bushwick and died in 1768 – but his brother Tunis G. Bogaert who was often referred to as "Gysbert." The date of his death is not known, but it apparently occured in Solebury shortly before 1774 in which year his two sons, Gysbert and Jacob and their families removed to Somerset County, New Jersey – Gysbert having settled in Hillsborough and his brother, Jacob, in Bridgewater. He is mentioned in his father's will of 1767, Appendix-N.

*248 **Gysbert,** born in Brooklyn in 1720.

*249 **Dr. Jacob,** baptized in New Utrecht Dutch Church, Brooklyn, April 7, 1723.

250 **Elsie,** born in Brooklyn between 1723 and 1733; she was named after her maternal grandmother, Elsje Frederickse Lubbertsen; m- Fred Bodine, widower of Sarah Rapalje of Somerset County, N.J.

John Bodine, bap. Jan. 19, 1754
Elsie " " June 6, 1756
Catalyna " " Oct. 29, 1758
Gysbert " " Mar. 20, 1763

Step-children – Isaac, Sarah and Maria Bodine who are mentioned in the will of their father, Fred Bodine, December 9, 1769. Jacob Bogart and Peter Van Nest, executors.

251 **Johannes,** baptized in New Utrecht Dutch Church, Brooklyn, July 29, 1733; m- Metje Van Zant (?); had Beeltje, bap. Sept. 27, 1766; probably others. He was a member of the North-Southampton Dutch Church in Bucks County, Pennsylvania. In 1760, his father deeded to him, 159 acres of the Solebury property; nothing further could be found concerning him or his family.

248

GYSBERT BOGAERT Jr., son of Gysbert Bogaert (39) and Marritje Bergen was born in 1720 – probably in Brooklyn. He was a weaver

by trade and went over to Solebury, Bucks County, Pa. with his parents in 1741. He was a member of the North-Southampton Dutch Church as early as 1743, and later he was elected elder succeeding his father, at which church his children were baptized. His first wife was Marritje Albertse sister of his brother Jacob's wife – all of whom are mentioned in the will of Johannes Albertse of Bushwick, dated 1749. He was a generous contributor to the maintenance of the Dutch Churches in North-Southampton, Bensalem and Neshaminy, Bucks county. In 1760, his father deeded 250 acres of land to him. In 1774, he sold his farm in Solebury and moved to Hillsborough, Somerset County, New Jersey where he and his family attended the Readington Dutch Church; later Gysbert attended the Dutch Church at Raritan where on December 2, 1783, he replaced John Brokaw as elder, and on March 1, 1785, he was reelected to that office. On December 26, 1774, he and his brother Jacob were elected members of the Continental Committee on Correspondence and again on July 28, 1775. His first wife died in 1748 or 49; he remarried, Elizabeth Bodine, widow of Jacob Van Nest of Bucks County. He is referred to in a letter of his son-in-law, Colonel Peter D. Vroom, dated November 18, 1813 as "the Great-grandson of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert, the pioneer", (Appendix-K). He died in Hillsborough, July 28, 1785 leaving a will dated July 20th. of that year in which he mentions the dowery of his first wife "Marritje Albertse, mother of said John"; also his children and three grandchildren – daughters of his deceased son Johannes A. Bogaert. His sons-in-law, Peter D. Vroom and Benjamin Taylor, and his good friend Frederick Frelinghuysen were named executors of his estate, and John Blew and Samuel Beekman were named bondsmen (Appendix-R). He was buried in the Vroom family plot near Raritan. His tombstone inscription states that he was "born in 1720 and died in 1785 at the age of 65 years". His second wife and his only son Johannes A. who settled in Philadelphia, were dead at the time of his demise. At one time Gysbert Bogart owned a slave named Samuel Sutphen who at the age of 87, is said to have made one of the longest speeches by a Somerset County soldier during the Revolutionary War. At the beginning of the war, Samuel was a slave on the farm of Gysbert Bogart. According to the story, Casper Berger of Readington proposed to buy him from Bogart on condition that Samuel serve in the army in Berger's place. Samuel agreed to the terms and was sold by Bogart for L-92.10. This was not an isolated case as it would seem for the history of the Revolutionary War reveals that such was frequently done with propriety.

Children by Marritje Albertse

*252 **Johannes Albertse,** baptized in North-Southampton Dutch Church, Bucks County, Pa. May 12, 1745.
253 **Marritje,** baptized April 10, 1743 - d.y.
254 **Sarah,** baptized June 7, 1748 - d.y.

Children by Elizabeth Bodine

255 **Marritje,** baptized November 27, 1750; m- John Bellard.
256 **Catalyna,** baptized August 19, 1753; m- Col. Benjamin Taylor.

Maria Taylor, bap. Jan. 7, 1776.
Gysbert Taylor, bap. Jan. 5, 1779.
May have been others.

257 **Elsie,** born October 12, 1755, baptized November 30th.; m- June 1, 1775, Col. Peter D. Vroom, born Jan. 27, 1743, died Nov. 1, 1831. She died April 17, 1823.

Grietje Vroom, born Mar. 2y, 1776.
Gysbert Bogart Vroom, born Aug. 1, 1778.
Elizabeth Vroom, bap. October 12, 1780.
Peter D. Vroom Jr. bap. Jan. 15, 1792; he was Ambassador to Prussia, and Governor of New Jersey, 1829-1832.

258 **Sarah,** born March 5, 1759, baptized April 29th. m- (1) James (Jacobus) Strycker, October 18, 1779; he was born, Nov. 5, 1743; (2) to Conrad Van Wagnen, married at Bound Brook, N.J. Sept. 6, 1786.

Children by James Stryker

John Bogart Stryker, bap. Aug. 12, 1780.
Gysbert Bogart Stryker, bap. Jan. 22, 1782; m- Amy Powers.
James Bogart Stryker, bap. May 12, 1784.

Children by Conrad Van Wagnen

James Van Wagnen, bap. May 22, 1791.
Jemima (Cora) Van Wagnen, bap. Aug. 27, 1787.
Gerrit Van Wagnen, bap. March 24, 1789.
Gysbert Van Wagnen, bap. Jan. 5, 1794.

The General Greene Inn, once owned and operated by Johannes A. Bogaert at the time of the Revolutionary War. It is still standing in Buckingham, Bucks County, Pa.

Sarah Bogart settled with her husband, Conrad Van Wagnen and family near Sharon,. Schoharie County, New York, later removing to Charlestown Montgomery County, New York where she died, August 20, 1844.

259 **Jannetje,** baptized December 27, 1761 d. Oct. 2, 1839; m- Willet Taylor b. 1760 d. Mar. 3, 1846.

Elizabeth Taylor, bap. Aug. 15, 1789.
John " bap. Oct. 30, 1791.
Benjamin " bap. April 19, 1795.
Mary " bap. Jan. 13, 1797.
Gilbert Bogart Taylor, born June 2, 1799.

DR. JACOB BOGART of Bridgewater, New Jersey, son of Gysbert Bogaert (39) and Marritje Bergen, was baptized in the Dutch Church, New Utrecht, Brooklyn, April 7, 1723. He went over to Raritan with his parents in 1741, and later to Solebury, Pa. He married Ann Doremus (nee Stryker); secondly – Catalyna Albertse, daughter of Johannes Albertse of Bushwick, and sister of Marritje, his brother's wife – who are mentioned in the will of Johannes Albertse of 1749. His children (excepting Gysbert) were all born in Solebury, Bucks County, Pa., where they were baptized in the North-Southampton Dutch Church. He was a Justice of the Peace from 1761 to 1774, and in 1763 was one of the Justices who granted a license to Henry Jamison to ope·ate an inn, on the Old York Road at Buckingham – later purchased and operated by Jacob's nephew, Johannes A. Bogaert who married Jamison's widow, Mary. He acquired some 300 acres of land in Bucks County from his father, 70 acres of which he sold on August 12, 1769 to Benjamin Fell of Plumstead, and on April 27, 1773, he sold 230 acres of farmland to Gillingham. In the latter deed, it states "adjacent to the land of Gysbert Bogaert, his brother." John, Jacob's son, was a witness. In 1774, he retired to Bridgewater, N.J. where he attended the Readington Dutch Church, having been elected an elder in 1775. On December 26, 1774, and again on July 28, 1775, he and his brother Gysbert were elected members of the Continental Committee on Correspondence of Somerset County. He also was a Justice of the Peace in 1775, and a member of the Assembly of Somerset County in 1776, and 1777. He

died leaving a will dated May 15, 1777, in which he named his eldest son Gysbert and John, executors, Reference is also made to his three daughters and his grandson, Jacob, son of his eldest son Gysbert. (Appendix-P).

*260 **Gilbert,** (son of the first wife, Ann Doremus); was born about 1748.

261 **Sarah,** baptized, Bucks County, November 16, 1751; m- Andris Van Mittleswaert. They settled in Livingston County, Western New York.

Hendrick Van Mittleswaert, bap. May 26, 1776 (?).
Catherine " " bap. Jan. 16, 1785.
Johannes " " bap. Aug. 26, 1787.
Neeltje " " bap. May 22, 1789
Andrew " " bap. Sept. 22, 1793.
Sarah " " bap. Dec. 18, 1796.

262 **Mary Elizabeth,** baptized March 3, 1754; m- Cornelius Simonson, October 12, 1779; m- Stephen Stryker.

Maria Stryker, born Oct. 22, 1797
Jane Vanderveer Stryker, born June 5, 1803
Benjamin Taylor Stryker — Mary Schenck (twins) born May 5, 1806
Frances B. Stryker, born October 27, 1807
Irem Stryker, born August 14, 1810
Sarah Ann Stryker, born December 29, 1813
Harriet Labagh Stryker, born October 15, 1815

263 **John,** baptized June 22, 1755. He is the subject of the "John Bogart Letters", published by Rutgers College in 1914, whose identity and background was obscure. He was an early faculty member of the young school then known as Queens College. He was a witness to the will of Peter Van Pelt, June 3, 1777. He died single in 1783 while a teacher at the school. Letters of Administration were issued, April 18, 1783 at New Brunswick.

264 **Catherine,** baptized September 17, 1758; m- John D. Stryker;

Sarah Van Mittleswaert Stryker, born November 20, 1797, baptized February 4, 1798. Probably others.

All of the above children are mentioned in their father's will and all were baptized in the North-Southampton Dutch Church, Bucks County, Pa., except Gysbert.

The John Bogart Letters

Queens College in New Brunswick, now known as Rutgers University was established in 1766. Among the small school's early graduates were those who ultimately distinguished themselves in numerous professions – teachers, jurists, clergyman, engineers and statesmen, who contributed immeasurably to the historical annals of the state of New Jersey and to the nation.

The name of John Bogart will long be remembered for it was he who kept the spirit of old Queens College alive during the Revolutionary War. He was graduated from Queens in 1778 with a B.A. degree. The British occupation of New Brunswick made it imperative to move the school to a less precarious location which necessitated the separation of the college and the grammar school. Colonel John Taylor who succeeded Colonel Frederick Frelinghuysen, the first tutor, set up temporary classes in Old Raritan, New Jersey which were conducted in the Dutch Church there. Later, Colonel John Taylor entered the Continental Army at which time he turned the work of the school over to John Bogart who conducted classes during the war. After the surrender of Cornwallis, October 19, 1781, which marked the end of the war, Queens College was again established at New Brunswick where John Bogart continued as a faculty member until his untimely passing at the early age of twenty-eight.

His pathetic story of ill health, after the choice of a career between that of a teacher – having already distinguished himself as a faculty member – and the ministry for which he had begun his ecclesiastical studies in preparation of this high and noble calling, has long been traditional.

Unfortunately, little was known about him. His obscurity, therefore, greatly intensified the pathos symbolic of his name; but who he was and from whence he came was not clearly known.

Many years ago, the Rev. Charles T. Anderson, then minister of the Reformed Dutch Church at Bound Brook, New Jersey, was given a bundle of old letters by a grandniece of John Bogart, which contained a series of correspondence between him, his friends and colleagues while he was both a student and later a faculty member of the college between 1776 and 1782. These letters, compiled by the late Rev. W.H.S. Demarest, were published by Rutgers College

in 1914 – but they failed to shed any light on John Bogart or his family background. He was thought to have been a descendant of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert but no proof of such relationship was ever found until recently. Had it not been for the discovery of these letters, the story of John Bogart may not have been known; their publication served as the incentive to conduct a thorough research to learn his indentity.

In 1780, John Bogart decided to enter the ministry and took up his ecclesiastical studies while teaching in New Brunswick. During the following years, he was offered an opportunity to teach at the Latin School in Albany. At that time, Col. John Taylor asked him to assist in reorganizing Queens College, "that we may attempt a new plan and make one great exertion to raise Queens College from its present obscurity to grandeur and usefulness."

He was an arduous student, a fine scholar and a devoted teacher whose efforts were not forgotten by his students who endeavored to help him realize the great ambition befitting of his many talents and abilities. But he continued to study for the ministry which was close to his heart.

From that time on, the story of John Bogart is a pathetic one. His health was not good and he began to fail in 1780, experiencing great difficulty in executing his duties as tutor at the school. On August 27, 1782, he wrote to Cornelius Simonson in Griggstown, "I have frequently wished to visit you but something or other has prevented. I was, however, determined to make the ride to Griggstown but my apprehension that my present disposition and particularly my leg, for a considerable time, prevent me. What can be the cause of my leg swelling and having every appearance of breaking, I cannot tell. I am at present confined to my room."

No doubt he suffered undue mental and physical strain, with such attractive and promising opportunities offered him; his affection for his chosen field, preparation for which was temporarily suspended, – a gnawing state of ill health and discouragement plagued his very existence. The following winter he remained in New Brunswick, despite an invitation he and Col. Taylor had received to spend the winter with Dirck Van Vechten in Albany. He was too ill to teach – too ill to continue his studies and too ill to write to his friends and colleagues who endeavored to do so much for him.

Months passed. His friends failed to hear from him.

On April 18, 1783 his boyhood friends and colleagues, Cornelius Simonson and Andrew Van Middleswaert were named administrators of his estate. Col. John Taylor and Col. Frederick Frelinghuysen,

sadly journeyed to New Brunswick on June 13, 1783, where they made an inventory of the worldly possessions he had left in his room at the school.

In a perusal of "The John Bogart Letters", written by fourteen correspondents, one is scarcely conscious of the pathetic fact that among them, friends and colleagues – six followed him in their untimely passing – all comparatively young men – within twenty years after his death. Many interesting facts are revealed in this correspondence. Cornelius Simonson, to whom he wrote complaining about the condition of his leg, was the husband of his sister, Mary. Col. John Taylor who preceded him as tutor at Queens College was a brother of Willet Taylor who married John Bogart's cousin, Jannetje, – and Benjamin Taylor, another brother of Col. John Taylor, married Jannetje's sister, Catalyna – both of whom were the sons of Jacob Taylor of Princeton.

252

JOHANNES ALBERTSE BOGAERT, only son of Gysbert Bogaert Jr. (248) and Marritje Albertse, was born in Bucks County, Pa., and was baptized in the North-Southampton Dutch church, May 12, 1745. He married Mary Jamison, widow of Henry Jamison an innkeeper on the old York Road, in the First Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia, November 14, 1772. Jamison died in 1767. This old inn still standing in Buckingham is known as the General Greene Inn. Johannes and his wife operated the inn until his enlistment in the Pennsylvania Volunteers, recruited in Buckingham and Wrightstown, August 21, 1775. While Johannes was serving in the Revolutionary War his wife Mary assumed the management of this famous tavern; he sold it to William Bennett in 1777. On one occasion General Washington, fearing that some of the boats on the Delaware River might fall into the hands of the enemy, directed General Greene to look to their safety. On December 10, 1775, Washington was at Bogart's tavern when he wrote to General Ewing at Sherrerd's ferry, above New Hope, to send sixteen Durham boats and four "flats" down to Mc Konkey's ferry as soon as possible. In the diary of Lieutenant James Mc Michael, 1776-1777, he wrote "July 31, 1777 – we passed Bogart's tavern and camped at the Crossroads in Warwick Township at 7:00 P.M." Johannes was active in community affairs of Bucks County. His home was the meeting place of the Committee of Safety, organized in 1775, which consisted of Johannes, Joseph Hart, John Cox, Henry Wynkoop, John Coryel, Thomas Long, Benjamin Fell, Thomas Jones, Arthur

Watts, James Wallace and Joseph Sackett, which met once a month during 1775 and 1776. After serving in the war in which he was wounded, discharged, he went to Philadelphia in 1778 where he purchased some effects of Hugh Ferguson, deceased, at a public auction sale. In 1779, he purchased a tract of land of 196 acres in Warrington Township, Bucks County, and in the same year, he sold it and moved to Philadelphia where he became a prosperous innkeeper in the Middle Ward. He died there September 18, 1780, and was buried in the First Presbyterian churchyard. On May 31, 1782, his widow Mary received his first pension. Letters of Administration dated September 29, 1780 were issued to his widow; William Oliphant and William Mc Mullin were named bondsmen.

265 **Maria**
266 **Frances,** married Robert Mearns, February 1, 1794 at Neshaminy.
267 **Sarah**

The above children are mentioned in their grandfather's will — Gysbert Bogaert (248) of Hillsborough, New Jersey, dated 1785. See Appendix-R.

260.

GILBERT BOGART, son of Jacob Bogaert (249) and Ann Doremus, was born in Bucks County, Pa., about 1748; although no birth or baptismal record can be found, he is referred to in his father's will of 1777 as "my eldest son Gysbert" (Appendix-P). He attended the North-Southampton Dutch church, his name appearing among a list of pew holders of that church. He married (1), Metje Brokaw, daughter of Bergon Brokaw; she died at the birth of their only child, Jacob in 1772; (2), Wilhelmina Nevius, daughter of Peter Nevius; she was born at Six Mile Run, N.J., July 4, 1759. He left Bucks County and settled in Millstone near Raritan where the became a member of the Readington Dutch church. He died intestate in 1779. His two sons, Peter and John Gilbert, children by his second wife, went to live with their maternal grandfather, Peter Nevius of Pleasant Plains, in whose will dated Feb. 3, 1794, they are mentioned. Peter Nevius and Bergon Brokaw Sr., were named administrators of Gysbert Bogart's estate; Letters of Administration signed by Henry Van Mittleswaert, were issued November 2, 1779.

*268 **Dr. Jacob,** baptized August 16, 1772, North-Southampton Dutch Church, Bucks County, Pa.
*269 **Peter,** baptized at Readington Dutch Church, June 23, 1776.
*270 **John Gilbert,** baptized at Readington Dutch Church, March 1, 1778.

268.

DR. JACOB BOGART, son of Gilbert Bogaert (260) and Metje Brokaw, was baptized in Bucks County, Pa. August 16, 1772. His mother died at his birth, and his father in 1779 when Jacob was seven years of age. His maternal grandfather, Bergon Brokaw Sr. was appointed his guardian in 1779 and in 1781, John Brokaw Jr. of Bridgewater succeeded him as guardian. On May 9, 1786, Andrew Van Mittleswaert, his uncle, (husband of his Aunt Sarah) was appointed guardian. Jacob is mentioned in his grandfather's will dated May 15, 1777, to wit – "I give to my grandson, Jacob Bogart, the black mare." Dr. Bogart married Mary Brokaw, daughter of John Brokaw Jr. and Mary Van der Veer, who was born in Somerset County, N.J. in 1776, and died in West Sparta, Livingston County, New York in 1862. For a time Dr. Bogart lived in Millstone where his children were born. Shortly after 1800, he settled with his family in Owasco, Victory Township, Cayuga County, N.Y., where he was a practicing physician until his death in 1823. He was one of the organizers of the Cayuga County Medical Society and served as its first secretary in 1806. He was a witness to the will of Elsie Schenck, April 19, 1815. Letters of Administration on his estate dated February 26, 1823. She died in West Sparta in her eighty-sixth year.

*271 **Peter Brokaw,** bap. at Millstone, N.J. Nov. 10, 1793.
*272 **Andrew Van Mittleswaert,** born in New Jersey.
*273 **Dr. Gilbert,** bap. Sept. 13, 1798 at Millstone, N.J.
*274 **John Brokaw,** bap. at Millstone, N.J. March 23, 1799.
275a **Mary Ann,** born July 28, 1804.
274b **Sarah Van Mittleswaert,** born April 12, 1808; m- Mr. Huddnut.

269.

PETER BOGART, son of Gilbert Bogart (260) and Wilhelmina Nevius, was born in Somerset County, N.J. June 2, 1776 and was baptized at Readington. His father died in 1779 when Peter was

three years old. He was raised by his maternal grandfather, Peter Nevius of Pleasant Plains, N.J. He married in 1803 his cousin, Ann Nevius widow of ..... Schurman, daughter of David Nevius; she was born May 8, 1784. He was a steward at Princeton, later a merchant and for a time, teller and notary in the Princeton Bank. He was graduated from Nassau Hall in 1827, was admitted to the Bar in 1832 and practiced law. He died in Princeton, March 4, 1849.

*275 **Gilbert,** born May 1, 1804, bap. at Six Mile Run, N.J. June 3, 1804. m- Christina Barden.

276 **Elizabeth Ann,** bap. at Six Mile Run, N.J. April 6, 1806; m- the Rev. Wm. Mc Neill. She died at Halifax, North Carolina, November 6, 1872.

*277 **David Nevius,** baptized at Six Mile Run, N.J. July 14, 1809.

*278 **John,** baptized at Six Mile Run, N.J. March 20, 1812.

279 **James Staats,** baptized at Six Mile Run, N.J. July 14, 1813 - d.y.

*280 **Wm. Schenck,** born April 8, 1819.

281 **Margaret Nevius,** baptized at Readington, N.J. December 31, 1820 and died unmarried at Enfield, N.C. in 1887; resided in Tallahassee, Fla. for a time.

270.

JOHN GILBERT BOGART, son of Gilbert Bogart (260) and Wilhelmina Nevius, was born in Somerset County, N.J., January 21, 1778, and was baptized at Readington, N.J. March 1st. He married (1) in 1799, Sarah Vanderhoff, daughter of John Vanderhoff and Lydia ..... of New York; (2) to Jane Earle of Hackensack, N.J., daughter of Morris Earle and Elizabeth Terhune, in 1803. He resided in New York where he died, Letters of Administration, dated November 11, 1840, in which his son-in-law, Dr. Isaac Greenwood was named executor.

282 **Sarah,** married Dr. Isaac Greenwood noted dentist of New York. He was a pioneer in dentistry, and among his patients was George Washington for whom he made a set of dental plates. See "History of Dentistry" by Arthur W. Lufkin, published in 1938.

Elizabeth Greenwood
Jane ”
Sarah ”
Mary Louise ”

271.

PETER BROKAW BOGART, Son of Dr. Jacob Bogart (268) and Metje Brokaw, was baptized in Millstone, N.J. November 10, 1793. He settled in Owasco, N.Y., with his parents. He married Agnes Welty, daughter of Adam Welty. His wife was born in 1809 – died, April 3, 1879. He was a prosperous farmer, died intestate, October 19, 1843. His son Jacob Bogart and Phillip Welty were named administrators.

283 **Phebe Van Nest,** born 1817; bap. March 17, 1817 in Owasco; m- Adam Knappenburg of West Sparta, Livingston County, N.Y. She died at the age of 24 years.
284 **Jacob,** died at Wolcott, Wayne County, N.Y., July 26, 1883; administration dated August 10, 1883; m- Harriet M. – had one child, Alida C., who married Avery M. Green.
285 **Mary Ann.**
286 **Elizabeth Ann,** married Ephriam Smith.
287 **Catherine,** married Isaac Merritt.
*288 **Adam Welty,** b. Nov. 11, 1829,
289 **Justina.**
290 **Adeline.**

All the above children are mentioned in father's Administration papers.

272.

ANDREW VAN MITTLESWAERT BOGART, son of Dr. Jacob Bogart (268) and Metje Brokaw, was born in Millstone, N.J., in 1802. He moved to Owasco with his parents and settled in West Sparta, Livingston County, N.Y. He married Rachel Weeks (born 1807 – died November 9, 1884) daughter of Robert Weeks of West Sparta. He died in 1846, Letters of Administration at that time.

291 **Robert Weeks,** born in 1836, married (1) Belle Snyder, daughter of Henry Snyder; married (2) Grace Perrine, daughter of William T. Perrine and Ann ....., in 1866; she died, January 1891; he married (3) in January 1894, Harriet Stevens. He resided in Mount Morris, N.Y., and died there in 1916 leaving a will dated March 24, 1911.

292 **Elizabeth,** married Marcus Dunning; she died in 1895.

293 **Jacob Henry,** settled in Greenfield, Indiana. No trace of him could be found.

294 **Andrew,** died young.

273

DR. GILBERT BOGART, son of Dr. Jacob Bogart (268) and Metje Brokaw, was baptized in Millstone, New Jersey, September 13, 1798. He married Catherine Voorhees, born December 6, 1798 and died April 10, 1878. He resided in Mount Morris, New York, and in 1829, he filed a diploma with the county clerk, Geneseo, Livingston County. He joined the Livingston County Medical Society in 1831 and in 1841, he became its president. He died May 15, 1875; he and his wife are buried in Castile, Wyoming County, N.Y.

273a **Jacob,** born in 1824, died in 1903; m- Elizabeth..... born in 1823, died in 1918.

273b **Ann** (?) buried in Castile.

*273c **Nelson,** born July 2, 1830.

273c

NELSON BOGART, son of Dr. Gilbert Bogart (273) and Catherine Voorhees, was born July 2, 1830. He married Lydia Herrington of Castile, N.Y., August 22, 1852; she was born February 3, 1834 and died February 24, 1893. They moved to Waterloo, Iowa and at the outbreak of the Civil War, he enlisted in the army. He died in Galveston, Texas while in service, July 13, 1865, and was buried in the Federal Cemetery in San Antonio.

273d **Cora,** born in 1853; m- Frederick Smith; died in 1920.

273e **Flora,** born in 1856, died in 1931; single.

*273f **Augustus Eugene,** born July 26, 1858.

*273g **William E.** born in Waterloo, Iowa in 1862.

The Jefferson House, Watkins Glen, N.Y., (still standing) once operated by Humphrey Bogart's grandfather, Adam W. Bogart. Photo, courtesy of Barbara Bell.

273f

AUGUSTUS EUGENE BOGART, son of Nelson Bogart (273c) and Lydia Herrington, was born July 26, 1858. On September 13, 1889, he married Carrie Elizabeth Groves, born October 16, 1863 at Greenbush, N.Y. About 1897, he moved to Fairbury, Nebraska, and was associated with the Rock Island R.R., and later he returned to Castile, N.Y. His wife died March 30, 1937 at Castile, and he at Attica, N.Y. December 3, 1943. Both are buried at Castile, N.Y.

273h **Elmer Nelson** was born in Castile, N.Y., May 22, 1891. He has been associated with the Erie R.R. for many years and at present he is Agent at Attica, N.Y. where he now resides. He married at Castile, N.Y. Estella (Florian) Broughton, born October 14, 1895; no children.

273g

WILLIAM EUGENE BOGART, son of Nelson Bogart (273c) and Lydia Herrington, was born in Waterloo, Iowa, February 27, 1862. He married Florence Mary Teague, born September 11, 1869 and died January 5, 1920. He was a noted civil engineer and was engaged in railroad location work most of his life.

273i **Edith Lydia,** born October 26, 1890 in Nebraska City, Neb. She married (1) Robert W. Jackson, April 28, 1912; one child, William Robert Jackson, born March 3, 1913; he married Constance C. Doyle, August 29, 1948; he is now with the Small Business Administration, U.S. Government, Denver, Col. She married (2), Chauncey W. Woods, June 21, 1934. Mr. Woods is now deceased; no children.

*273j **Nelson T. Bogart,** born in 1892.

273j

NELSON TEAGUE BOGART, son of William Eugene Bogart (273g) and Florence Mary Teague, was born in Nebraska City, Neb., September 7, 1892. He married Hilda Seccombe in 1915; she was born August 16, 1896. For thirty seven years, he was associated with the Accidental Life Insurance Co., of California in the home office in Los Angeles, Now retired.

273k **Nelson T. Jr.** was born February 22, 1916. He married in 1943, Doris Palmer, born June 15, 1920. He is a chemical engineer and Manager of Operations at the El Segundo Refinery of Standard Oil Co. of California. They have two children – Joyce Ann, born November 24, 1945; David Nelson, born July 14, 1950.

273m **Dr. William Edmonde,** born August 19, 1922. He married Nancy Terry in 1947; she was born December 16, 1922. He is an oral surgeon practicing in Fullerton, Cal. They have three children – Mary Elizabeth, born September 15, 1948; William Edmonde Jr., born August 22, 1951; Brian Terry, born October 8, 1953.

274

JOHN BROKAW BOGART, son of Dr. Jacob Bogart (268) and Metje Brokaw, was born in Millstone, N.J., March 23, 1799. He married Mary Cook. He resided in Owasco and settled in Phelps, Ontario County, N.Y., where he died April 12, 1874; his will dated March 6, 1867 probated, June 15, 1874.

295 **Andrew,** died at Phelps, N.Y. September 22, 1904; Letters of Administration issued to his wife, October 4, 1904; married Elizabeth .....; she died at Phelps, September 1, 1905; Letters of Administration on her estate issued to her daughter, Mrs. Ada M. Hoag, September 13, 1905.

296 **Gilbert,** mentioned in his father's will.

297 **Brokaw** – he and his brother Gilbert were administrators of their father's estate.

298 **Sarah Marie,** born October 22, 1826; m- June 10, 1857 to Andrew Van Wagnen, son of James Stryker Van Wagnen and Sarah Van Mittleswaert; he was born December 26, 1826 at West Sparta, N.Y.

Mary E. Van Wagnen born July 20, 1858 at West Sparta.
John B. Van Wagnen born April 14, 1862 at West Sparta; m- Ida Hartman; he died Mar. 5, 1941.

299 **Ida,** married Mr. Stacey.

300 **Mandana,** married Mr. Salisbury.

All of the above children are mentioned in their father's will.

275.

GILBERT BOGART, son of Peter Bogart (269) and Ann Nevius, was born at Six Mile Run, N.J., May 1, 1804. He married, December 3, 1829, Christina Barden of Hertford County, N.C. She was born July 11, 1811, died May 24, 1876. He was graduated from Princeton in 1824, was admitted to the Bar in New York and returned South. He was a faculty member of several academies in eastern North Carolina among them Washington, New Berne, and Edenton until he was appointed Collector of Customs at Washington, N.C. in 1866, which position he held at the time of his death, April 19, 1867.

301 **Ann Elizabeth,** born September 4, 1830 at Murfreesboro, N.C.; unmarried.

302 **Mary Wilhelmina,** born November 11, 1832 at Edenton, N.C. m- October 8, 1851, Julius Hanks, an engineer; she died December 3, 1878.

Anna Elizabeth Hanks, born May 15, 1856. m- G.W. Parker; she died July 13, 1881.
Eugene B. Hanks, born Nov. 24, 1852, died in Venezuela, Oct. 24, 1886.
Edgar Hanks, died in infancy.
William Junius Hanks, died at the age of five.

303 **John Gilbert,** born April 9, 1836 at Edenton, N.C.; died Nov. 15, 1880; u.m.

*304 **William Bardwell,** born February 11, 1839 at Edenton, N.C.

305 **Sarah Frances,** born September 26, 1843, died Dec. 6, 1845.

*306 **Col. David Nevius,** born August 2, 1847.

277.

DAVID NEVIUS BOGART, son of Peter Bogart (269) and Ann Nevius, was baptized at Readington, N.J. Dutch Church, July 14, 1809. He married Sarah Desborough, daughter of Daniel H. Desborough and Matilda Van Liew, May 16, 1837, and died at Princeton, N.J., May 5, 1844; she was born in 1816 and died in 1908.

307 **James S.** born June 20, 1839; m- Lydia Sailer, October 13, 1875; he died April 3, 1881; she married Henry B. Paul, April 29, 1896.

308 **Ann Matilda**, born October 21, 1840, died Feb. 1, 1862.
*309 **Robert Du Puy** of New Brunswick, born February 22, 1843.

278

JOHN BOGART, son of Peter Bogart (269) and Ann Nevius, was born in New Jersey and was baptized at Six-Mile Run, March 20, 1812. He married Phebe Stoddard, daughter of James Stoddard and Ann Craig, April 13, 1839; he died May 25, 1842; resided in Mapleton, N.J.

310 **Charles Campbell.**
311 **Mary Emaline**, m- Mr. Pratt of New Brunswick, N.J.

280

WILLIAM SCHENCK BOGART, son of Peter Bogart (269) and Ann Nevius, was born in New Jersey, April 8, 1819. He married (1) Jane Dickson of Portsmouth, Va., the daughter of Capt. Henry Dickson and Jannette Brown; (2) Florence G. Jordan. He was graduated from Princeton in 1836, was Principal of Chatham Academy and for years, superintendent of the Board of Education of Savannah, Ga., where he died September 22, 1892. His widow resided in Massachusetts.

312 **Jane Gray**, born in Savannah, March 1, 1841; died at Tallahassee, Florida at the age of twelve years.
*313 **Capt. John Henry**, born in Savannah May 16, 1842.
*314 **Robert Dickson**, born in Savannah, October 14, 1851.
315 **Ann Wilhelmina**, of Walthourville, Ga., born April 8, 1858; m- Robert H. Walthour.
316 **Mary** (by second wife)

288

ADAM WELTY BOGART, son of Peter Brokaw Bogart (271) and Agnes Welty, was born in Owasco, Victory Township, Cayuga County, N.Y., November 11, 1829. He was fourteen years of age when his father died in 1843, and Philip Welty was appointed his guardian, March 11, 1844. He married Julia A. ....., born in 1833, died at Dix, New York, November 2, 1868. Her will dated August 17, 1868 (contested), mentions their only child, Belmont

De Forest Bogart who at that time was three years old. Letters of Administration on her estate were issued to her husband, Adam, dated January 19, 1869; for years they operated the Jefferson House, Watkins Glen, N.Y.

*317 **Dr. Belmont De Forest,** born in Watkins Glen, Schuyler County, New York, in 1865.

304

WILLIAM BARDWELL BOGART, son of Gilbert Bogart (275) and Christina Barden, was born in Edenton, N.C., February 11, 1839. He married April 20, 1864, Elizabeth Eugenia Fulford who died June 13, 1880; m- (2) Mary Ann Fulford, sister of his first wife. When a young man, he went to Greensboro, and formed a business partnership known as Bogart and Murray. Later, he was cashier of Guilford County Bank, and held that position until his death.

318 **William Fulford,** m- November 29, 1887, Julia Bowles Deming, daughter of Gordon Seymour and Harriet S. Munn of Fayetteville, N.C. He resided in Greensboro.

Julia
Elizabeth

319 **Clarence Barden** of Greensboro, N.C.

306

COL. DAVID NEVIUS BOGART, son of Gilbert Bogart (275) and Christina Barden, was born August 2, 1847. He married, October 20, 1870, Mary Catherine Morton, born April 5, 1848, died, Feburary 7, 1910. At the age of 15 years, he enlisted in the Confederate Army as a prison guard at Salisbury. In 1861, he was captured and marched to Camp Chase, Ohio where he was released, June 13th. He was successively promoted from the ranks to Lt. Colonel, First Regiment, North Carolina State Guard. While on duty to supress a local riot in the small community of James City, near New Berne, he was thrown from his horse, and died at midnight, April 28, 1893. For many years he was a prominent druggist.

320 **Isabelle Graham,** born September 19, 1871, died June 3, 1893, a few weeks following the death of her father. She was a talented artist.

321 **Alice Winslow,** born October 3, 1873; m- Frank Havens Rollins, April 18, 1900.

Frank H. Rollins born October 20 .....; m- Florence Paine of New York, December 15, 1945; daughter, Eleanor Alice Rollins, born November 13, 1948.

322 **Malcom Nevius,** born August 5, 1876, died in 1940; m- Ethel Strother of Daytona Beach, Florida.

Robert Strother of Daytona Beach, m..... .
Mary Catherine; m- Donald K. Olson.

323 **David Nevius,** born November 21, 1879, died 1890.
*324 **Walter Thornwell,** born November 10, 1881.
*325 **William Morton,** born January 24, 1884.
*326 **Robert Courtenay,** born May 10, 1886.
327 **Gilbert Barden,** born August 10, 1887 died in 1945. m- Katie Lee Stone.

Thomas Stone Bogart, of Dallas, Texas.

328 **Mary Kathleen,** born June 14, 1890; m- Rev. Henry B. Searight, D.D.

Alice Bogart Searight, born August 10, 1913; m- Rev. James H. Phillips, Dean of Chapel, Duke University, Durham, N.C. Children—

Alice Kathleen Phillips
Elizabeth Leigh Phillips

Katherine Turner Searight, born August 10, 1916; m- George Henry Hinds, of Raleigh, N.C. Children—

Kathleen Bogart Hinds
Melody Hinds.

Henry Brown Searight, born January 26, 1919; m- Marylou Henderson of Daytona Beach, Fla.

David Nevius Searight, born September 5, 1922, died July 7, 1948; m- Frances Lamb Congleton of Stopes, N.C.

ROBERT DU PUY BOGART, son of David Nevius Bogart (277) and Sarah Desborough, was born February 22, 1843. He married Lucy Allison. He was a noted journalist, and served as an editorial writer on several papers. He was Washington correspondent for the Chicago Post at the time of his death in 1898. He resided in New Brunswick, N.J., New York, and Washington, D.C.

329 **Katherine Desborough;** m- Mr. .....; had Dorothy, married Mr. Pitkin; resides in Boston, Mass.

329a **Anna May,** died April 1, 1945; m- William H. Waldron of New Brunswick, August 1, 1903. He was born in 1868, and died in 1947. He was graduated from Rutgers College in 1886, receiving a B.S. Degree. For many years after leaving college, he was associated in the business of his father, the John Waldron Machinery Co. of New Brunswick. He spent considerable time abroad and crossed the Atlantic sixty-three times. At the time of his demise, he was a director of the National Bank of New Jersey and the New Brunswick Savings Bank; also, a director of the Interwoven Hoisery Co. He was a member of the Holland Society of New York, and the American Society of Mechanical Engineers.

JOHN HENRY BOGART, son of William Schenck Bogart (280) and Jane Dickson, was born in Savannah, Georgia, May 16, 1842. He was educated at the University of Berne, Switzerland and at Princeton. He married Mary E. Barrett, daughter of Richard Barrett. He enlisted in the Confederate Army in 1861 as First Sgt., Company C, 61st Regiment. He was captured in the retreat from Gettysburg and Appomattox, and was promoted to Captain for bravery. For a number of years he was superintendent of the Albermarle Steam Navigation Company. In 1875, he was elected to the Virginia House of Delegates. He also was associated with the Seaboard & Roanoke R.R. He died in Baltimore, May 23, 1893.

330 **Jane Dickson,** born March 6, 1875.
*331 **William Oswald,** born February 20, 1879.
332 **Robert Nevius,** born August 10, 1881; d.y.
333 **Harry Lee,** born September 29, 1886; d.y.

314

ROBERT DICKSON BOGART, son of William Schenck Bogart (280) and Jane Dickson, was born in Savannah, Georgia, October 14, 1851. He married (1) Georgia Cornwall; m- (2) Mrs. Laura G. Woodbridge (nee Dorsee), widow, of Galveston, Texas. He settled in Little Rock, Arkansas. Only child–

*334 **Robert D. Jr.,** born in Savannah, Georgia in 1885.

317

DR. BELMONT DE FOREST BOGART, son of Adam W. Bogart (288) and Julia A. ....., was born in Watkins Glen, New York in 1865. He was graduated from Columbia College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1896, and the following year, he was licensed to practice. He was staff physician of the West Side Clinical Society, and Physician to the Department of Heart and Lungs, Presbyterian Hospital, New York. He was family physician to many prominent New Yorkers among them the Brady family of theatrical fame. He married Maude Humphrey, born in 1866 in Rochester, New York, and died in 1941. She was a noted magazine cover artist and illustrator of children's books. Dr. Bogart died in New York, September 8, 1934 and was buried in Fresh Pond Cemetary, Brooklyn.

*335 **Humphrey De Forest,** born in New York, December 25, 1899.
336 **Catherine Elizabeth**
337 **Frances,** married Stuart Rose of New York; daughter, Patricia Rose.

324

WALTER THORNWELL BOGART, son of Col. David Nevius Bogart (306) and Mary Catherine Morton, was born November 10, 1881. He married Virginia De Branch Simcoe of Norfolk, Va., born November 2, 1884, died October 3. 1944.

337a **Vivian Isabelle;** m- (1) George Franklin Phillips; m- (2) John Earl Greene. Sue Bogart Phillips; m- Lonnie Robert Currie; son, Robert Bogart Currie.

325

WILLIAM MORTON BOGART, son of David Nevius Bogart (306) and Mary Catherine Morton, was born January 24, 1884, died 1945; m- Ada Caroline Cooper, born June 27, 1882.

*338 **Dr. William M. Jr.,** born October 16, 1913.
339 **Harriet Caroline,** born April 26, 1917
340 **Ester Elizabeth,** born May 3, 1916

326

ROBERT COURTENAY BOGART, son of David Nevius Bogart (306) and Mary Catherine Morton, was born May 10, 1886. He married, November 22, 1921, Penelope Biggs of Williamstown, N.C. She was born December 16, 1891. He was named after Mayor Robert Courtenay, hero of the Charlestown earthquake in 1886.

341 **Sally Smallwood,** born February 24, 1924; m- February 18, 1950, Henry Lilly Owen Jr., born September 4, 1922, Rocky Mount, N.C.; daughter, Sally Ann, born May 7, 1951.
342 **Penelope O'Cain,** born September 12, 1929.

331

WILLIAM OSWALD BOGART, son of Capt. John Henry Bogart (313) and Mary E. Barrett, was born February 20, 1879. He attended Franklin Academy and Danville Military School, Danville, Va. He married Lydia Owens, born in Nansemond County, Va. March 12, 1891, daughter of John Bunyan Owens and Helen Griffin. They were married June 11, 1912. He died in April 1952; residence, Franklin, Va.; one child–

343 **Helen,** born May 9, 1918; m- September 14, 1940, C.P. Holland Jr. son of Carlyle Peerman Holland and Blanche ..... .

334

ROBERT D. BOGART JR., son of Robert D. Bogart (314) and Georgia Cornwall, was born in Savannah, Ga. in 1885, and died in Fayetteville, Arkansas, April 1, 1951. He settled in Little Rock with his parents and became well known in business and banking circles. At the time of his death he was President-Director of the

Southern Merchantile Co. of Prarie Grove, Ark. He was a member of the Racing Commission, and of the Highway Commission. He married Helen Thompson. He was a Presbyterian.

344 **Robert D.**
345 **Jean;** m- Mr. Trahin.

335

HUMPHREY DE FOREST BOGART, son of Dr. Belmont De Forest Bogart (317) and Maude Humphrey, was born in New York City, December 25, 1899. He was graduated from Trinity School in 1916, and later he attended Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass. His education was interrupted by World War I when he served with the U.S. Navy, assigned helmsman of the troop ship S.S. LEVIATHAN. His interest in the legitimate stage was given favorable impetus in 1922 by William Brady, Broadway theatrical producer who was a close friend of his father, Dr. Bogart, family physician to the Brady's. Among his early stage performances were "Swifty", "Hell's Bells", "Meet The Wife", "Cradle Snatchers", "Saturday's Children", "Its A Wise Child", etc., including the role of Duke Mantee in Robert E. Sherwood's "Petrified Forest." His entre in motion pictures, he owed to his close friend, the late Leslie Howard, English Star. His first screen play "Up The River" was followed by "Maltese Falcon", "High Sierra", "To Have and Have Not", (in which he co-starred with Lauren Bacall), "Conflict", "Big Sleep", "Cassablanca" and the screen version of "Petrified Forest", and others. His underworld and gangster characterizations were surpassed in the screen play "African Queen" in which he played opposite Katherine Hepburn, for which he won the coveted Academy Award for 1952. He then starred in "Caine Mutiny", "Sabrina", "The Barefoot Contessa", "Desperate Hours", "The Harder They Fall", etc. His talents brought him fame and fortune, but no doubt he would have gone far as a successful reporter and journalist, an ambition he had secretly cherished since early boyhood. His first wife was Helen Menckensecond, Mary Phillips; third, Mayo Methot, and on May 21, 1945 he married Lauren Bacall at Malabar Farms, Middletown, Ohio. Born in New York, September 16, 1924, Lauren Bacall was graduated from Julia Richman High School at the age of fifteen, and studied at the American Academy of Dramatic Arts. The screen play, "To Have and Have Not", not only introduced her to the movie world and to her future husband but it won for her citations as the out-

standing actress of the year. She played opposite Humphrey in the "Big Sleep", and became a star in her next film, "Confidential Agent" with Charles Boyer. After an absence from the screen for several years, Lauren Bacall returned in 1953 to make "How To Marry A Millionaire"; in "Designing Women" she gave one of the most outstanding performances of her career, playing opposite Gregory Peck. Among Humphrey's clubs were the Los Angeles Yacht, Newport Harbor Yacht, Balboa Yacht, Players, Lakeside Golf, Coffee House and Yuleites; he was also a member of the Holland Society of New York. An ardent yachtsman, he spent much of his leisure time in this favorite pastime. He died in his sleep in his Holmby Hills home, Hollywood, January 14, 1957; children by Lauren Bacall.

346 **Stephen Humphrey,** born in Hollywood, Cal. January 6, 1949.
347 **Leslie Howard** (daughter) Born in Hollywood, August 23, 1952.

338

DR. WILLIAM M. JR., son of William Morton Bogart (325) and Ada Cooper, was born October 16, 1913. He married Bertha Mae Johnson, at Clifton Forge, Va. She was born March 9, 1917. After completing his medical education at Johns Hopkins, Baltimore, Md., he interned there for a time and later he attended Standford University; he served during World War II with the U.S. Navy; residence, Concord, California.

348 **Kim,** twin – born April 26, 1946.
349 **Betty,** twin – born April 26, 1946.

THE CANADIAN BRANCH

The Revolutionary War, like the Civil War, wrought many changes in family relations. Differences of opinion and allegiance to the Crown of England on the one hand, and to the embryo republic on the other, caused cleaveages in many households. Some joined the Continental Army, and others went into seclusion to await the outcome of the war.

Trinity Church on lower Broadway, New York, opposite the head of Wall Street, which property once belonged to Annekje Jans, wife of Dominie Everardus Bogardus, sponsored a parish at Granville, Annapolis Township, Nova Scotia, where those who joined the trek to Canada might worship. Many influential citizens of various nationalities from metropolitan New York and New Jersey were among the twenty-thousand refugees who traveled to Canada by land and sea, and were granted attractive property rights and special concessions in return for their support and loyalty. They were known as Loyalists.

Among them was Cornelius Bogaert (48), one of six sons of Tunis G. Bogaert (35) and Catherine Hegeman. He was born in Staten Island in 1729, and married Margaret Covert, daughter of Luke Covert of Brooklyn. Cornelius, his wife and two children, Luke and Abraham, settled in Lower Granville, from whom a long line descends. Some of their descendants eventually returned to this country after 1800, and settled in Buckport, Maine; Chester, Connecticut, and in De Kalb County, Illinois. Two brothers, Drs. John Bion and Arthur H. De B. Bogart, sons of Captain John Henry Bogart and Caroline Elizabeth Croscup, great-grandsons of Cornel-

ius, settled in Brooklyn, New York where for many years they distinguished themselves in their chosen profession.

Another branch, a cousin of Cornelius Bogart, namely Cornelius Jr. (84) son of Jan C. Bogart (54) and Cornelia Stoothoff of Flatlands, Brooklyn, also went to Canada. Shortly after 1801, he and his family returned to the Wallabout, Brooklyn. Jan C. Bogart married Clara Anderson in Lower Granville, Nova Scotia, whose parents came from White Plains, New York during the Revolution, where Clara was born and baptized. When a baby, in her mother's arms, she was held up to the window of their home on what is now Anderson Hill, between Harrison and White Plains (Westchester County, New York), and witnessed the Battle of White Plains. Cornelius had three daughters and a son, Cornelius Jr. who with his family, settled in Brooklyn.

Captain Tunis Bogart (58), son of Gysbert Bogart (42) and Margaret Bos (Bush), was born in Flatlands in 1755, and married Matilda Remsen of Brooklyn. He too settled in Nova Scotia, Canada where he raised a family of six children. Many of his descendants as well as those of his cousin Cornelius reside there.

Those families into which the Canadian Branch married, and who also settled in Nova Scotia, were Helms, Vroom, Rapalje, Covert, Middagh, – some of the Brooklyn Branch of these families, and others of the New Jersey branch. As the record indicates, there were many sea-faring captains numbered among the members of this branch of the family.

These branches should not be confused with another Canadian family headed by Guysbert Bogaert, great-grandson of Jan Laurens Bogaert of the Harlem Branch, namely, Gysbert, who settled near Adolphustown, Ontario. Another Canadian family, also a branch of the Harlem family, was headed by Hendrick Bogart of New York who settled in Brockville, Ontario. Many of the descendants of these families returned to the United States.

48

CORNELIUS BOGART, son of Tunis G. Bogart (35) and Catherine Hegeman of Brooklyn, was born in Staten Island, N.Y., baptized there March 2, 1729. He married Margaret Covert, daughter of Luke Covert of Brooklyn, June 5, 1761. She was born in 1743. He and his family went to Nova Scotia, Canada but he died on shipboard upon their arrival at Lower Granville, Annapolis Township, May 5, 1783. Mentioned in his father's will of 1767. Appendix.N.

*350 **Luke,** born in New York, September 24, 1770.

*351 **Abraham,** born in New York.

58

CAPT. TUNIS BOGAERT, son of Gysbert Bogart (42) and Margaret Bos (Bush) of Flatlands, Brooklyn, was born there in 1750, and was baptized in New York, April 20, 1755. His grandparents, Tunis G. Bogaert and Catherine Hegeman were witnesses to his baptism. He married Matilda Remsen, daughter of Jacob Remsen of Brooklyn, June 17, 1778. He settled in Lower Granville, Nova Scotia and was on the muster rolls of discharged disabled veterans at Annapolis, June 18, 1784. He received a grant of land in that year from the English government. He died October 2, 1822, and is mentioned in his father's will of 1772.

352 **Abraham,** born 1779 – unmarried.
353 **Isaac,** born 1780, baptized at Annapolis, September 4, 1788.
*354 **Jacob,** born May 30, 1783, baptized June 22, 1783.
355 **Tunis,** born 1785; m- (1) Mary Anderson; m- (2) Mary Lambertson; son – Tunis who married Georgiana Mc Cormick.
356 **Catherine,** born 1790; m- Edward Thorne, son of Edward Thorne and Jannetje Rapalje, January 2, 1809; she died February 12, 1860; he was born 1781 and died 1860; buried at Granville.

Stephen R. Thorne born, May 5, 1810; m- Maria Sands; she died June 13, 1836, at St. Johns, New Brunswick.
Abraham, Thorne, born November 1812; m- Elizabeth Ann (nee Sands) Dickson, died in 1876.
Richard Thorne.
Martha Edith Thorne; m- Edward Lefferts.

357 **Mary,** baptized March 21, 1789 at Annapolis; m- John Lambertson; m- Elias Quereau.

84

CORNELIUS BOGAERT, son of Jan Cornelius Bogaert (54) and Cornelia Stoothoff of Flatlands, Brooklyn, was born and baptized there, October 9, 1772. He settled in Upper Granville, Nova Scotia where he married Clara Anderson of White Plains, N.Y. the daughter of William Anderson, September 16, 1798; she was baptized in White Plains, New York, April 29, 1776. Cornelius and his family returned to Brooklyn in 1802. He is mentioned in his father's will of 1792, Appendix-S.

358 **Mary,** born in Nova Scotia, June 18, 1801, died in Brooklyn in 1861; m- Barnes Hatfield of White Plains; had Mary Elizabeth, born in Brooklyn, 1821; died November 29, 1878.

359 **Eleanor,** bap. at Granville, Nova Scotia, December 29, 1799.

360 **Margaret,** born at the Wallabout, Brooklyn, November 1, 1803, died November 1, 1871; m- June 9, 1824, John Waydell of Trenton, N.J., born in Albany in 1800. He died in Havana, Cuba, March 29, 1848.

Margaret Ann Waydell, bap. April 27, 1825, died April 1, 1906 at Trenton; m- Abner Reeder Chambers.
John H. Waydell; m- Ruby A. Chase.
Frederick Waydell; m- Hannah Mitchell, had Ida, m- Arba Faxon.
William Anderson Waydell; m- Elizabeth Welken.
Cornelius Waydell; m- Catherine Warner.

*361 **Cornelius,** twin of Margaret, born at the Wallabout, Brooklyn, November 1, 1803.

350

LUKE BOGART, son of Cornelius Bogart (48) and Margaret Covert was born in New York September 24, 1770. He married in Clementsport, N.S., August 1, 1790, Eva Helms daughter of Cornelius Helms and Margaret Huyler. He and his wife were confirmed in St. Lukes Episcopal Church, Annapolis, Nova Scotia, September 7, 1792. He died at Lower Granville, November 8, 1847 and his wife, March 17, 1848 at the age of 71.

362 **Margaret,** born Lower Granville, February 29, 1792; m- George Worster.

*363 **Cornelius,** bap. Lower Granville, March 6, 1794.

*364 **Samuel Helms,** born Lower Granville, baptized there in 1797.

*365 **Abraham,** born Lower Granville, baptized there December 29, 1799.

*366 **John,** baptized at Lower Granville, October 10, 1803; m- Sarah Emiline Quigley.

367 **Eleanor,** born in 1804; m- Martin Oliver.

*368 **Isaac,** born January 11, 1806.

369 **Horatio N.** born in 1807; m- Lucy Croscup.

370 **Jacob,** born 1809.

371 **Maria Jane,** born 1811; m- George Croscup; settled in Manchester, Mass.; had Atalanta; m- John Bohacker.

372 **George,** died young.

351

ABRAHAM BOGART, son of Cornelius Bogart (48) and Margaret Covert was born in New York. He settled with his family in Nova Scotia; m- (1) Alice Brown in 1810; m- (2) Rachel Bent in 1814.

373 **Cornelius,** born 1811; m- Alice Bent, December 10, 1836, daugher of Samuel Bent Jr.
374 **Alice,** born 1813, died 1819.

Children By Rachel Bent

375 **Samuel,** born 1814, died 1819.
376 **John,** born 1816; m- Mary Ann Durland.
377 **Mary,** born 1817; m- Daniel Bowhacker.
378 **Cornelia,** born 1819; m- George Schafner.
379 **Phebe,** born 1820; m- Solomon Farnsworth.
380 **Charles W.** born 1822; d.y.
381 **Charles,** born 1825; m- Cassie Sloan.
382 **Margaret,** born 1827; d.y.
383 **Wm. Henry,** born 1830; d.y.

JACOB BOGART, son of Capt. Tunis Bogart (58) and Matilda Remsen, was born in Lower Granville, May 30, 1783, baptized, June 22, 1783. He married Elizabeth Hart, daughter of Thomas Hart, February 2, 1810.

384 **Matilda,** born March 23, 1811; m- Robert Wylie.
385 **Mary,** born September 26, 1814; m- Zebedia Croscup.
386 **Thomas Hart,** born March 13, 1817; died unmarried.
387 **Henrietta,** born February 18, 1821; m- J. Bernhard Calnek.

361

CORNELIUS BOGART, son of Cornelius Bogart (84) and Clara Anderson, was born at the Wallabout, Brooklyn, November 1, 1803. He married his cousin, Mary Anderson. Son—

*388 **Anderson,** born ..... died in New York in 1897.

The Oldest House in Nova Scotia, Canada, at Granville Ferry.

363

CORNELIUS BOGART, son of Luke Bogart (350) and Eva Helms, was born in Lower Granville, Nova Scotia, March 6, 1794. He married March 6, 1817, Hannah Johnson, daughter of John Johnson, and sister of Margaret who married his brother, Samuel H. Bogart. She was born March 18, 1797. He resided in Nova Scotia for a number of years then moved to Hamden, Maine, from whence he went to Sandwich, De Kalb County, Illinois. He died there October 14, 1866 and his wife, December 15, 1869.

389 **Margaret,** born in Nova Scotia, May 27, 1818; m- Henry Clay Evans, October 21, 1838.
390 **Elizabeth,** born in Nova Scotia, February 5, 1820; m- (1) July 4, 1844, Rufus Bartlett; m- (2) Fred A. Pratt, settled in Sandwich, Ill.
391 **Ellen Euphemia,** born October 10, 1822; m- Thomas Butler.
392 **John,** born, Hamden, Maine, June 13, 1825, d.y.
*393 **William Henry,** born, Hamden, Maine, July 19, 1826.
394 **Sabra Ann,** born in Hamden, Maine, September 3, 1829; m- John Goodwin Hammond, August 25, 1856 at Deep River, Conn.

George W. Hammond, born Feb. 22, 1858 at Marblehead, Mass.; m- Caroline Sweatt.
Fred E. Hammond, born May 20, 1860; m- Clara Perry.
Ellen A. Hammond, died young, August 15, 1864.
Margaret E. Hammond, born Feb. 4, 1868; m- Sumner A. Wheeler; resides in Manchester, New Hampshire; one daughter, Ann.
Bessie P. Hammond, born Dec. 6, 1871; m- Joel B. Stevens; one son, one daugher; resides in Weathersfield, Conn.
The last three children born in Sandwich, Ill.

395 **Arthur,** born April 2, 1831; died at sea at age of 19 years.
396 **John F.,** born May 27, 1833, d.y.
*397 **George Alpheus,** born July 14, 1836.

364

SAMUEL H. BOGART, son of Luke Bogart (350) and Eva Helms, was born in Lower Granville, Nova Scotia in 1797. He married, February 27, 1822, Margaret Johnson, daughter of John Johnson, She was born in New Haven, Conn.

398 **Johnson,** born July 6, 1823.
399 **Bertha;** m- Capt. Reynolds; daughters – Grace, Blanche who married Mr. Mills.
400 **Luke,** born August 17, 1825.
401 **Waitie;** m- Mr. Marshall; descendants in Nova Scotia.
*402 **Captain Samuel,** born October 9, 1827.
403 **Sarah E.** born October 7, 1830.
404 **Hannah E.** born February 8, 1833.
405 **Margaret,** born July 19, 1835; m- Edward Rice.
406 **Eugenia;** m- Mr. Spurr; had a son, daughter, Zebbie who married Mr. Robinson.
407 **Mary Elizabeth,** born Feb. 23, 1837.

365

ABRAHAM BOGART, son of Luke Bogart (350) and Eva Helms, was born in Lower Granville, N.S., December 29, 1799. He married (1) Mary Ann Capon in 1829, who died in 1840; (2) Sophronia Fritz (nee Hopkins) who died in 1855; (3) to Catherine Fisher; he settled in Buckport, Maine.

Children by Mary Ann Capon

408 **Elizabeth,** d.y.
409 **William E.** born 1832; m- Frances A. Hopkins; had Ashley, born 1860, died 1875.
410 **Francis,** born 1834, died 1885; m- Nancy Davis; daughter, Emma A. who married George L. Merrill in 1880.
411 **Emma A.** born in 1837, died 1854; unmarried.
412 **Mary Ann,** d.y.

Child by Sophronia Fritz

413 **Horace H.** born in 1842; married had family; died in 1880.

366

JOHN BOGART, son of Luke Bogart (350) and Eva Helms, was born in Lower Granville, N.S. and was baptized there October 10, 1803. He married (1) Sarah Emaline Quigley of Lower Granville, daughter of Wickworth Quigley, January 10, 1827; (2) Matilda Jane Vroom, daughter of Isaac Vroom and Mary Spurr. The Vroom family came from New Jersey.

*414 **Capt. John Henry,** born in Lower Granville, N.S. December 27, 1827.
415 **Hannah Louise,** born February 4, 1829.
416 **Adelaide,** born July 29, 1832.
417 **Elizabeth,** born April 1, 1836; m- Cogswell Croscup.
418 **Capt. Samuel,** died in Troon, Scotland; unmarried.
*419 **Capt. James,** born in Lower Granville, N.S. 1836.
420 **Isaac M.;** m- Cornelia Archer.

William Myers, now resides in Roxbury, Mass. Their daughter is a dramatic artist.

Child by Matilda Vroon:

421 **Willard;** m- Helen Child, had Clara and Ralph.

368

ISAAC BOGART, son of Luke Bogart (350) and Eva Helms, was born in Lower Granville, N.S., January 11, 1806. He married Atalanta Croscup, December 9, 1828, daughter of David Croscup. She was born December 25, 1806. They settled in England.

422 **George William,** born July 7, 1830.
423 **Lucy Jane,** born July 30, 1832.
424 **Joseph Henry,** born March 9, 1835; settled at St. Lambert, near Montreal.

Leslie.
Cameron, son, Ronald, resides at Mc Adams Junction, New Brunswick.

388

ANDERSON BOGART, son of Cornelius Bogart (361) and Mary Anderson, was born in New York; he married Julia. .....; she died in 1868, leaving a will dated, November 2, 1865; he died in New York in 1897.

425 **John Waydell,** m- Susan Merriam Blake, October 10, 1870; daughter- Julia.
426 **Ellen F.**
427 **Clara F.**

John and Ellen were named executors of their father's estate; his will dated March 31, 1897.

393

WILLIAM HENRY BOGART, son of Cornelius Bogart (363) and Hannah Johnson, was born July 19, 1826, died July 28, 1890. He married Abby L. Lane, July 22, 1849; she was born at Deep River, Conn., March 31, 1825 and died August 22, 1886. He was a Mason.

428 **Nellie M.** born March 17, 1854, died April 6, 1875- u.m.
429 **Isabel M.** born June 26, 1862, died Feb. 5, 1875- u.m.
*430 **Leon C.** born December 28, 1865, died November 26, 1934.

397

GEORGE A. BOGART, son of Cornelius Bogart (363) and Hannah Johnson, was born in Hamden, Maine, July 14, 1836. He married (1) Elizabeth Foster; (2) Susan A. Tracy. He settled in Chester, Conn., and died there in 1905; his wife died, Febraury 2, 1919. He was a graduate of the University of Maine.

431 **Bessie,** born at Chester, Conn. May 29, 1875; married June 1917 to Herman Brooks Crook (born in East Haddam, Conn. May 21, 1871). He died April 21, 1925; after teaching school for a number of years, she was associated with the Chester Public Library, which position she now holds. Her husband had two sons by a previous marriage, Howard and Merton.

*432 **George A. Jr.,** born in Chester, Conn., in 1886.
*433 **Fred H.,** born in Chester, Conn., settled near Cleveland, Ohio.

402

CAPT. SAMUEL BOGART, son of Samuel H. Bogart (364) and Margaret Johnson, was born October 9, 1827. He married ..... Whitman.

434 **Christina,** m- Fred Hathaway.
435 **Muriel**
436 **Samuel Jr.**
437 **Harold**
438 **John Victor;** servied in World War I, in which he died.

414

CAPT. JOHN HENRY BOGART, son of John Bogart (366) and Emaline Quigley, was born in Lower Granville, N.S. December 27, 1827. He married Caroline Elizabeth Croscup, January 28, 1853. She was born in 1829. He died aboard ship and was buried in Rotterdam, Holland.

*439 **Capt. Eugene Stanley,** born in 1855.

440 **Capt. William Durand;** m- Ida Miller; had Kate, born in 1899, died in 1912.

*441 **Dr. John Bion,** born in Lower Granville, N.S. September 19, 1859.

*442 **Dr. Arthur Henry de Blois,** born in Lower Granville, N.S. in 1868.

*443 **Frank Croscup,** born in Lower Granville, N.S. in 1864.

419

CAPT. JAMES BOGART, son of John Bogart (366) and Sarah Emaline Quigley, was born in Lower Granville, N.S. in 1836, and died in 1913; m- Pamela Rapalje whose family came from Brooklyn; one child-

*443.a **James K.,** born in 1868.

430

LEON C. BOGART, son of William H. Bogart (393) and Abby L. Lane, was born December 28, 1865, died November 26, 1934. He married Louisa Geschwinder of New York, February 14, 1886. She was born April 28, 1866, died December 5, 1944.

*444 **Leon C. Jr.** born December 22, 1886.

*445 **William F.** born November 29, 1888.

432

GEORGE ARTHUR BOGART JR, son of George A. Bogart (397) and Elizabeth Foster, was born in Chester, Conn., in 1886 where for many years he was a prominent contractor and builder. He married .....; he died in Lakeland, Florida April 23, 1947.

446 **Cecil,** born 1896; m- Louise Lamb; son, Jack Osborn, dieo in 1936.

447 **Marjorie,** married in 1949, Charles Walsh in Winterhaven, Florida; he had children by a previous marriage.

448 **Faustina,** married in 1948, Nishan Malkasian; he had children by a previous marriage; reside in Watertown, Mass.

433

FRED H. BOGART, son of George A. Bogart (397) and Elizabeth Foster, was born in Chester, Conn. in 1886, and settled in Cleveland, Ohio.

449 **George Wilfred,** settled in Los Angeles, California.

450 **Leonard,** settled in Hartford, Conn.; m- Ruth Spalding; one son Bruce.

*451 **Gerald A.** born in New Britain, Conn., February 28, 1907.

439

CAPT. EUGENE STANLEY BOGART, son of Capt. John Henry Bogart (414) and Caroline Elizabeth Croscup, was born in Lower Granville, N.S. in 1854; he married Elizabeth Ross, born in Brooklyn, N.Y. in February 1859. He died in Rosario, Argentine in 1887.

452 **John Henry,** born in 1882; m- Lena Mac Phee, born in North River, Prince Edward Island, in 1886; now resides in Vancouver, B.C. Canada.

*453 **Frederick Ross,** born in 1883.

454 **Caroline,** born in 1885; m- Charles Dyas; had Elizabeth, Fred and Charles.

455 **Eugenia,** born in 1887; unmarried; she resided with her uncle, Dr. Arthur de B. Bogart (442) in Brooklyn until his death in 1954. She is a graduate nurse of St. Lukes Hospital, New York. During World War I, she served with the American Red Cross in Europe. She is now retired and lives in Nova Scotia, Canada.

441

DR. JOHN BION BOGART, son of Capt. John Henry Bogart (414) and Caroline Elizabeth Croscup, was born in Lower Granville, N.S. September 19, 1859, and settled in Brooklyn, N.Y., in 1912. He married (1) Maude Lewis of Montreal, Canada, in 1889; she died in Brooklyn in 1902; (2) Marion Corbitt Ricketts of Brooklyn. He received his college education at the Norton Collegiate Academy, and Acadia College, Wolfville, Nova Scotia; he obtained his M.D. Degree at the New York Medical College in 1884. He was licensed to

practice medicine in New York the same year. At the time of his death at the age of 79 years in Middletown, N.Y., Dr. Bogart was a member of the Medical Society of the State of New York, and an affiliate Fellow of the American Medical Association. Also, he was a fellow of the American College of Surgeons, and consulting surgeon at Kings County, Jewish, Wyckoff Heights, Methodist Episcopal, Unity Hospitals and the Brooklyn Home for Consumptives. He died in Middletown, N.Y. January 18, 1939 and was buried at his boyhood home in Lower Granville, N.S. He was also a member of the Holland Society of New York. Only child-

453 **John Bion Jr.,** born in Brooklyn, in 1913; he was graduated from Princeton in 1934 with a B.A. degree; he married Martha Braun of Minneapolis; residence, South America; children, Barbara, born 1942, Cynthia, born 1948.

442

DR. ARTHUR DE BLOIS BOGART, son of Capt. John Henry Bogart (414) and Caroline Elizabeth Croscup, was born in Lower Granville, Nova Scotia in 1868. He married Blanche Turner Campbell; he was graduated from New York University Medical College in 1893, and was surgeon and consulting surgeon of the Methodist Hospital, and the Coney Island Hospital, Brooklyn; a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons, President and Past Chairman of Kings County Medical Society, and for thirty-two years, he was Chairman of the Medical Board of the Methodist Hospital. He served with the 14th New York Regiment, with the rank of Major in the Spanish American War; he was a member of the Selective Service Board of World Wars I and II. He received the Selective Service medal in 1946. He died in Brooklyn, September 3, 1954.

457 **Dorothy de Blois,** born in 1906; m- Col. Arthur E. Allen, children- Barbara, born 1931, married, June 1952, Lt. James Trautman, U.S. Air Corps.; Bruce Arthur, born in 1937.

458 **Jean Campbell,** born in 1908; m- Dr. Harry W. Baehr, Ph.D., of the Editorial Staff of the New York Herald Tribune; no children.

443

FRANK CROSCUP BOGART, son of Capt. John Henry Bogart (414) and Caroline Elizabeth Croscup, was born in Lower Granville, Nova

Scotia, in 1864. He married Henrietta Calhoun in St. Johns, New Brunswick. His widow resides in Victoria, Vancouver, B.C.

459 **John Allen,** born in 1904; received his Masters Degree; died at age of 24.

460 **Charles F.** born in 1906; married Mary Evans; settled in Vancouver, B.C. Canada; no children; his widow resides in Vancouver.

461 **Eleanore,** born in 1908; m- Ian Mac Gavin; son, David.

462 **Rachel,** born in 1910; unmarried.

443a

JAMES K. BOGART, son of Capt. James Bogart (419) and Pamela Rapalje, was born in 1868 and died in 1940; he married Jane Edwards.

462a **Caroline;** m- John Bateman; had Herbert.

462b **Pearl**

444

LEON C. BOGART Jr. son of Leon C. Bogart (430) and Louisa Geschwinder of New York, was born December 22, 1886; he married Anna Mankin of New York. He was a Mason; died November 8, 1946.

463 **Leon George,** born November 8, 1918; he is a Mason.

464 **Richard.**

445

WILLIAM F. BOGART, son of Leon C. Bogart (430) and Louisa Geshwinder, was born November 29, 1888. He married Marjorie M. Stannard of Chester, Conn., March 4, 1909. She was born May 26, 1892. He is a Mason; retired.

*465 **Raymond F.** born July 14, 1910 at Westbrook, Conn.

*466 **Robert R.** born June 3, 1914 at Westbrook, Conn.

451

GERALD A. BOGART, son of Fred H. Bogart (433) and ..... was born in New Britain, Conn., February 28, 1907. He and his family went to Green Bay, Wisc. He was graduated from East Green

Bay High School, and attended Marquette University. He joined the Milwaukee Police Department in July, 1936, and now is a Police Detective. He married in Waukeegan, Ill. August 15, 1927, Gertrude Margaret Ayers, daughter of Sidney Myron Ayers and Florence Viola Middleton of Kansas City, Mo. She was born in Kansas City, June 23, 1909; now reside in Milwaukee.

467 **Gerald Lawrence,** born in Milwaukee, September 16, 1928. He was graduated from Riverside High School in 1946; served a year and one-half in the U.S. Army. He attended Marquette University, majoring in electrical engineering.

468 **David Allan,** born in Milwaukee, June 30, 1932.

453

FREDERICK ROSS BOGART, son of Capt. Eugene Stanley Bogart (439) and Elizabeth Ross, was born in 1883 and died in 1922. He married May Alburger.

469 **Eugene Stanley,** born in 1907; m- Lucile Holden of Pittsburgh, Pa.; have Eugenia, born 1950, Gysbert Frederick Arthur, born December 28, 1952.

470 **Elizabeth** d.y.

465

RAYMOND F. BOGART, son of William F. Bogart (445) and Marjorie M. Stannard, was born in Westbrook, Conn., July 14, 1910. He married Olive L. Fowler in Meriden, Conn., July 30, 1932. She was born November 14, 1915 at Guilford, Conn.; now resides in Wallingford, Conn. He is associated with the H.L. Judd Co. of Wallingford. He is an Elk.

471 **Richard W.** born June 29, 1933. He served with the U.S. Navy.

472 **Thomas C.** born July 19, 1943.

466

ROBERT R. BOGART, son of William F. Bogart (445) and Marjorie M. Stannard, was born in Westbrook, Conn., June 3, 1914. He married Carmela De Brigida of Waterbury, Conn., November 28, 1936. She was born November 10, 1910 at New Haven, Conn. He is associated with the Risdon Mfg. Co. of Waterbury. He is an Elk. Son-

473 **William F.** born, June 22, 1939 at Waterbury, Conn.

THE OYSTER BAY BRANCH

This name is given to a branch of the family that came from Bushwick, Brooklyn, and settled in Oyster Bay Township, which then included much of Queens County, shortly before 1748.

Oyster Bay was first settled in 1653 by ten English settlers who crossed Long Island Sound, principally from Sandwich, Massachusetts, among whom was the Rev. William Leverich, and made a purchase from the Matinecock Indians on the site of the present town of Oyster Bay. Within ten years or so there were more than fifty landholders in the vicinity. The township included Cedar Swamp (now Glen Head), Norwich, Jericho, Woodbury, Syosset, Bethpage, Farmingdale, and Oyster Bay. Wolver (Wolf) Hollow was what is now Brookville where the first Dutch Church in the locality was erected. In the latter part of the 17th century, many Dutch families, descedants of early pioneers from Brooklyn and Manhattan settled here under the original Hartford Treaty of 1650. This part of the township fell within the jurisdiction of the treaty which then extended but a little west of the present village - the boundary between the English and the Dutch settlements on Long Island.

On March 14, 1752, Isaac Bogart, pioneer of the Oyster Bay Branch, purchased from William Wright and his son Caleb, a tract of land at East Woods, now Syosset, near Woodbury in Oyster Bay Township. This property was designated as "All that land – lying on the west side of the highway leading up the Mill River hollow up to Norrige (Norwich) – on the southerly part bounded by John Van Zant's land, and partly Jeronamus Bennit's land, and partly by Simonson's land, on the northerly part of John Cock's land, William

Moyles, Zebulon Dickinson, Morgan and others."

But Isaac Bogart evidently lived in the vicinity of Wolver Hollow (now Brookville) previous to his purchase from William Wright, as noted in a civil register dated February 1, 1748, at which time the "ear mark" of his cattle was registered.

43

ISAAC BOGART, son of Tunis G. Bogaert (35) and Catherine Hegeman of New Lots, Brooklyn. He was born in Staten Island, October 13, 1718. He married in the Flatbush Dutch Church, November 12, 1742, Sarah Rapalje, born April 28, 1724, died April 26, 1786, a descedant of Sarah Rapalje, wife of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert; she was the daughter of Daniel Rapalje and Maria Luyster. His father Tunis G. Bogaert was erroneously said to have been the pioneer of the Oyster Bay Branch but the latter lived and died in Bushwick, Brooklyn in 1768 leaving a will. (Appendix-N)

His property in East Woods is mentioned in several accounts when the highways of the township were altered, many of which still retain their original course. An indenture, dated April 9, 1755, states that "Lawrence Haff and Henry Haff of Oisterbay conveyed to Benjamin and Zebulon Frost, a piece of property west, 8 rods to to Bogart's land, and thence north by said Bogart's land, 43 rods to William Frost's land." On November 22, 1769, Johannes and his son John Cashow (original name - Cassart, French Huguenot) are mentioned in a conveyance of their property "bounded on the south by the highway that runs along George's Hollow by the south side of the house, and on the north and east by the land of Garret Van Winckle, Jr., and on the west by Isaac Bogart's land." This instrument was witnessed by Isaac Bogart and Samuel Willis.

This branch of the family was identified with the Reformed Dutch Church of Wolver Hollow, organized in 1732 but the church was not completed until 1734. At that time the several Dutch Churches of Nassau County were under the ministry of The Rev. Johannes Henricus Goetchius. It was not until 1754 that a regular minister was installed at Wolver Hollow. On April 9th of that year, the Rev. Thomas Romeyn was inducted by Dominie Samuel Verbryck. The church records contain the names of four generations of our family who were baptized there previous to 1835. On December 8, 1787, Isaac Bogart was elected deacon and on October 21, 1792, he was elected elder, when his son Isaac Jr. succeeded him as deacon. The Rev. David Schuyler Bogert, minister of the Wolver Hollow Church from 1813 to 1826, was a distant relative of Isaac Bogart,

having been a descendant of Jan Laurens Bogaert, the pioneer of the Harlem Branch and who was a cousin of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert. The Rev. Bogart was the son of Nicholas C. Bogart and Ann Schuyler of New York, who performed the marriage ceremony for Aaron Burr and Theodosia Provost.

In 1757, Isaac Bogart was elected at a meeting of Oyster Bay Township held at East Norwich, an overseer of highways for the north part of Wolver Hollow. He also was among several petitioners who, on April 25, 1791, requested a change in the course of the highway, "living in the vicinity of East Woods – Not having free access from his neighborhood to the Town of Oisterbay and Norwich, without being under disagreeable necessity to trespass on our neighbor's land, or else by going the distance of three miles or more around by the way of the Plains, or by way of Cold Spring, to the great detriment and hindrence of our business – petition that speedy measures may redress the present grievance." This petition was signed by Daniel Monfoort and others.

On May 29, 1775 Isaac Bogart was appointed a member of the Constitutional Congress from Oyster Bay, to carry out the resolutions. The Committee was in session at Daniel Cock's at Matinecock when it was informed of the Battle of Brooklyn. At once, all hastened home except Joost Monfoort and Isaac Bogart Jr., who took leave of their families, mounted horses, and rode off to Huntington where they crossed Long Island Sound by boat, in company with Major Stephen Thorne and others, and proceded to join the Continental Army in Dutchess County under command of Colonel Brinkerhoff.

Isaac Bogart died December 31, 1796, and was buried January 2, 1797. He is mentioned in his father's will of 1767, Appendix-N. Many families in the locality including our own, spoke Dutch fluently long after the Revolutionary War.

474 **Catherine,** born September 25, 1743; m- George Bennett in New York, August 3, 1769; he was the son of Jan Bennett, grandson of Joris Bennett and Sarah Dorland; he was born May 2, 1747; she died June 14, 1815.

Jan Bennett, bap. Nov. 11, 1770- Oyster Bay Church; m- Maria Hegeman
Isaac Bennett, bap. May 24, 1774- Oyster Bay Church.
Antie Bennett, bap. Feb. 11, 1776- " " "
Sarah Bennett, bap. June 4, 1780- " " "
Alche Bennett

475 **Daniel,** born May 1, 1746, died December 14, 1815. He married Molly Onderdonk, daughter of Peter Onderdonk and Elizabeth Schenck. She was bap. August 2, 1753, and died July 25, 1807. He was elected Overseer of Highways for the northerly part of Wolver Hollow at a meeting of the the Commissioners of Oyster Bay Township, December 22, 1783, and reelected April 6, 1784. On April 5, 1785 he was elected Constable and Collector of Taxes. He and his brother Tunis were among 43 petitioners for opening the highway from Oyster Bay, "through the woods and plainlands down to their meadows at the south by a place long since known by the name of White's Hollow." This petition is dated 1771, and was granted July 22nd, signed by Daniel, Tunis Bogart, Johannes Covert, John Cashow, Peter Hegeman, Joost Monfoort and others. Daniel was a sergeant in Capt. David Laton's Company of Oyster Bay, and fought in the Battle of Long Island. No children.

476 **Maria,** born July 14, 1749, bap. at Jamaica, L.I. August 27th; m- September 25, 1772, Peter Hegeman. He was baptized September 27, 1752; she died June 17, 1826.

Adrian Hegeman, bap. June 24, 1773 at Oyster Bay Church; m- (1) Mary Harrold; m- (2) Hannah Brush.
Isaac Hegeman, bap. Oct. 11, 1775 at Oyster Bay Church; m- Deborah Muttee.
Daniel Hegeman, bap. Oct. 19, 1778 at Oyster Bay Church; m- Lydia ..... .
Magdalena Hegeman, bap. March 18, 1781 at Oyster Bay Church; m- David Laton.
Rensie Hegeman, bap. Oct. 5, 1783 at Oyster Bay Church; m- Daniel Luyster,
Annatje Hegeman, bap. Feb. 19, 1786, died November 13, 1798.
Sarah Hegeman, bap. July 24, 1791, died November 27, 1798.

*477 **Tunis,** born January 12, 1752.
*478 **Isaac Jr.,** born March 10, 1754.
*479 **Joris,** born September 4, 1757.
480 **Rensie,** born November 23, 1759, bap. January 6, 1760, died November 10, 1774; u.m.

481 **Jannetje,** born May 23, 1762, bap. June 27th, died August 7, 1798; m- June 30, 1791, Jacob Laton, son of David Laton and Helena Van Wycklen; he was bap. November 27, 1768; his second wife was Elizabeth; third wife, Abbie .....

By First Wife

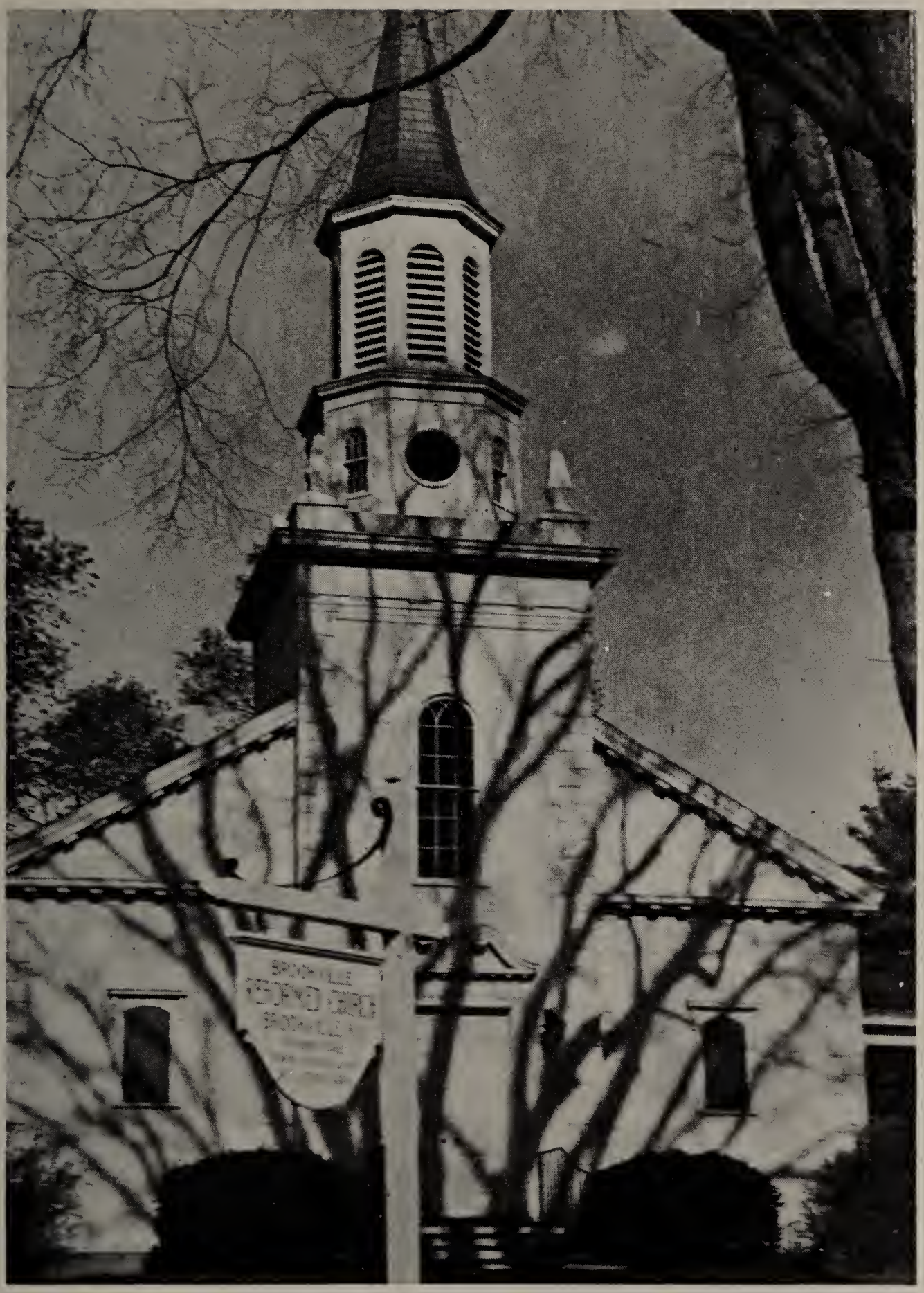
Sarah Laton, bap. May 27, 1792 at Oyster Bay Church; m- Lewis Cornell.
Lena Laton, bap. Mar. 30, 1794 at Oyster Bay Church; m- Jeremia Waldron.
David Laton, bap. Oct. 25, 1795 at Oyster Bay Church; m-.
Grace Hartel, bap. Oct. 25, 1797 at Oyster Bay Church; m- Wm. Haviland.

By Third Wife

Esther Laton, married David Waters.

*482 **Abraham,** born September 9, 1766; m- (1) Nelly Hoogland; m- (2) Sarah Wilkins.

TUNIS BOGART, son of Isaac Bogart (43) and Sarah Rapalje, was born January 12, 1752, died February 19, 1812. He married Femmetje, daughter of John Luyster and Elizabeth Voorhis, June 30, 1772 in New York. She was born July 10, 1754 and died, September 17, 1828. He resided in North Hempstead in 1790, and served with his brother Daniel under Capt. David Laton, Oyster Bay Militia during the Revolutionary War. A story, traditional with this family concerns Tunis, in which he and his brother-in-law Daniel Luyster, shared an interesting experience. "They were returning from a funeral September 2, 1776, when they were arrested by the Halls of Lloyds Neck, L.I. The Halls had also taken a prisoner from Manhattan, who with Tunis and Daniel, were escorted to Herricks. It was late and the guard would not disturb the officers, so they were all put in a room in charge of the Halls who, according to the story, were under the influence of liquor. The prisoners from Manhattan slipped off while the Halls were asleep. In the morning, Tunis Bogart and Daniel Luyster were examined and set free. They had not yet reached home when they were pressed into service with their wagons to cart cannon shot from New Utrecht to Hell Gate on



Brookville Reformed Church, formerly the Wolver Hollow Dutch Church of Oyster Bay Township, L.I. This parish was organized in 1732. Photo courtesy of Glen Cove Library.

the East River. Bogart's wagon had been loaded for some weeks and they finally crossed the river. He delivered the ammunition in the upper part of New York. Andrew Hegeman was also pressed into service as a wagoner, and he and Tunis Bogart were present at the execution of Nathan Hale, September 22, 1776. Tunis became ill and returned home and his brother George took his place. He also was present at the capture of Fort Washington, and afterwards crossed with the army into New Jersey where his companion Daniel Luyster died of the smallpox".

*483 **Isaac,** born December 3, 1775.

486 **Elizabeth,** born March 1, 1778, bap. Oct. 18th. died at Cow Neck, L.I. Jan. 6, 1802; unmarried.

485 **Sarah,** baptized June 4, 1780, died Jan. 18, 1805; m- October 11, 1802, Peter Brinkerhoff of Manhasset, died Aug. 16, 1806; one child.

Daniel Brinkerhoff, bap. Dutch Reformed Church, Success, L.I. Sept. 25, 1803. d.y.

486 **Phebe,** born July 1, 1784, bap. Oyster Bay Dutch Church, Oct. 3rd, died Oct. 24, 1865; m- October 30, 1812 at Manhasset Dutch Church, Joel Davis, born July 31, 1781, died June 13, 1874.

Sarah Davis, bap. Dec. 19, 1813 at Success, L.I. Dutch Church.

Tunis B. Davis, bap. Dec. 15, 1816; m- Louisa .....

487 **John,** born January 1, 1788, died August 26, 1793.

478

ISAAC BOGART, JR. son of Isaac Bogart (43) and Sarah Rapalje, was born at East Woods, L.I. March 10, 1754, baptized at Wolver Hollow Dutch Church, May 14th. He married Annetje (Hannah) Hoogland, October 20, 1781, the daughter of Wilhelmus Hoogland and Maria Hegeman; she was born November 9, 1764, died April 19, 1838. Isaac was admitted to membership in the Wolver Hollow Dutch Church, August 24, 1787 and his wife, Annetje, August 30, 1793. He was elected deacon October 21, 1792, and again in 1810. He served under Capt. David Laton, Oyster Bay Militia and saw service in the Revolutionary War. At a meeting of Oyster Bay Township, December 22, 1783, he was elected Overseer of Highways in Cold Spring, L.I. near Huntington. While residing there he was among a group of petitioners supporting a change in the highway in 1785. This petition mentions "the highway commonly known as

the highway that leads from Cold Spring to Great Plains, now running through the middle part of Isaac Bogart's land, – we the petitioners, praying that part of the highway now running through said Bogart's land, may be stoped at the end of Mr. Thomas Place's land and brought from thence straight to the highway that comes from Oyster Bay to the Plains at the same place where it now adjoins the above highway." Among the petitioners were Isaac Bogart, Jr., Cornelius Hoogland, Abraham Duryea and others. This petition was granted June 2, 1785. A similar petition was granted August 2, 1791 which concerns "alteration of the road that leads from the Town to Great Plains, which road in the winter often times obstructs the people from passing for the drifting snow, and a hollow filling with water which renders it so that there is no passing with safety." Among the signers was Isaac Bogart Jr. He died at East Woods, April 17, 1812. His widow was admitted to the Reformed Dutch Church in New York on Confession, November 27, 1822. He was 1st. Lt. 7th. Co. 3rd. N.Y. Regiment in Revolutionary War.

*488 **Isaac,** born April 2, 1783, baptized April 20, 1783.
*489 **Helmus,** born February 23, 1785, baptized March 13, 1795. See OHIO BRANCH.
*490 **Daniel,** born April 28, 1787, baptized July 1, 1787.
*491 **Abraham,** born April 17, 1790, baptized May 28, 1790.
492 **Sarah,** born November 20, 1791, baptized January 18, 1792; m- James Kirk, December 29, 1818; she died September 5, 1836.
*493 **Andris,** born December 11, 1793, bap. February 2, 1794.
494 **Mary,** born May 31, 1797, bap. July 2, 1797; died single, Aug. 18, 1815.
495 **Tunis,** born March 8, 1799, died single, November 13, 1819.
496 **Elbert,** born December 20, 1800, baptized Feb. 15, 1801; died Mar. 25, 1834; m- ..... Ellison.
*497 **George,** born April 8, 1803, bap. July 10, 1803.
498 **Nancy Ellen,** born November 18, 1805, bap. Jan. 12, 1806; m- Thomas Scott.
499 **Ellen,** born December 6, 1808, bap. April 9, 1809, died July 19, 1886 at Princes Bay, S.I., buried at Moravian Cemetery, New Dorp; m- Peter Lockerman Cortelyou of Greenridge, S.I., November 1, 1829; he was born Oct. 31, 1805, bap. Nov. 9th, at New Dorp, Staten Island; died January 6, 1884.

Maria Cortelyou, born Aug. 14, 1830; m- Cornelius J. Winant.
Cornelius L. Cortelyou, born June 30, 1833; m- Sarah Ann Winant.
Annete Cortelyou, born Jan. 5, 1836; m- Samuel W. Benedict.
Ellen Cortelyou, born Aug. 5, 1838; m- Daniel W. Dissoway.
James Cortelyou, born Sept. 23, 1840; m- Jane L. Guion.
Robert J. Cortelyou, born Feb. 27, 1843 at New Dorp June 29, 1843.
George Henry Cortelyou, born March 25, 1844; m- Amanda M. Allen.
Emma Cortelyou, born Aug. 30, 1846; m- Henry Seguine.

Peter and his wife Ellen conveyed New York property to Augustus L. Bogart, May 1, 1847.

479

JORIS (GEORGE) BOGART, son of Isaac Bogart (43) and Sarah Rapalje was born at East Woods, L.I. September 4, 1757, baptized at Wolver Hollow Dutch Church, September 18th. He married Susan Bos (Bush) of Fishkill, New York, October 24, 1780. She was born July 15, 1758, and died July 7, 1833. His will dated June 20, 1834, proved April 8, 1835 states, "if my daughter Sarah Covert does not return or be heard from in three years, her share is to be divided equally among my children". He settled at Newburgh, New York on the Hudson River, across from Fishkill. He died January 9, 1835, and he and his wife were buried in the Fishkill Dutch Churchyard. He served in the Revolutionary War under Capt. Peter Nostrand, Oyster Bay Militia and was stationed at Far Rockaway, L.I.

500 **James,** born August 4, 1787.
501 **Isaac,** born November 1, 1793, bap. at Fishkill, N.Y., February 2, 1794.
502 **Sarah,** baptized at Hopewell, Dutchess County, N.Y., August 16, 1781; m- William Covert in New York, October 11, 1801.
503 **Rensie or Resina;** m- Mr. Clark.
504 **Susan,** born April 17, 1790, bap. at Fishkill, July 4, 1790; m- Mr. Collins.

482

ABRAHAM BOGART, son of Isaac Bogart (43) and Sarah Rapalje, was born September 9, 1766, bap. at Wolver Hollow Dutch Church, October 12th. He married (1) Nelly Hoogland, daughter of Wilhelmus

Hoogland and Maria Hegeman, April 5, 1789; she was born March 21, 1772 and died April 25, 1795; (2) Sarah Wilkins, in New York, April 27, 1800; she was born April 18, 1782 and died October 10, 1826. Abraham and his two wives are buried at Hillside Cemetery, Cedar Swamp, L.I. Abraham died February 17, 1840; resided in New York.

505 **Sarah,** born October 8, 1789, bap. November 16th; m- Dr. John S. Conger, September 4, 1817; she died Feb. 24, 1858.

Sarah Conger, born Oct. 3, 1820, died August 26, 1899; m- the Rev. Edward D. Bryan of Rye, N.Y., born June 12, 1812, died Nov. 30, 1888; buried in Greenwood Cemetery, Rye; one son, the Rev. Edward Bryan, born 1851; died 1906.

506 **Maria,** born June 26, 1793, bap. July 7th; m- William Clark, April 7, 1813. Their daughter married W.A. Ogden Hoffman, brother-in-law of Chauncy Depew.

507 **Sally**

508 **Wilhelmus,** born June 22, 1791, bap. July 24, 1791; settled in New Orleans.

509 **Neeltje,** born March 10, 1795, bap. April 12, 1795; died June 3, 1795.

ISAAC BOGART, son of Tunis Bogart (477) and Femmetje Luyster, was born December 3, 1775, baptized in Wolver Hollow Dutch Church, February 11, 1776. He married Catherine Hegeman, May 18, 1807, the daughter of Elbert Hegeman and Mary Smith. She was born November 5, 1783, baptized February 22, 1784, died April 22, 1861. He died July 3, 1858 and was buried at Flower Hill, Long Island.

510 **Phebe,** born April 21, 1808, baptized August 2, 1808, died March 23, 1861; m- Daniel Brinkerhoff, son of Peter Brinkerhoff and Sarah Bogart (dau. of Tunis Bogart) March 11, 1829 at Jamaica, L.I.

Phebe Ann Brinkerhoff, born March 24, 1831; bap. May 1, 1831; m- Hobart S. Wooley at Success, L.I.
Isaac Elbert Brinkerhoff, bap. December 25, 1835; m- Agnes Woodhull.

511 **Elbert H.** born May 19, 1811, bap. July 14, 1811, died single, August 4, 1897.

512 **Mary,** born September 7, 1814, bap. Dec. 18, 1814, died January 15, 1895.

513 **Elizabeth,** born July 22, 1816, bap. April 20, 1817, died single, May 2, 1870.

488

ISAAC BOGART, JR. son of Isaac Bogart (478) and Annetje Hoogland, was born at East Woods, L.I., April 2, 1783, baptized April 20, 1783 and died February 26, 1851. He married January 26, 1807, Maria Monfoort, daughter of Abraham Monfoort and Rensie .....; she was born June 14, 1783, died May 9, 1859. Both joined the Dutch Church at Wolver Hollow, October 28, 1815. He and his family moved to New York where they joined the Dutch Church, May 30, 1816; they removed to Jamaica and were dismissed from the Jamaica Dutch Church in 1836; they returned to New York where they joined the Dutch Church in Houston Street. For a time they lived in White Plains, N.Y.

514 **Abraham,** baptized August 28, 1808.

515 **George Rapalje,** born August 26, 1810, bap. September 23, 1810; m- Deborah .....; born March 10, 1815, died Dec. 28, 1895; he died at White Plains, N.Y. Feb. 28, 1889.

Sarah, born Feb. 19, 1835, died 1836; buried at Presbyterian Churchyard, White Plains.

516 **Hannah** (Natie) baptized Oct. 4, 1812, died at Cranbury, N.J. December 24, 1898; m- James R. Rowland.

517 **Anna Jane,** bap. July 16, 1815; m- (1) Samuel Dusenbury, and resided at Jamaica, L.I. where they joined the church, April 8, 1836; m- (2) Stryker Rowland whom she married at "Cross Roads", May 8, 1841. She and her first husband lived in New York for a time.

518 **Isaac,** born 1818, died Aug. 10, 1850; m- Sally Schenck.

490

DANIEL BOGART, son of Isaac Bogart (478) and Annetje Hoogland, was born April 28, 1787, baptized at Wolver Hollow Dutch Church, July 29th. He married Maria Luyster, July 16, 1810, the daughter of Peter Luyster and Gertrude Onderdonk; she was born September 24, 1784, died July 19, 1854; Daniel died November 23, 1861. He acquired the old Onderdonk homestead in Roslyn, L.I., where George Washington was a guest in 1790. He operated a stage to Brooklyn once a week from his store.

519 **Mary Ann,** born November 9, 1812, died July 23, 1865; m-

Joseph Fox Burtis, June 8, 1831. They settled in Jamestown, New York.

520 **Susan,** born September 19, 1814, bap. November 13th; m- Daniel T. Schenck, April 11, 1832; he was born September 19, 1805 and died August 20, 1881; she died January 25, 1858.

Julia Schenck
Elizabeth Schenck
Annetje Schenck; m- R.L. Moorehead.
Daniel Schenck
Henry Schenck

521 **Annata,** born October 6, 1816, baptized December 1, 1816; m- Valentine Willis, June 2, 1840 at St. Georges Episcopal Church, Hempstead Harbor, L.I. He was the son of Samuel Willis and Mary Denton; born May 23, 1817, died September 25, 1898; she died February 19, 1890.

Oscar B. Willis, born January 30, 1842.
William Wallace Willis, born September 6, 1844, died August 4, 1847.
Eugene Valentine Willis, born June 20, 1848; not married; he was Supervisor of North Hempstead in 1903; he died in 1904.

*522 **Daniel,** born April 7, 1820, baptized June 18, 1820.

ABRAHAM BOGART, son of Isaac Bogart (478) and Annetje Hoogland, was born at East Woods, L.I., April 27, 1790, bap. May 28, 1790 at Wolver Hollow Dutch Church. He married June 2, 1811, Ann Luyster, daughter of Peter Luyster and Gertrude Onderdonk; she was born September 24, 1792, died February 17, 1867. He died September 4, 1827; Letters of Adm. dated September 6, 1827 named his brother Isaac. They joined the New York Dutch Church, March 28, 1813.

523 **Isaac,** born March 14, 1813, bap. April- d.y.
*524 **Peter Luyster,** born July 19, 1815, bap. July 31, 1815.
*525 **Augustus Lancaster,** born August 1, 1817; m-
*526 **Abraham Elbert,** born December 19, 1819.
527 **Isaac,** born May 7, 1822; d.y.
528 **Ann Elizabeth,** born April 9, 1825; died single, Nov. 22, 1887.

493

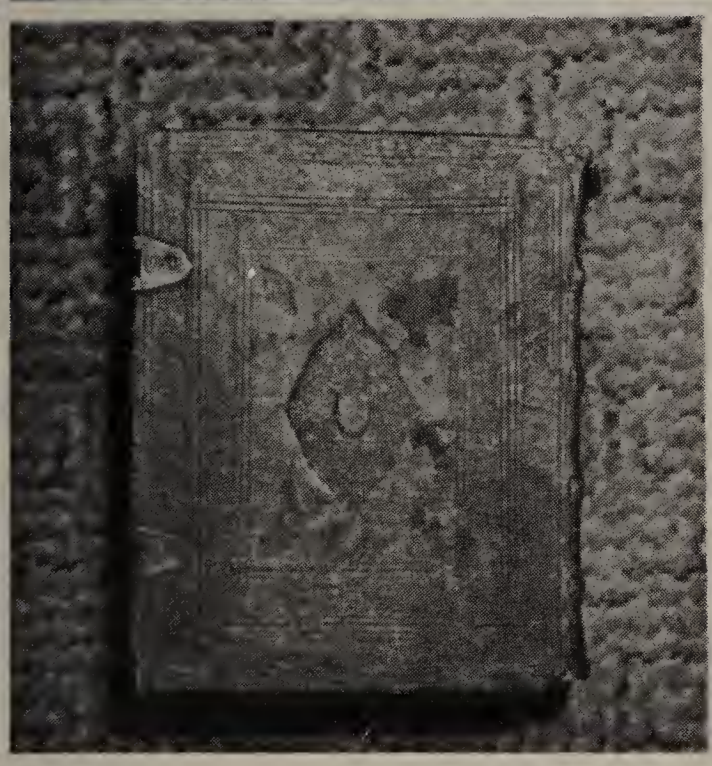
ANDRIS BOGART, son of Isaac Bogart (476) and Annetje Hoogland, was born in East Woods, L.I. December 11, 1793, baptized at Wolver Hollow Dutch Church, February 2, 1794. He married in September 1817, Susan Luyster, daughter of John Luyster and Elizabeth Rapalje, who was born October 5, 1794 and died February 23, 1880. She joined the Wolver Hollow Dutch Church, July 12, 1818. Andris was elected a deacon, December 17, 1820, serving for thirteen years. He died January 20, 1873. He was elected Town Clerk of Oyster Bay Township at a meeting at East Norwich, April 2, 1833, and held this position after successive reelection in 1848. He was Town Assessor from 1829 to 1832, and again in 1845. He was one of the Trustees of the Samuel Jones Estate of Oyster Bay from 1837 until 1856.

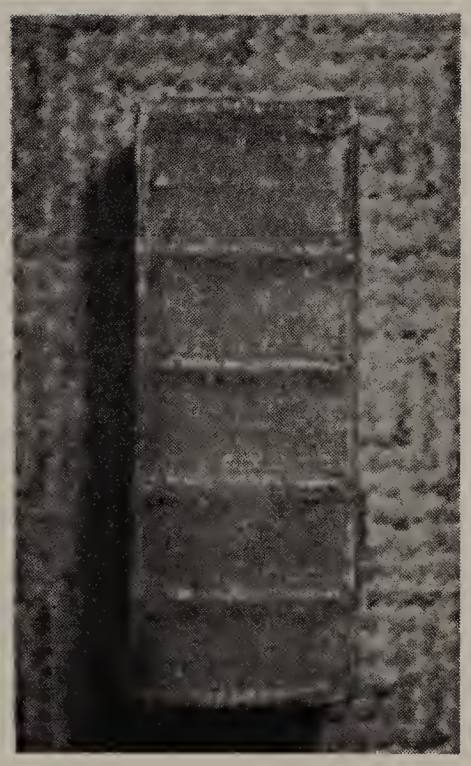
529 **Mary,** born May 29, 1819, bap. July 25, 1819; died September 18, 1824.
530 **Elizabeth Rapalje,** born Sept. 13, 1825, bap. Oct. 23, 1825; died January 2, 1832.
531 **James Andrew,** born November 18, 1829, bap. Feb. 21, 1830; died Dec. 30, 1831.
*532 **John Luyster,** born October 16, 1833, bap. January 9, 1834.
*533 **Andrew M.** born January 1, 1836; m- Fanny Waldron.

497

GEORGE BOGART, son of Isaac Bogart (478) and Hannah Hoogland, was born April 8, 1803, baptized at Wolver Hollow, L.I. July 10; he married Phebe Cashow, daughter of Rem Cashow (Cassart, the original family name) and Marritje Bennett, January 4, 1834. She was born February 18, 1805, and died December 2, 1867. George died October 10, 1865.

534 **Mary Annete,** born June 20, 1835- d.y.
535 **George Edward,** born October 23, 1836; died in Andersonville Prison during the Civil War in which he served; he married Mary Butler, June 10, 1858.
536 **Tunis Elbert,** born July 22, 1841- d.y.
*537 **William Helmus,** born November 18, 1843.
538 **Sarah Jane,** born May 25, 1846; m- Charles R. Ellis, January 1, 1868; settled in Rutherford, N.J.





Old Dutch Bible that belonged to the late John L. Bogart of Glen Head, Long Island. Printed in Dutch, it was published in Amsterdam in 1716.

522

DANIEL BOGART, son of Daniel Bogart (490) and Maria Luyster, was born in Roslyn, L.I. April 7, 1820. He married Jane R. Hegeman, daughter of Jeremiah Hegeman and Rebecca ....., September 24, 1845; she was born September 9, 1823, and died November 30, 1890. Daniel died May 2, 1896. He resided in the home of his father which the later acquired from the Onderdonk family, now known as the Washington Inn at Roslyn.

*539 **Dr. Joseph Hegeman,** born November 11, 1846.

540 **Isaac,** born November 13, 1848 - d.y.

541 **Maria Luyster,** born August 3, 1853; m- Jesse Brown, December 3, 1872.

Lillian B. Brown - unmarried.
Gertrude B. Brown - unmarried.

524

PETER LUYSTER BOGART, son of Abraham Bogart (491) and Ann Luyster, was born July 19, 1815. He married (1) Phebe Jane Crowell; (2) Mary Elizabeth Frazee, August 17, 1842 in New York. She was born June 3, 1820, died January 10, 1908. Peter died February 20, 1866.

Children by Phoebe Jane Crowell

*542 **Abraham Augustus,** born April 13, 1837.

Children by Mary Elizabeth Frazee

543 **Wells Carrington,** born May 24, 1844, died February 2, 1917; u.m.

544 **Peter Luyster, Jr.** born May 9, 1847, died December 20, 1886; u.m.

545 **Arthur Ferris,** born June 4, 1852, died .....

546 **Frederick Trowbridge,** born August 26, 1854, died June 4, u.m.

525

AUGUSTUS LANCASTER BOGART, son of Abraham Bogart (491) and Ann Luyster, was born August 1, 1817. He married Elizabeth

Oldrin, March 14, 1838; she was born in 1818 and died September 8, 1898; died in New York, February 18, 1901; both are buried at Jamaica, L.I.

547 **Oscar,** born November 23, 1840 - d.y.
548 **Augustus Lancaster Jr.** born November 21, 1841 - d.y.
549 **Augustus Lancaster Jr.** born February .... 1848, died May 6, 1871.
550 **Charles.**
551 **Ann Elizabeth.**
552 **Florence.**
553 **Frank.**
554 **Emma,** married Leonard Hazletine; son Leonard Augustus Hazletine born December 7, 1861- d.y.

526

ABRAHAM ELBERT BOGART, son of Abraham Bogart (491) and Ann Luyster, was born December 19, 1819. He settled in New York when a young man, and received an appointment to the City Fire Department, March 3, 1842. He married Martha Maslen, a native of England, April 30, 1848. She was born March 27, 1823; He, his wife and children are buried in Cypress Hills Cemetary, L.I.

555 **Charles Craft,** born September 2, 1844, died May 12, 1916; m- (1) Lucy Hudson; m- (2) Emma Frost; no children.
556 **Mary,** born February 12, 1846, died June 25, 1888; m- (1) Wm. Horton; daughter Laura; m- (2) Angus Fox.
557 **Abraham Elbert,** born Nov. 6, 1849, died May 18, 1871; u.m.
558 **Alfred Maslen,** born September 2, 1851, died September 11, 1933; u.m.
559 **Peter Luyster,** born August 17, 1857, died April 9, 1917; u.m.
560 **Martha Jane,** born April - 1861, died February 14, 1889; u.m.
561 **Walter,** born November 24, 1866, died November 19, 1929; u.m.
*562 **William Mellon,** born January 1, 1868.
563 **Laura Alida,** died November 14, 1930; u.m.

Peter, Walter and William were engaged in the florist business in New York for thirty years.

532

JOHN LUYSTER BOGART, son of Andris Bogart (493) and Susannah Luyster, was born at Wolver Hollow, October 16, 1833. He married

Sarah Waldron, daughter of Jeremiah Waldron and Eleanore Laton, November 12, 1856. She was born June 3, 1828, and died December 15, 1899. They are buried at Cedar Swamp, Hillside Cemetery, L.I.

*564 **Eugene Andris,** born November 28, 1858.

565 **Mary.**

566 ------

533

ANDREW M. BOGART, son of Andris Bogart (493) and Susannah Luyster, was born January 1, 1836. He married April 20, 1858 Fanny Waldron, daughter of Jeremiah Waldron and Eleanore Laton. She was born June 27, 1838 and was baptized at Wolver Hollow, died August 31, 1889. Both are buried in Hillside Cemetary, L.I.

567 **Maggie,** born 1868 – d.y.

568 **Andrew James,** born 1871, married Annie Mitchell, daughter of George Mitchell and Mary Hegeman; she was born 1867 and died January 1, 1893; he died July 7, 1894.

569 **Ella,** married W.H. Hegeman, son of Peter Hegeman and Sarah E. Hoogland.

537

WILLIAM HELMUS BOGART, son of George Bogart (497) and Phebe Cashow, was born November 18, 1843. He married Mary Elizabeth Ellis of Augusta, Maine, September 13, 1870. He served in the Civil War, and for many years he was associated with the Corn Exchange Bank of New York.

570 **Sarah Helen,** born June 22, 1877; died November 7, 1947; she was graduated from Wellesley College in 1899, and from Columbia University in 1900 with a Masters Degree. She was a teacher in the Public Schools of New York for more than 40 years and taught for 35 years in Morris High School, Bronx, N.Y. She retired in 1942 and made her home in Newtown, Conn; unmarried.

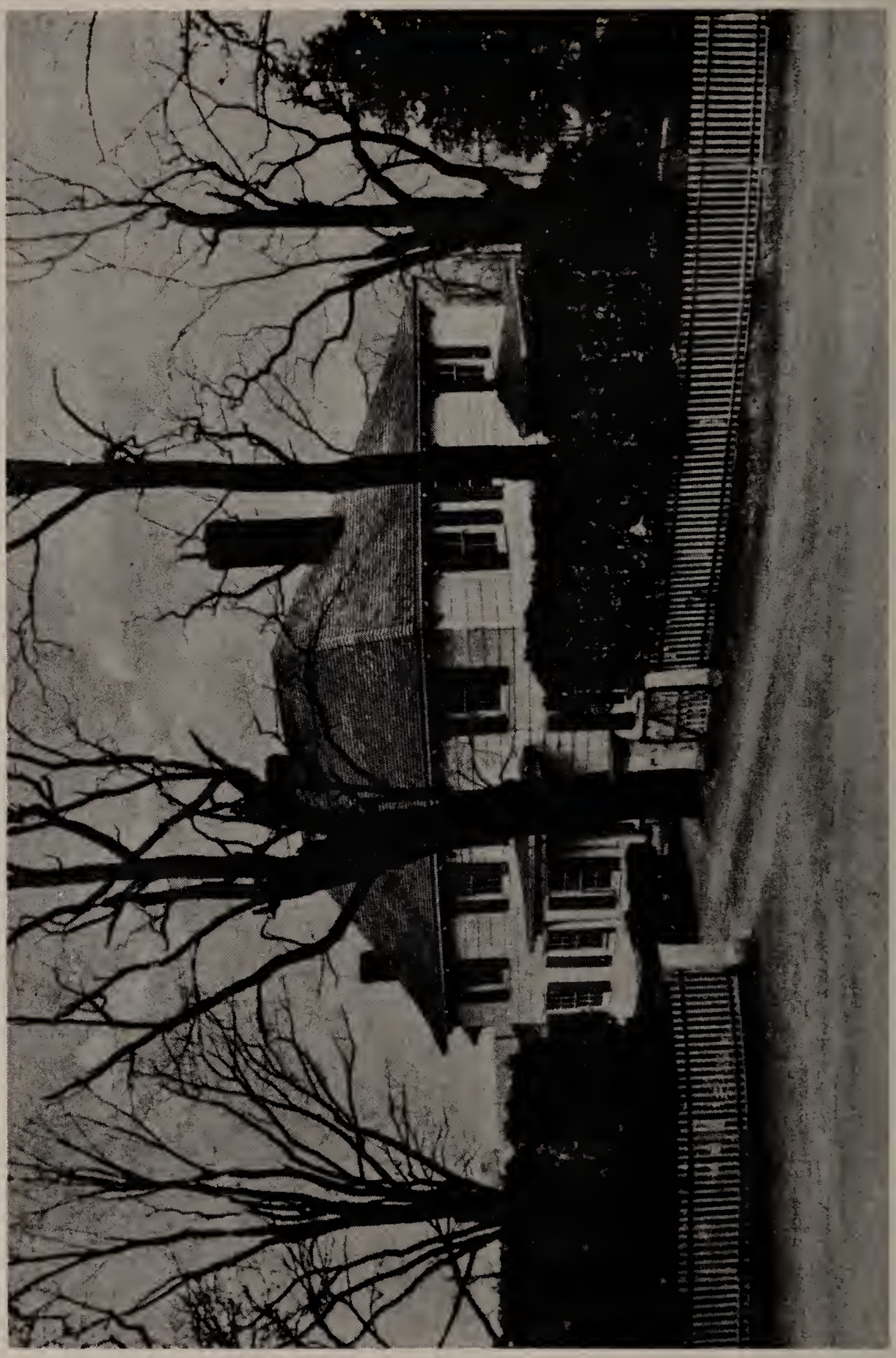
571 **Dr. Phebe May,** born December 20, 1879, died January 19, 1945. She was graduated from Wellesley College in 1902, and from Johns Hopkins School of Medicine in 1906. She practiced medicine in New York for more than 30 years and at the time of her death she was consultant in medicine at Morrisania City Hospital. She married Dr. Rufus Adrian Van Voast, January 27, 1908. He attended Yale and Harvard

Medical Schools; a descendant of Cornelius Van Voast, Dutch Pioneer who settled in New Jersey in 1640, whose daughter Annetje married Claes Janse Kuyper (Cooper); their son, Cornelius J. Kuyper married Annetje Bogaert, daughter of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert, December 11, 1681. Dr. Van Voast's mother, Virginia M. Harris, was descended from President Zachary Taylor. Dr. Van Voast resides in Lake Worth, Florida. Only child –

Helen Taylor Van Voast, born in Cincinnati, Ohio, December 5, 1908 and was graduated from Wellesley College in 1930, and from Union Seminary, New York with a B.D. Degree. For a number of years, she was on the staff of St. Johns University, Shanghai, China, under the sponsorship of the Episcopal Church. She married The Rev. Cuthbert Edward Pipe of the Virgin Islands, December 5, 1951, at St. Johns Episcopal Cathedral, San Juan, Puerto Rico. They reside in Tortola, British Virgin Islands. Rev. Pipe is a native of London, England.

539

DR. JOSEPH HEGEMAN BOGART, son of Daniel Bogart (522) and Jane R. Hegeman, was born November 11, 1846 at Roslyn, L.I. He married Ethelena Townsend Albertson, Feb. 12, 1884. She was born in Mineola, L.I., December 1, 1854. Dr. Bogart inherited from his parents the old Onderdonk House at Roslyn where Gen. George Washington was a guest in 1790, presently the Washington Tavern, one of the show places of the town. He was graduated from Amherst College in 1869 with a B.A. Degree. He studied medicine at Bellevue Hospital, and New York Medical College receiving the degree of M.D. in 1872. He practiced in Roslyn for more than 50 years. As a physician, he early gained a reputation for skill and resourcefulness, and he kept abreast with modern medical progress. He was visiting physician to the Nassau County Hospital at Mineola for many years and for twenty-five years, he was health officer of North Hempstead township. In public affairs he was a member of the Roslyn School Board serving as its president. In 1906, he was one of the organizers of the Bank of Hempstead Harbor, and was elected president for two years. Later, he served as a director, and in addition, a trustee of the Roslyn Savings Bank; a director of the Nassau-Suffolk Bond and Mortgage Co. He was a member of the



Home of the late Dr. Joseph H. Bogart, Roslyn, Long Island. Now known as the Washington Tavern, near the Clock Tower.

Holland Society of New York, Queens-Nassau Medical Society, Associate Physician of the LongIsland and New York State Medical Society, the New England Association of Railway Surgeons. He was a Mason, a Republican, and attended the Presbyterian Church. Dr. Bogart died at Roslyn, February 3, 1926. His wife died, September 18, 1934.

572 **Ethelena Townsend,** born June 8, 1888; m- Samuel Jackson Seaman Jr., September 8, 1910; she died February 10, 1920; a son, Henry was born December 24, 1911; m- Harriet Kohler, Feb. 6, 1935; have an adopted son, Henry B., born 1947.

573 **Jane,** born January 23, 1885; m- her brother-in-law, Samuel Jackson Seaman, September 10, 1921; reside in Glen Cove, L.I. No children.

542

ABRAHAM AUGUSTUS BOGART, son of Peter Bogart (524) and Phebe Jane Crowell, was born April 13, 1837. He married Mary Frances Bunner, October 30, 1861. She was born June 5, 1843, died October 15, 1939. He died March 26, 1905 at Montclair, N.J. where he settled.

574 **Peter Luyster,** born September 4, 1864; d.y.

*575 **Charles Bunner,** born in New York, October 3, 1868.

576 **Augustus,** d.y.

577 **Hawthorne,** born 1875, died January 15, 1887.

562

WILLIAM MELLON BOGART, son of Abraham Elbert Bogart (526) and Martha Maslen, was born in New York, January 1, 1868. He married Rose Galvin, April 23, 1894. She was born in New York of Irish-American parents. He died July 13, 1931. He was associated with his brothers, Peter and Walter in the florist business for many years, located on upper 6th. Avenue, New York.

*578 **Charles P.** born March 31, 1895.

579 **Gertrude,** died in infancy.

580 **Laura,** died in infancy.

581 **Martha,** died in infancy.

582 **Margaret Mary,** born July 23, 1903; unmarried.

564

EUGENE ANDRUS BOGART, son of John Luyster Bogart (532) and Sarah Waldron was born November 28, 1858. He married (1) Ada L. Sweezey of Brookville, L.I., November 2, 1882; she was a school teacher in Wheatley, L.I., and was born in Michigan in 1857, died in 1884; (2) Winfred Richards whom he married in Brooklyn, October 17, 1888. She was born January 11, 1859. He died at Cedar Swamp, L.I., September 13, 1918.

*583 **John Luyster,** born in Brooklyn, January 13, 1884.

*584 **Harold Jenkins,** born October 14, 1890.

By Second Wife

*585 **Joseph Hegeman,** born October 3, 1892.

*586 **Winfred R.,** born January 30, 1899.

575

CHARLES BUNNER BOGART, son of Abraham Augustus Bogart (542) and Mary Frances Bunner, was born October 3, 1868, died June 11, 1943. He married (1) Caroline Livingston Wells, October 30, 1907; she was born September 20, 1871, died June 12, 1929; (2) Anna Meyers Reynal, June 6, 1934. Only child—

*587 **Charles Bunner, Jr.,** born February 1, 1912.

578

CHARLES PETER BOGART, son of William M. Bogart (562) and Rose Galvin, was born in New York, March 31, 1895. He married Sarah Keane, April 23, 1916. He served with the 36th Battalion Tank Corps in France during World War I. He resided in Yonkers, N.Y. for a number of years and now resides in Flushing, L.I. Only child—

588 **Peter Luyster,** born in New York, December 24, 1927; in 1940 he was a student at Fordham University, Bronx, N.Y.

583

JOHN LUYSTER BOGART, son of Eugene Andris Bogart (564) and Ada L. Sweezey was born in Brooklyn, January 13, 1884. He

married Harriet M. Powell, June 17, 1911, the daughter of Willet B. Powell and Mary Dana Towne of Glen Head. She was born in Westbury, L.I., February 28, 1882. He attended Friends Academy, Locust Valley, L.I., and New York University specializing in civil engineering. He was successively associated with the Turner Construction Co., 1918-1919, in building the Army Supply Base, Bay Ridge, Brooklyn; the Thomas E. Murray Co., 1920-1928 and was engaged in power plant design and construction. For fourteen years he was a member of the engineering staff of the New York Edison Co., with whom he was associated at the time of his death, January 10, 1942. Among his prized possessions was an old Dutch Bible owned by the family for generations. He was a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers and a director of the First National Bank of Glen Head where he resided for many years.

589 **Ada Isabelle,** born in Glen Head, April 28, 1912; m- Robert Wilson, son of James Wilson of Sea Cliff, L.I., July 15, 1935. He was born November 7, 1909 in Freeport, L.I. He is an artist on the staff of the Voss Galleries, Boston, Mass. Residence, Norwell, Mass.

Ann Powell Wilson, born January 15, 1937
Paul Dana Wilson, born December 12, 1947

590 **Helen May,** born July 1, 1915; d.y.

591 **Mary Dana,** born Sept. 20, 1917; m- in Glen Head, May 29, 1940, Allan Short, son of Leonard W. Short and Carol E. Gage of Guilford, Conn. He was born Feb. 20, 1916. He is an electrical engineer with the Allis Chalmers Corp., Boston; residence, Needham.

Robert John Short, born March 2, 1945.
Donald Bogart Short, born May 15, 1949.

584

HAROLD JENKINS BOGART, son of Eugene Andrus Bogart (564) and Winnie Richards, was born October 14, 1890. He married Anna Simonson, June 5, 1915, the daughter of Daniel Simonson and Margaret Vernon of Glen Head, L.I. He died February 23, 1932. Resided in Glen Head. Only son–

592 **Vernon R.** born December 1, 1916- unmarried; Sp. (o) 2/C U.S. Naval Reserves. He is a chemical engineer.

585

JOSEPH HEGEMAN BOGART, son of Eugene Andrus Bogart (564) and Winnie Richards, was born October 3, 1892. He married Ann E. Mitchell, September 23, 1920, the daughter of William H. Mitchell and Mary Luyster, of Sea Cliff, L.I. She was born in Brookville, L.I. October 24, 1894.

593 **Janet May,** born February 25, 1923; m- Robert Wolbrink of Ganges, Mich., on June 14, 1947, the son of Irving Wolbrink and Alice .....

Mary Ann Wolbrink, born November 23, 1949.
Robert B. Wolbrink, born September 30, 1950.

594 **Mary Esther,** born December 23, 1925.

586

WINFRED R. BOGART, son of Eugene Aldrus Bogart (564) and Winnie Richards, was born January 30, 1899. He married Marjorie M. Bronson, June 2, 1923, daughter of George Arthur Bronson and Florence Jeannette Pickett of Northfield, Mass. She was born January 28, 1900 at Collamer, New York. Only child–

595 **Fred Andrus,** born February 11, 1934.

587

CHARLES BUNNER BOGART JR. son of Charles B. Bogart (575) and Caroline Livingston Wells was born February 1, 1912 at Orange, N.J. He married, November 24, 1938, Eleanor Dorothy Hedden of Akron, Ohio. She was born May 20, 1914. They resided in Plainfield, N.J. for a number of years, and subsequently removed to Bernardsville, N.J. He is a faculty member of Plainfield High School and a member of the Holland Society of New York.

596 **Beverly Ann,** born December 9, 1943.

597 **James Douglas,** born May 21, 1946.

THE OHIO BRANCH

HELMUS BOGART, son of Isaac Bogart, Jr. (478) and Annetje Hoogland, was born in East Woods (Syosset), Oyster Bay Township, Long Island, February 23, 1785, and was baptized in the Wolver Hollow Dutch Church, March 13, following. He married January 26, 1807, Sarah Walters, daughter of Peter Walters and Zurviah Place of Brooklyn. She was born November 22, 1790. After the birth of their second son Peter, they removed to New York where they joined the Dutch church in 1810. They returned to East Woods after the birth of their daughter Annetje who was born in New York in 1813, and were admitted to membership in the Wolver Hollow Dutch church, June 15, 1815. On October 22nd of the same year, Helmus was elected a deacon serving until 1820.

In the Spring of 1820, under the leadership of Captain Thomas, Helmus, his wife and his six children, left East Woods and started west, intending to settle in California. They were accompanied by several other families from Long Island and New Jersey. When Helmus left New York he had some money, a team of horses, a wagon and a load of provisions. After a journey of fifty-one days, a few families of the group would go no further and remained near the tiny settlement of Cincinnati in Hamilton County, Ohio. The hardships, sickness and tribulations they endured across the wilderness is traditional, and made its mark upon the family.

However, Helmus and his family pressed on. They came to a place near the outskirts of what is now St. Louis where they decided to end their journey. The locale chosen served its purpose but some of the terrain was swampy, covered with tall marsh grass

and cat-tails which the Indians set afire and drove the families out. About that time, the dreaded malaria was sweeping the country. Among other families, that of Helmus Bogart was stricken. There were not enough in the group to care for the sick, and Henry, ten-year-old son of Helmus, died of the disease. Helmus made a crude pine coffin for his son. As it was impossible to take the wagon through the muddy roads, he placed the coffin on his shoulder, and carrying his spade, he walked five miles through virgin country to the nearest pioneer's cemetery – and there, alone, he conducted a simple burial service for his son.

When he returned home, he and his family with others, loaded their wagons and the next morning, discouragingly, they started back to Cincinnati. Helmus and his good wife, Sarah Walters chose a psalm of faith which the family read together each day with their regular devotions. Needless to say the trip back was uneventful – but other unfortunate families who accompanied them were killed by Indians.

At the time they passed through the small Cincinnati settlement on the way westward, Helmus had sufficient money to buy one-hundred acres of land at Brighton, but upon his return, he had the team and wagon and nothing to put in it. Teams in those days were scarce but the crops that year were good, and Helmus managed to find plenty of remunerative work hauling during the winter months. In the spring he taught school. They settled on Taylors Creek near what is now Cheviot, Hamilton County, a few miles west of Cincinnati, where six other children were born. He and his wife were members of the Presbyterian Church in Cheviot from its organization in 1825, where he was an elder for many years. He died August 20, 1847 and his wife, Sarah, November 21, 1854. Both are buried at Miamitown, Ohio.

*598 **Isaac,** born at East Woods, Long Island, January 16, 1808.
*599 **Peter,** born at East Woods, Long Island, July 16, 1809.
600 **Henry,** born in New York, May 19, 1811, died near St. Louis, June 23, 1821.
601 **Annetje,** born in New York, August 29, 1813; m- Eli Holliday, October 23, 1840; they settled in Laramie, Wyoming where she died March 23, 1893.

James Holliday; m-.....; no issue.

William Helmus Holliday, born in Hamilton County, Ohio,

May 21, 1843; m- (1) Emily Coykendal; m- (2) Sarah Elizabeth East, born September 1, 1861 at Bedford, Indiana, married at Laramie, Wyo., Feb. 20, 1897.

Children by Emily Coykendal

Katherine Holliday
Guy Holliday
Albert Holliday
Elizabeth Holliday
Lois Holliday
Ruth Holliday
Margaret Holliday

Four children, Caroline, Clement, Benjamin and Florence died young. Several children left descendants except Ruth.

Children by Sarah Elizabeth East

Mary Ethel Holliday, born November 14, 1898; m- Gilbert Alexander Miller in San Francisco, August 13, 1925.

Vincent Holliday Miller, born San Francisco, May 24, 1927
Madeleva Miller, born Salt Lake City, March 10, 1931

Helen East Holliday, born Sept. 24, 1900; m- Douglas Holden De Witt, in Indianapolis, Ind., December 29, 1926.

Douglas East De Witt, born in St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 6, 1928; m- Claire Eleanor St. Marie, in Reno, Nev., August 25, 1951. Children, Pamela Ann De Witt, born Berkeley, Cal., May 31, 1952; Carol Lynn De Witt, born Los Angeles, July 6, 1953.

Richard U. De Witt, born Buffalo, N.Y., May 8, 1929; served with the U.S. Army.

Mary Sarah De Witt, born Los Angeles, April 26, 1932.

William Holliday De Witt, born Inglewood, Cal., Oct. 3, 1941.

Jethro Tabor Holliday; m-(1) Alice Jackson; no children; her family came here from Bermuda in 1730; m- (2) Martha Jackson, died in 1931; children by Martha Jackson –

Alice Holliday, born in Laramie, Wyo; she majored in Latin and Greek, and was engaged in Christian work at the University Y.W.C.A. for several years; she was General Secretary of the Wyoming State Sunday School Association. After the death of her father in 1910, she settled in California; she was superintendent of the Primary Department of the Baptist Sunday School for seventeen years; for a number of years she was on the faculty of the U.S. Government Indian School for Girls at Sherman Institute, Riverside, Cal., where she now resides; retired; unmarried.

Frank Allan Holliday, married ....., died in 1932. Children- Elizabeth Holliday, died aged 13; Allan, died aged 24, Frances, married ....., had Joseph; Virginia Holliday; and Jane Holliday who was graduated from University of Wyoming, Laramie.

Louis Jackson Holliday, married .....; children- David Holliday, associated with the U.S. Food & Drug Dept. at San Gabriel, son Allan, had Frank; Marian Holliday, married ....., son John; Capt. Robert Holliday, had Lewis.

Elwood Clark Holliday

Elizabeth Holliday

602 **Female,** born in New York, April 7, 1815; d.y.

603 **Mary,** born at East Woods, Long Island, May 19, 1816, bap. June 20, 1816; m- Jacob Fagaly, born February 14, 1815, died April 12, 1886; she died February 24, 1884; she settled with her parents in Hamilton County, Ohio where she was married December 24, 1838 and where her children were born.

George Fagaly, born September 25, 1839, d.y.

Sarah Fagaly, born November 14, 1841, died January 8, 1923; m- September 12, 1865, Robert Mc Gee, born April 17, 1837, died May 11, 1901.

Charles Mc Gee, born August 17, 1866, died January 16, 1907; m- September 22, 1887, Leonora Welsh, born March 20, 1863, died February 19, 1943; he was a member of the Knights Pythias and the Junior Order of American Mechanics; children, Robert, Lyle and Olive.

Mary Mc Gee, born September 8, 1871, died November 10, 1875.

Mattie Mc Gee, born November 29, 1873, died June 18, 1949; m- Sept. 27, 1899, George Hearne, born April 15, 1872; he was associated with the Cincinnati Transit Company for 40 years; children- Russell, Wayne, Georgiana, Helen and Elizabeth Hearne; he died Mary 14, 1952.

Hattie Mc Gee, born September 9, 1876; m- January 1, 1918, Albert Springmyer, born March 14, 1877; one daughter, Myrtle. She died June 8, 1955.

Edward Mc Gee, born December 30, 1877, died February 2, 1949; m- Ella Hearne, born February 25, 1875; residence, Cheviot, Ohio; he was an oil salesman; a Mason and a Woodman.

Edith Mc Gee, born August 10, 1885; she attended Miami University at Oxford, Ohio, and received

her B.S. Degree in Education from the University of Cincinnati; she taught in the Public Schools of Norwood, and Hamilton County for thirty years, and now is retired; residence, Norwood, Ohio; unmarried.

Valentine Fagaly, born November 15, 1843; m- Harriet Flinchpaugh. Children–

Minnie Fagaly; m- Milton Morgan; children- Muriel who married Simon Singleton, have two daughters; residence, Rushville; Minnie and her husband made their home in Waynesburg, Kentucky for a number of years before removing to Rushville, Ind.

Jacob Fagaly; m- Cynthia .....; no children.

Robert Fagaly (Twin of Bruce); m- Laura Hicks, settled in Oregon.

Bruce Fagaly; m- (1) Grace Wilson; m- (2) Hattie .....; settled in Lakeland, Florida; had several children.

Claude Fagaly
Wallace Fagaly, d.y.

Theodore Fagaly, born November 14, 1846, died in 1926; unmarried.

Elizabeth Fagaly, born November 25, 1852, died in 1941; m- Christopher Hague, born 1850, died in 1898. They resided for a time in Nebraska and Kansas, and after his death, she returned to Ohio.

Alma Hague, born January 3, 1880; m- Mr. Bettinger
Roy Hague, born 1882; m .....: died in 1944
Lloyd Hague, born 1886; m- 1910
Harold Hague, born 1889; m- 1913; died 1921
Clark Hague, born 1892; m- 1943
Lillian Hague, born 1896; m- 1920.

*604 **Helmus,** born at East Woods, Long Island, April 16, 1818.

605 **Male,** still-born, December 13, 1819.
606 **James Walters,** born in Hamilton County, Ohio, January 13, 1821, died September 6, 1886, unmarried; he served in the Civil War; he was an accomplished artist; he was buried in Miamitown.
607 **Sophia,** born January 24. 1823 in Hamilton County, Ohio, died June 11, 1891; m- Allan Miller.

John Walters Miller; m- Sarah Jane ....., had William, Florence, Sophia, LaVada and Nora.

Sarah Emma Miller; m- William Henry; had a family.

608 **Sarah,** born January 30, 1825; d.y.
609 **George Walters,** born June 27, 1826; d.y.
*610 **Elbert,** born January 27, 1833;
*611 **Samuel,** born January 9, 1835.

598

ISAAC BOGART, son of Helmus Bogart (489) and Sarah Walters, was born in East Woods, Oyster Bay Township, Long Island, January 16, 1808, and was baptized in the Wolver Hollow Dutch Church, May 8, 1808. He settled in Ohio with his parents where he married Phoebe T. (Brown) Williams, in Cincinnati, July 8, 1834; she died in 1847 and he at Hartwell, Ohio, May 6, 1875 where both are buried; his second wife was Cornelia Anna Stewart whom he married January 6, 1853; she was born August 2, 1827 and died August 12, 1912. Isaac settled in Hamilton County, Ohio.

Children by Phoebe T. Brown

612 **Isaac Jr.,** born December 22, 1834, died August 1885; married November 13, 1856, Jane Hollenshade.

Isaac; m- Emma Bird; had son Clarence.

*613 **John Helmus,** born May 6, 1837; m- Anna Maria Folger.
614 **James Henry,** born March 16, 1840, married October 1878, Ella Johnson. He was confined in Libby Prison during the Civil War in which he served with the Ohio Volunteers. He is buried in Spring Grove Cemetary, Cincinnati; they had a daughter Jenny, died in 1922.

615 **William,** born October 25, 1843. He was killed in the Civil War, while recovering a fallen United States flag in the mountains of Webster County, Virginia. He was shot Thursday, September 12, 1861, and died Saturday evening, September 14, 1861; his comrade, Frank Neale was with him when he died, and witnessed his burial; unmarried.

616 **Sarah Elizabeth,** born December 26, 1846; m- November 27, 1872, Samuel F. Jolly who died June 1874; they had a daughter Bessie Jolly, born April 1874, died November 20, 1875; her second husband was Dr. Robert Gardinier, a dentist whom she married October 25, 1882.

Children by Cornelia A. Stewart

617 **Anna B.,** born October 12, 1855, married October 7, 1875, Benjamin Knight; her second husband was Elwood C. Holliday, married March 12, 1889, and settled in Laramie, Wyoming. She had a daughter, Flora Cornelia Knight, born September 18, 1877, married Dr. Fred M. Hayes; she died January 5, 1940. Anna died, September 30, 1935.

618 **Cornelia Stewart,** born November 23, 1860, married April 22, 1885, Dr. Charles O. Munns of Oxford, Ohio. She died January 9, 1944, a talented artist. Dr. Munns was born in 1860, and was graduated from the University of Michigan, Ann Arbor in 1884; he practiced in Oxford with Dr. Logee, and was still active in his chosen field at the age of 89 years; he died in Oxford, December 12, 1954, aged 94.

Helen, m- Charles G. Phalen; son, Gurney Munns Phalen, born April 28, 1921; m- Margaret Carr; only child— Charles Munns Phalen, born May 12, 1947.

Shirley Bogart Munns, m- Cyrus Porock.

619 **Ella,** born October 31, 1853, lived in Cleves, Ohio, died March 31, 1884; u.m.

599

PETER BOGART, son of Helmus Bogart (489) and Sarah Walters, was born in East Woods, Oyster Bay Township, Long Island, July 16, 1809, baptized October 22, 1809, in the Dutch Reformed Church

at Wolver Hollow. He settled with his parents in Hamilton County Ohio. He married Nancy Hollman. He died July 25, 1841, and his wife, April 8, 1844.

620 **William Henry,** born January 6, 1841. He was killed in the Battle of Winchester during the Civil War, March 23, 1862.

604

HELMUS BOGART, JR., son of Helmus Bogart (489) and Sarah Walters, was born in East Woods, Oyster Bay Township, Long Island, April 16, 1818, and was baptized in the Dutch Reformed Church at Wolver Hollow, July 8, 1818. He settled in Hamilton County, Ohio with his parents, and married Mary Noble, daughter of Jonathan Noble and Mary Tomlinson; she was born February 11, 1823 and died April 23, 1898. Helmus died March 16, 1896; both are buried at Miamitown, Ohio.

*621 **John Helmus,** born April 12, 1843.
*622 **William Helmus,** born April 21, 1856.
623 **Alice,** born May 5, 1864, died March 25, 1885; unmarried.
624 **Matilda Virginia,** born June 5, 1846, died September 26, 1866; unmarried.

610

ELBERT BOGART, son of Helmus Bogart (489) and Sarah Walters, was born in Hamilton County, Ohio, January 27, 1833. He married October 16, 1855, Rosalie E. Fagaly who was born in 1835, and died in 1917; he died at Cleves, Ohio, November 2, 1889.

*625 **Dr. George Henri,** born in Cincinnati, Ohio in 1857.
*626 **John Elbert,** married Laura Bogart, his cousin, daughter of Samuel (611).
*627 **Walter Scott.**
628 **Ida,** married (1) Mr. Barrow; had Rosalie, married (2) Mr. Nash.
629 **Elizabeth S.,** unmarried; she was a school teacher.
630 **Edgar F.** married Rebecca Zapf; resided in North Bend, Ohio; he died, June 10, 1950. No children.
631 **Frank,** d.y.

611

SAMUEL BOGART, son of Helmus Bogart (489) and Sarah Walters, was born near Cincinnati, Ohio, January 9, 1835. He married Emily Oldrieve, April 1863; she was born May 4, 1838, and died August

7, 1924; he died September 11, 1866; daughter –

632 **Laura,** born June 20, 1864; m (1) her cousin, John Elbert Bogart, son of Elbert Bogart (610) and Rosalie E. Fagaly, September 6, 1883; m (2) Frank H. Sprague, July 10, 1897; she died in Cincinnati, October 15, 1945. Only child –

Leon Victor Sprague, born March 9, 1899; m- Gertrude Hollis.

Leon Victor Sprague, Jr.
Bryon Herbert Sprague
Richard Howard Sprague
Laura Gertrude Sprague
Robert Henry Sprague
Frances Ann Sprague
James Sprague
Margaret Louise Sprague
Dorothy Sprague
Lucy Sprague

613

JOHN HELMUS BOGART, son of Isaac Bogart (598) and Phoebe T. (Brown) Williams, was born at Taylor's Creek, Green Township, Hamilton County, O., May 6, 1837. He married Anna Maria Folger, born August 13, 1835, the daughter of Seth W. Folger, a great grandson of Peter Folger, early pioneer of Nantucket Island, Mass. whose daughter Abiah was the mother of Benjamin Franklin. They were married June 16, 1859 by the Rev. George M. Maxwell in Cincinnati. John H. Bogart received a common school education and showed early talent as a wood engraver and landscape painter. He organized under his own name the largest wood and steel engraving plant outside of New York at that time which flourished for many years until it was absorbed by what later became the American Bank Note Co. During the Civil War, he designed and painted regimental flags for the U.S. Government. In the early 1880's he devoted his fortune to the development and perfection of the internal combustion motor for automobiles. He was one of the organizers of the City of Ludlow, Kenton County, Kentucky where he made his home after residing in Cincinnati. He served as Ludlow's first clerk, assessor, collector and for two years, a member of its council, and a member of the Ludlow Board of Edu-

cation for twelve years. He was a talented artist, designer and a musician – a fine violinist and 'cellist, contributing his talents to many worthy causes in religious, fraternal and musical circles of Ludlow and Cincinnati. He was a close friend and adviser of Theodore Thomas who organized the Cincinnati Symphony Orchestra; also, he was a friend of Ole Bull, noted Norwegian violinist to whom he gave financial assistance during his last concert tour of the United States. In 1858, he became a member of Lafayette Lodge, F. & A.M., Cincinnati, and in 1868, he received the Chapter and Council Degrees in Covington, Kentucky. In 1869, he was a member of the Commandry and the Scottish Rite. He was a 33rd Degree Mason and an Odd Fellow; he was one of the organizers of Samuel Reed Lodge of Ludlow, and served as its first Master. He was a Presbyterian. He died in Ludlow, June 3, 1889, and was buried in Spring Grove Cemetery, Cincinnati. His wife Anna Maria died at the home of their only son Charles William Bogart, in Port Chester, New York, on Christmas Day, 1920, and was buried in Greenwood Cemetary, Rye, New York. Only child –

*633 **Charles William,** born in Ludlow, Ky., April 20, 1864; m- Edith Marie Steen.

621

JOHN HELMUS BOGART, son of Helmus Bogart (604) and Mary Noble, was born in Hamilton County, Ohio, April 12, 1843. He married Ellen Fowler, May 29, 1867. She was born December 9, 1842, died June 12, 1925. He died March 13, 1920.

634 **Mary,** born August 8, 1868, died March 1, 1870.

635 **Ella Elizabeth,** born July 14, 1872; m- (1) Harry Mc Cune; m- (2) David Grear, December 23, 1909; she died December 28, 1935.

Edith Myrtle, born Feb. 16, 1889; m- (1) Harry Bishop, March 1, 1911; m- (2) Harry Fishback, June 28, 1924; she died November 27, 1954; one child, d.y.

636 **Jessie Beatrice,** born July 8, 1876; m- December 18, 1891, Edward Arnold, born February 2, 1866, died March 3, 1944. She died July 28, 1942.

Clifford Case Arnold, born July 1, 1892, died November 16, 1937; m- August 9, 1913, Edna Hine, born April 22, 1894.

Della Marie Arnold, born June 20, 1914; m- October

26, 1935, Raymond A. Morris, born August 12, 1915, son of Arthur Morris and Lou Anderson; two children, James A. Morris, born Oct. 26, 1938 and Kenneth Wayne Morris, born Dec. 8, 1943.

Ellsworth William Arnold, born May 6, 1916; m- Nov. 28, 1935, Jessie E. Morris, born Aug. 20, 1911, dau. of Arthur Morris. Children – William Edward, born May 31, 1937; m- June 1, 1957, Margie Campbell. Sandra Sue, born Aug. 10, 1941.

Leslie Lee Arnold, born July 31, 1894; m- Emma Betscher, born Nov. 24, 1895, one son, Lynn Ellis Arnold, born Nov. 17, 1934. She is the daughter of Emil Betscher whose grandparents Michael Betscher and Mary Ann Venes came here from Ringenheim, Bäden, Germany about 1840.

Bryan Arnold, born Aug. 14, 1896; m- Oct. 28, 1922, Edith Metzger, born Sept. 11, 1900.

Ruth May Arnold, born Nov. 15, 1923; m- June 12, 1943, Gordon Schiring, born Aug. 17, 1921. Children – Gerald Gordon Schiring, born Nov. 11, 1948, Terri Kay Schiring, born Nov. 13, 1949.

Opal Marie Arnold, born Dec. 14, 1925; m- Nov. 16, 1946, Robert Bachmann Covert, born Oct. 15, 1923; son Robert James Covert, born Oct. 10, 1948.

Elmer Nelson Arnold, born Dec. 25, 1898; m- Sept. 20, 1920 Anna Rutz. No issue.

622

WILLIAM H. BOGART, son of Helmus Bogart (604) and Mary Noble, was born April 21, 1856. In 1879, he married Emma Poole who was born Dec. 27, 1863 and died Dec. 31, 1932; he died February 5, 1914. They are buried in Miamitown.

636a **Alice,** died in infancy in 1880.

636b **Edward,** died in infancy in 1882.

637 **Clarence,** born February 6, 1884, died June 23, 1952. He married, October 2, 19.., Blanda Myers; his widow resides in Maryland.

638 **William H. Jr.,** born August 23, 1890; married August 8, 1915, Clara Riehle, born February 27, 1896; no issue; reside in Ross, Ohio.

639 **May,** born November 13, 1893; m- (1) January 5, 1916, Homer Schwing, born June 11, 1894; one child, Edna May Schwing, born March 26, 1919; (2) May 28, 1940, Francis Appleton, born December 27, 1915 – one child, Sandra Sue, born December 24, 1942.

625

DR. GEORGE HENRI BOGART, son of Elbert Bogart (610) and Rosalie E. Fagaly, was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, October 26, 1857. He was graduated from High School at the age of 12 years, and was engaged in teaching for a time. He married in 1878, Josephine Frances Duncan, daughter of William Stevens Duncan and Charlotte Ellsburg; she was born in Sidney, Ill. May 15, 1869, died September 10, 1940 at Lebanon, Ind. He was a practicing physician for many years and was a frequent contributor to medical journals. He was an authority on venereal diseases, and was coroner of Franklin County, Ind. His writings attracted the former Russian Czarist regime and were studied by the Russian government in formulating enactments along the lines of his theories and practice in vasectomy. His writings in addition to medical research for professional magazines combined the philosophic and poetic. With James Whitcomb Riley, the poet and others, he organized the Western Association of Writers, and devoted much of his time to journalism covering many subjects. During World War I, he served with the Illinois Fuel Conservation Commission. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church, and a leader in many local civic projects in the town of Brookville, Ind. where he spent many years of his life. In politics he was a Democrat. He died in Shelbyville, Illinois in 1918.

640 **Vivian Karl,** born September 16, 1879 near Worthington, Greene County, Indiana. He settled in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania where he contracted typhoid fever following an attack of appendicitis, and returned to his home in Brookville where he died, September 4, 1901.

641 **Sybil Ulrica,** born in Franklin County, Indiana in 1881. She was graduated from Indiana State Normal School, and Indiana University; she was a brilliant and successful teacher for many years. She married Harvey E. Stahl, High School Superintendent; she succumbed to influenza in 1918.

*642 **Dr. Guy,** born in Drewersburg, Franklin County, Indiana, October 23, 1883.

643 **Idyll R.** born in Brookville, Ind., December 11, 1885; m- September 8, 1911, in Terre Haute, William Mark Burgess, born in Luckrow, Canada, April 4, 1887, son of Mark Burgess and Ellen Fraser. He died in 1955.

Sybil Ellen Burgess, born Paris, Ind., January 6, 1913; m- James Irvin Perkins, born Lexington, Ky., November 25, 1914; they were married October 14 ....; one son, Charles William, born Lebanon, Ind. December 13, 1940.

Elbert Keith Burgess, born Lebanon, Ind., November 12, 1914; m- June 1, 1940, Rosa May Nelson, born Lebanon, Oct. 21, 1918; daughter, Rosalind Kay, born Feb. 24, 1941.

George Mark Burgess, born in Lebanon, Ind., December 18, 1916; m- Sept. 5, 1937, Mary Virginia Cooper, born at Charlestown, Maryland, January 6, 1917; one son, Philip Mark, born May 1, 1939.

Helen Louise Burgess, born at Lebanon, Ind., April 18, 1920; m- August 24, 1940, James Franklin Mc Vey, born Keihlen, Ind., August 5, 1918.

James W. Mc Vey, born March 29, 1944.
Richard Allen Mc Vey, born July 13, 1949.
Jean Allen Mc Vey, born January 2, 1951.

Elizabeth Jean Burgess, born August 4, 1922. She was a U.S. Army nurse, and served in World War II, in France and Germany, and was assigned to the repatriation of Daschau Concentration Camp in Germany. She is now head surgical nurse at the Hillsdale Michigan Hospital.

644 **Major Elbert W.,** born in Brookville, Indiana, April 1, 1900. He enrolled at Purdue University, Lafayette, Indiana; he continued R.O.T.C. training, and the study of music. He left his studies, April 7, 1917, and enlisted as a musician in the U.S. Navy at the outbreak of World War I. He was a member of John Phillip Sousa's 1000 piece, Great Lakes Band. Transferring to Naval Aviation, he was sent to

Pensacola, Florida for training, assigned to the 2nd Naval Aero Squadron. He served in France for two years and was discharged as a Chief Petty Officer, Pelham Bay, New York, in 1919, and reenlisted in the Naval Reserves. In 1934, he was commissioned Second Lt. Company M, 130th Infantry, 33 Division, Illinois National Guard, and was graduated from the Infantry School, Fort Benning, Georgia, in 1938. He was called into active service, March 5, 1941, and served as a military instructor and intelligence officer until the outbreak of World War II. In 1942, he was transferred to the Army Air Corps. He was managing editor of "The Air Surgeons Bulletin"; was awarded the Certificate of Meritorious Service and other citations. He was released from active service with the rank of Major at Patterson Field, Ohio, in 1946, completing thirty years in the armed services. On May 20, 1939, he married Pauline Wellman of St. Louis, born October 23, 1913, at Quincy, Illinois. Major Bogart was active in numerous military and patriotic circles for many years. He was commander of Paris Post of American Legion in 1932 and 1947, a past county adjutant and commander and also served in other Legion offices. He was a member of the Veterans of Foreign Wars and Paris Lodge No. 268, A.F. & A.M.; a member of the Paris Chamber of Commerce, and the Holland Society of New York. He resided in Paris, Illinois and was associated with the U. O. Colson Co. of that city for thirty years. He died June 1, 1956, and was buried in Jefferson Barracks National Cemetery, St. Louis, Mo. No children.

626

JOHN ELBERT BOGART, son of Elbert Bogart (610) and Rosalie E. Fagaly, was born near Cincinnati, Ohio. He married his cousin, Laura Bogart, daughter of Samuel Bogart and Emily Odrieve, September 6, 1883.

*645 **Howard Maxwell,** born June 13, 1884.

*646 **Herbert Verne,** born October 23, 1885.

627

DR. WALTER SCOTT BOGART, son of Elbert Bogart (610) and Rosalie E. Fagaly, was born near Cincinnati, Ohio. He was gradu-

ated from the Cincinnati Eclectic Medical College, and was a protege of Dr. William Colby Cooper. He practiced in Wyoming for a time, and later, in Denver, Col., where for many years he was one of the city's prominent physicians. He finally settled in California, and died in Los Angeles. He was a poet and writer of distinction. He married (1) Bessie Anderson; (2) Edith Cooper, daughter of Dr. William Colby Cooper.

647 **Susan;** m- Mr. Sexton.

648 **Walter Thompson Bogart,** was born in Erie, Colorado, March 9, 1906. He received his A.B. Degree at the University of California, Los Angeles in 1930; M.A. at Stanford University in 1931; Ph.D. in 1948. He married Mildred Josephine Marshall, November 26, 1933. He was an instructor of Political Science at Stanford University, 1935-37; Middlebury College; 1937-1938; Assistant Professor, 1938-39; Associate Professor, 1939-49; Professor of Science, 1949. He was a Selectman of the Town of Weybridge, Vermont, 1951; served with the U.S.A.A.F., 1941-1946; now retired Col. Air Force Reserve; decorated with the American Defense Medal, American Theatre Ribbon, E.T.O. Ribbon, Victory Medal. Member of American Political Science Assn., Assn. of University Professors; Reserve Officers Assn.; Alumni Assn. University of California; Theta Chi; a Mason and author of "The Lease Lands of Vermont", 1950. He is now on the faculty of Middlebury College, Middlebury, Vermont.

633

CHARLES WILLIAM BOGART, son of John Helmus Bogart (613) and Anna Maria Folger, was born in Ludlow, Kenton County, Kentucky, April 20, 1864. He married Edith Marie Steen, born in Xenia, Ohio. March 28, 1864, the daughter of Professor E. Watson Steen and Emma Marie Stipp; she was descended from Jan Steen, famous Dutch painter who married Margaret, daughter of Van Goyen; her father was an early partner of the D.H. Bladwin Piano Company of Cincinnati; her uncle, the Rev. M.D.A. Steen, compiled the "History of the Steen Family" in 1900. They were married in Cincinnati, September 17, 1882 by the Rev. Edward Anderson. Mr. Bogart received a common school education and when a young man, he was associated with his father in the engraving business. He resided in Ludlow and Covington, Kentucky, later Hamilton,

Ohio, before removing to Buffalo, N.Y. in 1899. In the 1880's, he and his father devoted their resources to the development of the automobile motor. Prominent in the mechanical engineering field, Mr. Bogart was a machine tool designer for forty years, and among his inventions were an expansion joint, a variable speed transmission and a flexible coupling. He also designed an electrical ignition system of the type now generally used today in the motor car field. In 1912, he designed a sleeve-valve type automobile engine and applied for a patent, but priority rights of but a few months was awarded to the Knight Motor Car Company for a similar design. For a number of years, he designed and built a line of stationary and portable gas and gasoline engines; later he organized his own company under the name of Bogart Gas Power Engineering Co., specializing in the manufacture and installation of large gas engines for municipal power and lighting plants. In recognition of having built the largest internal combustion engine up to that time, he was awarded an honorary membership in the American Society of Mechanical Engineers. During World War I, he designed and built special lathes for turning shells for the British Government. In recent years he was a designer of automatic nut and bolt machinery. Mr. Bogart inherited many of his father's talents, among them landscape painting and music. At the early age of ten, he appeared as a cellist on the concert stage in Cincinnati. In 1916, he and his family moved from Buffalo to Port Chester, New York. He played the bass viol in the family orchestra which was regularly heard over several New York radio stations. Mr. Bogart retired in 1928, and died June 5, 1941 at the home of his youngest son in Rye, N.Y. His wife Edith was a talented instrumentalist and vocalist, died Thanksgiving Day, November 27, 1930; both are buried in Greenwood Cemetery, Rye, N.Y. Mr. Bogart was a Mason and a Republican.

649 **Charles Franklin,** born in Cincinnati, Ohio, July 12, 1883. He married Florence Edna Oliver, daughter of Charles C. Oliver and Ella Preston, in Buffalo, September 27, 1906. He was shop superintendent of the Bogart Gas Power Engineering Co. until is was disolved. He died July 12, 1915 in a power plant explosion at Silver Springs, N.Y. where he was superintendent of the Municipal lighting plant. He was buried in Forest Lawn Cemetery, Buffalo. Mr. Bogart was an accomplished pianist and violinist and at the time of his death, he was organist of the Royal Arcanum which position he had held for a number of years. They had no children.

*650 **Edwin Richard,** born in Ludlow, Kentucky, December 28, 1885.

*651 **John Albert** (the compiler) was born in Ludlow, Ky, February 18, 1889.

652 **Capt. James Helmus,** was born in Ludlow, Ky. August 26, 1891. He studied chemistry at the University of Buffalo, and was a member of the old 74th Infantry Regiment, New York State National Guard. Following World War I, he took a course in law at George Washington University, Washington, D.C. and in business administration at New York University. He was associated with Spencer Kellogg and Sons of Buffalo, and later, with the Detroit Insulated Wire Company, as industrial chemist. While in Detroit, he served as an officer of joint technical societies, the Detroit Section of the American Chemical Society, and the Society of Detroit Chemists. In this latter connection, he was appointed a field aide of the Naval Consulting Board of Washington in its local pre-war work on industrial mobilization planning. Captain Bogart entered the National Army at the outbreak of World War I, with the rank of First Lieut. of Engineers, and assisted in the original organization and development of the then Gas Service which later evolved the Chemical Warfare Service, and still later, was renamed Chemical Corps of World War II. He saw two years service with the American Expeditionary Forces; in combat duty, he was Assistant Chief Gas Officer, First Army Corps during the Meuse-Argonne operations, and later was charged with the demobilization operations of the C.W.S. in France. As a member of the General Sales Board of the Demobilizing A.E.F., he was an adviser to the United States Liquidation Commission in Paris. In 1920, Captain Bogart was appointed to the Regular Army. He was the first Chemical Warfare Officer to represent this service as a member of the War Department General Staff, and was assigned to duty with the Military Intelligence Division in Washington. Other duties included that of commanding Company D, First Gas Regiment; Instructor in the Chemical Warfare School at Edgewood Arsenal; C.W. Officer on the Staff of the Commanding General of the First Corps Area, Boston, and later, Second Corps Area, Governors Island, New York, and Industrial Mobilization Planning Officer, Chemical Warfare Service Headquarters in New York and Washington. Captain Bogart was retired

from active duty in February, 1935 after seventeen years of service, by reason of physical incapacity in line of duty. He received a fine letter of commendation and good wishes from his Chief of Staff, General Douglas Mac Arthur. He took up residence in Hollywood, California, and after a long convalesence, operated a citrus farm in Orange County. He married (1) Margaret Davis Smith of Los Angeles, in Port Chester, New York, July 8, 1920, the daughter of Cassius and Effie Painter, both of Franklin, Penn. His second wife was Addalene Louise Moore of Los Angeles, daughter of Frank Leslie Moore and Fannie Fern Shepherd of Bluffton and Newcastle, Indiana, respectively, married at Yuma, Arizona, on May 8, 1942. She died September 27, 1955. They had no children. Capt. Bogart's interests are scientific, including semantics and human behavior, the electronics of television and sound, color photography and music, with lesser interests in astronomy and the cultivation of orchid cacti. His musical instruments are the piano and violin. He is a Mason and a Republican. Residence, Fallbrook, San Diego County, California.

653 **Lawrence Wilson,** was born in Covington, Kenton County, Kentucky, February 2, 1894. He married July 1917, Pearl Lackey (nee Schoenwald) of Buffalo, N.Y. They have no children. He was an ardent amateur astronomer when a young man and was one of the co-discoverers of the reappearance of Beljawsky's Comet in 1909. For forty years, he was associated with the Buffalo Office of the American Railway Express Company until his retirement in 1957. He played the violin in the family orchestra. For many years he resided in Hamburg, N.Y., is now retired and makes his home with his younger brother in Wellesley, Mass.

*654 **Marine Dewey,** was born in Hamilton, Ohio, January 30, 1898.

DR. GUY BOGART, Ph.D., N.D., son of Dr. George Henri Bogart (625) and Josephine Frances Duncan, was born in Drewersburg, Indiana, October 23, 1883. He attended Wabash College, Indiana State Normal School, Lincoln-Jefferson University, Iowa Theological School. Columbia University, and the American Naturopathic School. He married at West Point, Iowa, October 16, 1911, Lucy Parkman Burt, daughter of Prof. George E. Burt and Flora A.

Newton. She was born in Terre Haute, Ind., September 7, 1884, and died in Riverside County, Cal., March 14, 1943. She was a gracious and cultured woman and a fine musician; a member of the Terre Haute Symphony Orchestra. Dr. Bogart was a reporter and city editor for many years, and a poet and writer of distinction. In Los Angeles, he founded the Church of the Dawn, directed Longer Life League 1921-22; secretary Cosmopolitan Film Co., of Hollywood, 1922-28; secretary and publicity director Kauffman Pictures; director of the Bogart Press Service. In Beaumont, Cal., he served as Mayor; past president of Rotary Club, and in 1932, received silver cup for "most outstanding service" in clubs of California and Hawaiian Islands; past president and life member, Chamber of Commerce; director and vice president of U.S. Highway 60 Association; past clerk and vestryman, St. Stephens Episcopal Church; past member California State Democratic Central Committee, and of Riverside County Republican Central Committee; first candidate initiated by Banning Masonic Lodge; founder of Beaumont Cherry Festival, Bogart Bowl, and Beaumont Sunrise Easter Services. With the cooperation of the Japanese Government, he held the only American-Japanese Cherry Blossom Festival; coordinator, Civil Defense Council, and advisor to Draft Board, World War II. He was a former secretary of National Naturopathic Association; California Chairman of National Cat Week; named poet laureate of the American Cat groups; won 1950 award for outstanding service to cats; director American Friends of the Cats; in 1949, he succeeded the late Wallace Beery as Honorary President of the International Humane Education Foundation; member of the Board of Allied Cat Lovers International of Minneapolis, Minn. He was a licensed presiding judge of the U.S. Trotting Association of Columbus, Ohip; regular radio and occasional television programs, and a member of broadcasting staff, KFOX, Long Beach, Cal. He has contributed to American and British magazines, published many books and pamphlets – both prose and poetry and especially subjects relating to the cat world. In 1955, Dr. Bogart was appointed a founding member of the Harvard University Association for Application of Creative Altruism. His hobbies were sociological and biological research. He was Vice President of the Holland Society of New York for the Pacific Coast. He died November 13, 1957, in Beaumont, California. Only child –

655 **Robert Parkman,** was born in Los Angeles, California, June 18, 1913. He was educated in the schools of Los Angeles and Beaumont, Riverside Junior College and Pomona Col-

lege. He married in Los Angeles, Edna Ann Schake of Durango, Colorado, March 23, 1938. She was born near Hesperus, Colorado, January 5, 1912. He is a member of the Holland Society of New York. He is on the administrative staff of the Kaiser Steel Company of Fontana, California. Residence, Beaumont, Cal. They have no children.

645

HOWARD MAXWELL BOGART, son of John Elbert Bogart (626) and Rosalie E. Fagaly, was born in Ohio, June 13, 1884. He married, Leonore Schwartz of Cincinnati, June 13, 1907. She was born February 3, 1884, and died January 29, 1947. Mr. Bogart who was a mechanical engineer, died February 1, 1932. They resided in Norwood, Ohio.

*656 **Stanton Howard,** was born September 17, 1908 in Cincinnati

*657 **Raymond Leonard,** was born January 1, 1910 in Cincinnati.

658 **Donald Herbert,** was born February 6, 1912 in Canton, Ohio. He married Ruth Bullock of Cincinnati, September 3, 1938. He is a mechanical engineer engaged in his own business known as the Peerless Machine Co. of Cincinnati. They have no children.

*659 **Douglas Kenneth,** was born March 8, 1919.

646

HERBERT VERNE BOGART, son of John Elbert Bogart (626) and Rosalie E. Fagaly, was born October 23, 1885. He married Marie Schrayer, October 1910; he died October 11, 1918. Only child –

660 **Katheryn,** born February 12, 1912; m- Raymond V. Pennock. May 31, 1942.

650

EDWIN RICHARD BOGART, son of Charles W. Bogart (633) and Edith Marie Steen, was born in Ludlow, Kenton County, Ky., December 28, 1885. He received a common school education in Hamilton, Ohio and Buffalo, N.Y., and attended Masten Park High School; he became associated with the Buffalo Branch of the Johns-Manville Co. when that branch was opened. He was an expert stenographer, and entered the Buffalo Health Department as private secretary to the Health Commissioner; subsequently he was private

secretary to Mrs. Elbert Hubbard of the Roycroft Shops, East Aurora, N.Y. who with her illustrious husband Elbert Hubbard, were lost in the sinking of the S.S. Lusitania in 1915. For many years he was a member of the old 74th Regiment, New York State National Guard in Buffalo. He came east in 1928, and settled in Westchester County. He married (1) Claradell Knowles, daughter of the late Robert C. Knowles and Thankful Celeste Miller, in Buffalo, September 15, 1915; she was born in Suspension Bridge, N.Y., October 18, 1891; (2) Marie Elizabeth (Schaefer) Platz, born July 20, 1902 in Peekskill, N.Y. They were married in Mamaroneck, N.Y. January 18, 1947. She is the daughter of the late Charles Schaefer and..... Walden. For a number of years he was on the administrative staff of Grasslands Hospital, Valhalla, N.Y., Westchester County. He is now retired and resides in White Plains, N.Y. Only child by first wife.

661 **Edwin Richard, Jr.** was born in Buffalo, N.Y. July 25, 1922. He served in the Pacific Campaigns with the U.S. Army during World War II, since which time he has resided in Florida. Residence, Orlando.

651

JOHN ALBERT BOGART (the compiler), son of Charles W. Bogart (633) and Edith Marie Steen, was born in Ludlow, Kenton County, Kentucky, February 18, 1889. The family moved to Covington, Ky. and later to Hamilton, Ohio. In 1899, the family went to Buffalo, New York, where he attended the elementary schools. For a time he was associated with his father as a mechanical draftsman. When a young man, he was one of the organizers of the first Junior Advertising Clubs in the country which received wide interest. In 1916, the family settled in Port Chester, New York where his father was associated with the Russell, Burdsall and Ward Nut and Bolt Company. For twenty-five years he was associated in the advertising and publicity fields, having been with the Remington Arms Co. (during World War I) in New York, Life Savers, Inc. and Seagram Distillers. In 1930, he spent several months in Europe for the North German Lloyd Steamship Line with whom he was associated. Since 1935, he has been a buyer and purchasing agent in the industrial, commercial and educational fields. During World War II, he was purchasing agent for the International Y.M.C.A. in New York, responsible for the procurement of supplies for the prisoner of war camps in this country. His interests are landscape painting, photography and

music, having played the flute in the family orchestra. He is a charter member of the Exchange Club of New York, a member of the Holland Society, the Staten Island and other historical societies; a Mason and a Republican. He is a frequent contributor to various historical publications, and thirty years ago he undertook the compilation of this history. He married (1) Margaret Louise Eaton, April 21, 1917 in Buffalo, the daughter of the late John Eaton and Margaret Bell; she was born in Newport, Kentucky, July 2, 1895. (2) Helen Sloane Young, daughter of the late William Young and Sarah Stuart of Brooklyn; they were married November 24, 1944 in the Middle Collegiate Church, New York by the Rev. Ernest W. Palen, dominie of the Holland Society. She was born in New York, May 23, 1890; she is an accomplished pianist and music teacher, and for several years was frequently heard over the New York radio stations. For the past ten years he was a buyer with the Board of Education of New York; now retired; residence, Harrison, N.Y. Children by Margaret L. Eaton-

662 **Betty Ellen,** born in Port Chester, New York, May 22, 1918. She married in Port Chester, April 9, 1944, Kenneth E. Clark of Palmyra, N.Y., born in Walworth, Wayne County, N.Y., September 20, 1914. They resided in Darien, Connecticut, and later moved to St. Petersburg, Florida. At present they reside in Lakeland. Mr. Clark is associated with the Food Machinery and Chemical Corp., Lakeland.

Carol Ann Clark, born in Stamford, Conn., February 6, 1945.
Kenneth E. Clark, Jr. born in St. Petersburg, Florida, August 28, 1947.

*663 **John A. Jr.** born in Port Chester, New York, August 14, 1920.

654

MARINE DEWEY BOGART, son of Charles W. Bogart (633) and Edith Marie Steen, was born in Hamilton, Butler County, Ohio, January 30, 1898. He received a common school education in Buffalo and attended the Buffalo Technical High School. He was a member of the Buffalo Unit of the New York State Naval Militia. After removing to Port Chester, New York, he attended Pratt Institute, Brooklyn, majoring in architectural and concrete engineer-

ing. During World War I. he served with the U.S. Army Port of Embarkation, Camp Merrit, New Jersey. For twenty years, he was associated with the technical staff and was field representative of the Atlas Cement Co.; the Thomas E. Murray Construction Co., engaged in the building of the Hell Gate Power Station on the East River, Bronx, where he was in charge of the concrete work; later he was with the Turner Construction Co. of New York. At present he is an engineer with Uhl, Hall and Rich, consulting engineers and designers, Boston, engaged in work on the St. Lawrence Seaway Project and the Lewiston-Niagara Hydro-Electric Power Station at Niagara Falls and Lewiston, N.Y., under the direction of the New York State Power Authority. On September 10, 1934, he married Marie E. Junghans born January 16, 1909, daughter of the late Edward C. Junghans and Edith May Austin of White Plains, N.Y. Her mother was descended from the Voorhees and Van Tassel families. He resided in Rye, N.Y. for a number of years, and in 1940, he and his family settled in Wellesley, Mass. His interests are diversified among them music, being an accomplished cellist. He was often heard over the New York radio stations with the family orchestra. While in Wellesley, he has given concerts in the Boston area, accompanied by his wife Marie at the piano. He is an ardent minerologist and a frequent contributor to minerology publications. He is a member of the Boston Mineral Club, a Mason and a Republican. He and his wife attended the Christian Science Church. Before her marriage, she was organist of the Methodist Church, White Plains; a member of several choral societies, a Registered Nurse, a graduate of the White Plains and Philadelphia General Hospitals and a member of the Handel and Haydn Society of Boston. Among his recent accomplishments is the invention of an electronic mineral seperator. His wife Marie died suddenly in Wellesley, Mass., September 14, 1956.

664 **David Steen,** born in Rye, N.Y., June 26, 1935; he was graduated from the Massachusetts School of Art with a B.A. Degree in 1957. He is now with the U.S. Army stationed in Germany.

665 **James Edward,** born in Rye, N.Y., June 7, 1937; he is now a member of the Massachusetts State National Guard.

656

STANTON HOWARD BOGART, son of Howard Maxwell Bogart (645) and Leonore Schwartz was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, September 17, 1908. He married Cornelia Agatha Pautsch of Mankato, Minn.,

March 1, 1944 at Hayward, California. He is a partner in the export business of the firm of Blanche G. Schwartz (his aunt) & S.H. Bogart of Cleveland, Ohio. This partnership was formed after his return from service with the U.S. Naval Construction Battalion on Okinawa during World War II.

666 **Emilie Ann,** born July 24, 1946

667 **Stanton David,** born March 22, 1949

657

RAYMOND LEONARD BOGART, son of Howard Maxwell Bogart (645) and Leonore Schwartz was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, January 1, 1910. He married Ruth Pauline Bauer of Madeira, Ohio, May 25, 1940. For several years, he was Export Manager for Hilton-Davis Chemical Company of Cincinnati. In 1950, he organized his own export business representing a group of Cincinnati manufacturers. They reside in Madeira, Ohio.

668 **Raymond George,** born April 22, 1941

669 **Kenneth Paul,** born October 6, 1943

670 **Dudley Allen,** born February 17. 1952.

659

DOUGLAS KENNETH BOGART, son of Howard Maxwell Bogart (645) and Leonore Schwartz was born March 8, 1919 in Cincinnati, Ohio. In 1942, he enlisted in the U.S. Army Air Force, and saw thirty-four months service in Europe during World War II, and was discharged in 1945. He enlisted in the Air Force Reserves in 1945 and was discharged in 1948 with the previous rank of First Sergeant. He is a member of the Air Force Association. He was graduated from Fenn College, Cleveland, Ohio, with a B.B.A. degree, majoring in marketing, advertising and public relations. He married, November 22, 1947, Dolores Semethy of Pittsburgh, Pa. He is Assistant Advertising Manager for the Bryant Heater Division, Affiliated Gas Equipment Co., Cleveland. Residence, Mansfield Heights, Ohio.

671 **Duane Allan** born March 28, 1953

663

JOHN A. BOGART, JR., son of John A. Bogart (651) and Margaret L. Eaton, was born in Port Chester, Westchester County, New York, August 14, 1920. He is a commercial artist, designer and illustrator.

He graduated from Port Chester High School in 1937, majoring in art. On June 13, 1942, he volunteered for service in World War II, and was injured at the close of his training course at the Mechanized Cavalry School, Fort Riley, Kansas, when he was given a medical discharge in September of that year. He reentered the service four months later, and was assigned to the U.S. Army Air Force. He was commissioned Lieutenant, Aviation Cadet School, Yale University, New Haven, Conn., August 1943. He served with the 12th Army Air Force in North Africa and Sicily, and was shot down in action in November of that year. He returned to the United States and was hospitalized after which he was assigned to the Technical Staff, Army Training Film Program, Aviation Cadet School at Yale University. He was transferred to Chanute Field, Ill., with the rank of Captain, and was commissioned in the A.F.R.C. He was awarded the Purple Heart and the Air Medal with Oak Leaf Cluster. On January 1, 1944, he married Ruth E. Dixon, daughter of Roy Edmund Dixon and Della Peabody, at Lawrence, Mass. His wife was born July 12, 1918, and is a Registered Nurse – a graduate of Lawrence General Hospital. Mr. Bogart was formerly Advertising and Promotion Manager of the Phillips Publishing Co., Newton, Mass.; Advertising and Sales Manager for the Buck Printing Company, Boston, and at present, Advertising and Promotion Manager for the Forbes Lithograph Co. Boston.

672 **Peter Dixon,** was born in Lawrence, Mass. April 9, 1945
673 **Paula Eaton,** was born in Lawrence, Mass. January 30, 1949.

THE SERVICE HONOR ROLL

Colonial Service

Tunis Gysbert Bogaert	(14)	Tunis Gysbert Bogaert	(35)
Gysbert Tunis Bogaert	(34)	Simon Bogaert	(38)

Revolutionary War

Peter P. Bogart	(68)	Tunis Bogart	(477)
Johannes A. Bogart	(252)	Isaac Bogart, Jr.	(478)
Daniel Bogart	(475)	George Bogart	(479)

Civil War

Gysbert Bogart	(85)	George Edward Bogart	(535)
Gysbert Bogart	(126)	William Helmus Bogart	(537)
Peter (Adrian) Bogart	(146)	James W. Bogart	(606)
William (Adrian) Bogart	(150)	James Henry Bogart	(614)
Abraham Bogart	(151)	William Bogart	(615)
David Nevius Bogart	(306)	William Henry Bogart	(620)

Nelson Bogart (273c)

Spanish American War

Arthur H. De B. Bogart (442)

Rre War I.

Elbert W. Bogart	(644)	Edwin R. Bogart	(650)
James H. Bogart	(652)	Marine D. Bogart	(654)

World War I.

Louis H. Bogart	(243)	Charles P. Bogart	(578)
Humphrey De F. Bogart	(335)	Elbert W. Bogart	(644)
John Victor Bogart	(438)	James H. Bogart	(652)
Arthur H. De B. Bogart	(442)	Marine D. Bogart	(654)

World War II. and Post War Service

Thomas Bogart	(186a)	Elbert W. Bogart	(644)
Adrian T. Bogart	(186)	Walter T. Bogart	(648)
William M. Bogart	(338)	Stanton H. Bogart	(656)
Arthur H. De B. Bogart	(442)	Douglas K. Bogart	(659)
Gerald L. Bogart	(467)	Edwin R. Bogart, Jr.	(661)
Richard W. Bogart	(471)	John A. Bogart, Jr.	(663)
Peter L. Bogart	(588)	David S. Bogart	(664)
Vernon R. Bogart	(592)	James E. Bogart	(665)

APPENDIX

A

Grant of Land To Hans Hansen Bergen

By Governor Kieft

We, William Kieft, the Director General and the Council in the behalf of the High and Mighty Lords, the States General, His Highness, the Prince of Orange and the Noble Lords, the managers of the Incorporated West India Company in New Netherland residing, by these presents do publish and declare that on this day the date and written, have given and granted unto Hans Hansen (Bergen) a certain piece of land situated on Long Island in the Kil of Joris Rapalje, it extends from his house north by east till to Lambert Huysbertsen's plantation further to the Kil of Jan de Swede according to the old marks, till to the Kil of Mespatches to and along the Cripple bush swamp further to the Division of Derick Volkertsen's land, which he purchased from Wilcock and the Division of Henry Satley, contains Two-Hundred morgens, with the exprest conditions and terms that he the said Hans Hansen (Bergen) or they who to his actions may hereafter Succeed, Shall acknowledge the Noble Lords, the Managers aforesaid as their Lords and Patroons, under the sovereignty of the High and Mighty Lords, the States General, and unto their Directors and Council here, Shall in all things be conformed, as all good inhabitants are in duty bound, Provide also that he shall be further Subject to all such burdens and imposts as already by the Noble Lords have been enacted, and such as may yet hereafter be enacted, constituting therefore the said Hans Hansen (Bergen) in our stead, in the real and actual possession of the aforesaid parcel of land giving unto him by these presents the full might, authority and special license, the aforesaid parcel of and to enter, cultivate, inhabit and occupy, in like manner as he may lawfully do with other, his patrimonial lands and effects, without our the grantor's in the quality as aforesaid thereunto any longer having, reserving or saving any part, action or control whatever, but to the behoof as aforesaid from all desisting from this time forevermore, promising moreover this transport firmly, invioably and irrevocably, to maintain, fulfill and execute and finally to do all that in equity we are bound to do, witness these presents by us undersigned and confirmed with our seal, Done at Fort Amsterdam in New Netherland this 30th day of March, A.D. 1647.

Cornelis Van Tienhoven, Secy.

B

Confirmatory Patent To Tunis Gysbert Bogaert by Governor Richard Nicolls, 1667

Richard Nicolls, Esq; whereas there was a patent or groundbrief heretofore granted by the Dutch Governor, Wm. Kieft unto Hans Hansen (Bergen) bearing date of 30th day of March, 1647 for a certain parcel of land lying and being on the West Riding of Yorkshire upon Long Island within the Kil then commonly known as Jores Rapalje's kil, whose bounds did stretch along by the said Jores Rapalje's kil house northeast and by east unto the Plantation then appertaining to Lambert Huysbert's (Moll) so on to John de Swede's kil to the markt bounds and then to the kil belonging to Maspeth by the swamp from whence to the run by the fence of Derick Volkertsen's land which he bought of Willcocks and so along by that belonging to the land of Henry Satley containing by estimation about 400 acres of ground, now the right and title to the said parcel of land being devolved upon **Teunis Gisberts (Bogaert)** who married the widow and relict of Hans Hansen (Bergen) aforesaid for a confirmatory unto the said Teunis Gisberts (Bogaert), etc.

Signed by Gov. Richard Nicolls
Dated April 5, 1667.

C

Gov. Pieter Stuyvesant's Patent to Tunis Gysbert Bogaert and Aert T. Middagh

1654

PETRUS STUYVESANT: in behalf of the High, Mighty Lords States General of the United Nederlands and the Noble Lords Directors of the General Chartered West India Company; Director General of New Nederland, Curacao, Bonayro, Aruba and the dependencies thereof, together with the Lords Councillors. Witnesses and declare hereby, that we have granted and allowed to Aert Teunisse Middagh and **Tuenis Gysbertsen Boogaert** a piece of land situate upon Long Island named the Cruepelbosch, (Bedford) beginning from the east

side of the bounds of Jorse Rapailage, where the mark is a great rock in the meadow; runs into the woods southeast and northwest, long six-hundred rods, begins again from said rock along the Cruepelbosch stretches north and south to the bounds of Hendrick Dircksen, is wide fifty rods; between the two remains a common outdrift of two rods wide; goes again into the woods along their division line southeast and northwest; is long six-hundred rods; in the rear in the woods; stretches north and south; is wide fifty rods; amounts together to fifty morgen; with the express condition and stipulation that they, Aert Tuenisz (Middagh) and **Tuenis Gysbertsz** (Bogaert) or whoever may acquire their title shall recognize the Noble Lords Bewindhebbers aforesaid as their Lords and Patroons under the sovereignty of their High and Mighty Lords States General and their Director General and Council, be obedient to all things as good subjects should do, furthermore submitting to all such burdens and duties as are prescribed by the Noble Lords already or shall be prescribed; we place therefore the aforesaid Aert Tuenisz (Middagh) and **Tuenis Gysbertsz** (Bogaert) in our stead in real and actual possession of the aforesaid piece of land, giving them herewith full power and special injunction to enter upon the aforesaid piece of land, to till it, to inhabit it and to make use of it as they may do with their other patrimonial lands and effects, without the retention by us, as grantors in capacity as aforenamed of any title or claim, in behalf of the aforesaid giving up claim on everything from now on forever, promising further to hold this transport firmly binding and irrefragable to observe and to fulfill it. All under bond according to laws thereunto pertaining, without deceit of trick this is signed by us and attested with our seal in red wax thereupon impressed. Done in New Amsterdam in New Netherland.

October 24, 1654 P. Stuyvesant

D

Governor Thomas Dongan's Patent of Brooklyn, May 13, 1686

Thomas Dongan, Lt. Governor and Vice Admiral of New York and its dependencies under his Majesty, James the Second, by the grace of God, of England, Scotland, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, etc. Supreme Lord and proprietor of the Colony and

province of New York and its dependencies in America, etc.

To all to whom this shall come, sendeth greeting, whereas, the Honorable Richard Nicolls, Esq. formerly Governor of this province, did by this certain writing or patent under his hand and seal, bearing date the 18th day of October, Annoque Domimi, one thousand, six-hundred and sixty-seven, ratifie, confirm and grant unto Jan Damen, Albert Cornelissen, Paulus Verbeeck, Michael Enyle (Hainelle) Thomas Lamberts, **Teunis Gysberts Bogart** and Joris Jacobsen, as patentees for and on behalf of themselves and their associates, the freeholders and inhabitants of the town of Breuklen, their heirs, successors and assigns forever, a certain tract of land, together with the several parcels of land which then were on thereafter should be purchased or procured for and on behalf of the said town whether from the native Indian proprietors or others within the bounds and limits therein set forth and expressed, that is to say, the said town is bounded westward on the further side of the land of Mr. Paulus Verbeck, from whence stretching southeast they go over the hills and so eastward along by the said hills to a southeast point which takes in all lotts behind the swamp, from which said lotts they run northwest to the River, and extend to the farms on the other side of the hills heretofore belonging to Hans Hansen (Bergen) over against the Kicke or Look-out, including within the said bounds and limits all the lots and plantations, lying and being at the Gouwanes, Bedford, Wallabocht and the ferry, all which said parcels and tracts of land and premises within the bounds and limits aforementioned described and all or any plantations thereon, from henceforth and to be, appertain and belonging to the said town of Bruckelen, also one third part of certain neck or meadow ground or valley, called Seller's Neck, lying and being within the town of Jamaica, purchased by the said town of Jamaica from the Indians, and sold by them to the inhabitants of Bruckelen aforesaid, as it was laid out aforesaid, and divided by their mutual consent and order by the Governor. To have and to hold with them the said patentees and their associates, their heirs, successors and assigns forever, as by the said patent reference being thereunto had, doth fully and at large appear and further, in and by the said patent, the said Governor Richard Nicolls, Esq. did erect the said tract of land into a township by the name of Bruckelen – and whereas the present inhabitants and freeholders of the town of Bruckelen aforesaid, has made their application to me for a confirmation of the aforesaid tract of land and premises in their quiet and peaceable possession and enjoyment of the aforesaid land and premises, Now Know Ye, That I, the said Thomas Dongan, by virtue of the com-

mission and authority derived unto me, and power in me residing, have granted, ratified and confirmed, and by these presents do grant, ratify and confirm unto Teunis Gysberts (Bogart), Thomas Lamberts, Pieter Jansen, Joris Jacobsen, Jacobus Vandewater, Jan Damen, Jeronimus Rappalle, Daniel Rappalle, Jan Jansen, Adrian Bennet and Michael Hans (Bergen) for and on behalf of themselves and the rest of the present freeholders and inhabitants of the said town of Bruckelen, their heirs and assigns forever; to have and to hold, all and singular, the said tracts or parcels of land and premises, with their and every of their appurtenances unto the said Teunis Gysberts (Bogart) Thomas Lamberts, Pieter Jansen, Jacobus Vandewater, Joris Jacobs, Jeremius Rappalle, Daniel Rappalle, Jan Jansen, Adrian Bennet and Michael Hanse (Bergen) for and on behalf of themselves and the present freeholders and inhabitants of the town of Bruckelen, their and every of their heirs and assigns forever as tennants in common without any let, hindrence, molestation, right or supervisorship or otherwise to be freeholders in free and common socage according to the tenure of East Greenwich, in the County of Kent, in His Majesty's Kingdom of England, believing, rendering and paying therefore yearly and every year on the five and twentieth day of March, forever, in lieu of services and demands whatsoever, as a quit-rent to his Most Sacred Majesty aforesaid, the heirs and successors, at the city of New York, twenty bushels of good merchantable wheat. In testimony thereof, I have caused these presents to be entered and recorded in the Secretary's office, and the seal of the Privince to be hereto affixed this thirteenth day of May, Anno. Domini, one-thousand and six-hundred and eighty-six, and in the second year of his Majesty's reign.

Signed – Thomas Dongan

E

Governor Nicolls' Confirmatory Patent of Brooklyn 1667

L. S. Richard Nicolls, Esq., Governor General, under His Royal Highness, James Duke of York and Albany, of all his Terretorys in America, To All to whom these presents shall come, sendeth Greetings.

WHEREAS – there is a certain town within this government situate, lying and being in the West Riding of Yorkshire, upon Long Island, commonly called Bruckelen, which said town, is in the tenure or occupation of several free-holders and inhabitants who having heretofore been seated there by authority, have been at very considerable charge in manuring and planting a considerable part of the lands belonging thereto and settled a competent number of families thereupon. Now for a confirmation with the said free-holders and inhabitants in their enjoyment of the premises, Know Ye, that by virtue of the commissioners and authority unto me given by His Royal Highness, I have given, ratified, confirmed and granted, and by these presents, do give, ratify, confirm and grant unto Jan Evarts, Jan Damen, Albert Cornelius, Paulus Veerbeek, Michael Eneyl, Thomas Lambert, Tunis Gysberts (Bogaert, a magistrate of Brooklyn at the time) and Joris Jacobsen, as patentees for and on behalf of themselves and their associates, the free-holders and inhabitants of the said town, their heirs, successors and assigns all that tract together with several parcels of land which already have or hereafter shall be purchased or procured for and on behalf of the said town, whether from the native Indian proprietors, or others, within the bounds and limits hereafter set forth and exprest, viz- that is to say, the town is bounded westward on the farther side of Paulus Veerbeek, from whence stretching southeasterly they go over the hills to a south-east point which takes in all the lots behind the swamps, from which said lots they run northwest to the river and extend to the farm on t'others side of the hill heretofore belonging to Hans Hansen Bergen over against the Kicke or Look-out, including within the said bounds and limits all the lots and plantations, lying and being at the Gowanis, Bedford, Wallabocht and the ferry – all of which said parcels and tracts of land and premises within the bounds and limits aforementioned, described, and all or any plantations thereupon from henceforth are to be appertained and belonging to the said town of Bruckelen, together with all havens, harbours, creeks, quarrays, woodland, meadow-ground, reed-land, or valley of all sorts, pastures, marshes, runs, rivers, lakes, hunting, fishing, hawking and fowling and all other profits, commodities, emoluments and hereditaments, to the said lands and premises within the bounds and limits all forth belonging, or in any wise appertaining – and withall to have freedome of commonage for range and feed of cattel, and horses, into the woods as well without as within these bounds and limits with the rest of the neighbors – as also one-third part of a certain neck of meadow ground or valley called Seller's neck, lying

and being within the limits of the town of Jamaica, purchased by the said town of Jamaica from the Indians, and sold by them unto the inhabitants of Bruckelen aforesaid, as it has been lately laid out and divided by their mutual consent and my order, whereunto and from which they are likewise to have free egress and regress, as their occasions may require. To have and to hold all and singular the said tract and parcel of land meadow-ground or valley, commonage, hereditaments and premises, with their and every of their appurtences, and of every part and parcel thereof to the said premise patentees and their associates, their successors and assignees forever. Moreover, I do hereby give, ratify, confirm and grant unto said Patentees and their associates, their heirs, successors and assigns, all the rights and privileges belonging to a town within this government, and that the place of the present habitation shall be distinguished and known in all bargains and sales made by them the said Patentees and their associates, their heirs, successors and assigns, rendering and paying such duties and acknowledgements as are now, or hereafter shall be constituted and established by the laws of this government under the obedience of His Royal Highness, his heirs and successors. Given under my hand and seal at Fort James (Fort Amsterdam) in New York on the Island of Manhattan this 18th day of October, in the Nineteenth year of the reign of our Sovereign Lord, Charles the Second, by the grace of God, of England, Scotland, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, by Annoque Domini, 1667.

Richard Nicolls
Recorded by order of the Governor,
Matthias Nicolls, Secy.

F

Quit-claim of Gysbert C. Bogaert to His Brother, Cornelis C. Bogaert, Sept. 3, 1661 (Notorial Papers, Albany 1660-1696)

On this day, the 3rd of September 1661, appeared before me, Dirck van Schelluyne, notary public, and before the hereinafter named witnesses, **Gysbert Cornelisz Bogaert,** of the first part, and **Cornelisz Cornelisz Bogaert,** his brother, of the second part, Gysbert Bogaert dwelling in Katskill and Cornelis Bogaert in the

aforesaid colony of Rensselaerwyck in N. Netherland; acknowledging, said Gysbert Bogaert that he had sold, and he, Cornelis Bogaert, that he had bought of him, a child's just portion, to wit, a one-fourth interest in a farm lying in the jurisdiction of Schoonrewoerd in Holland, received by him by inheritance and descent on the death and demise of their father, Cornelis Theunisz Bogaert and of their mother, Beeltje Cornelisz at Schoonrewoerd aforesaid; for which just one-fourth interest in said farm he, Gysbert Cornelisz acknowledges that he has been fully paid and satisfied by the hands of his brother Cornelis Cornelisz Bogaert aforesaid, the last penny with the first, so that he has no further claim thereon; therefore giving him full power and authority to take possession of said one-fourth interest and to do therewith as with his own patrimonial estate, promising neither to do nor cause to be done anything contrary hereto, either by or without resorting to law, in any manner whatever, binding himself thereto according to law, all honestly and in good faith. Thus done and executed in the colony of Rensselaerwyck in N. Netherland, in presence of the Honorable Frans Barentsz Pastor and Adriaen Gerritsz, magistrates of Fort Orange, as witnesses hereto called.

This mark was made by Gysbert Cornelisz Bogaert
Cornelisz Bogaert

D.V. Schelluyne, Not. Pub. 1661.

G

Deed From an Esopus Indian Named Curpuwaen To Gysbert Uyt den Bogaert For Land At Catskill July 26, 1684

Appeared before us, Marte Gerritse and Cornelius van Dyck, justices of the peace for the County of Albany, a certain Esopus Indian named Curpuwaen, representing all the other Esopus Indians who may have any claims thereto, who declared that he conveyed and made over to Gysbert Uyt den Bogaert a certain parcel of woodland lying on the north side of Catskill where he at present dwells, extending from Boomtjes hoek up to the river northwards to a little kill named Stuck, which comes out into the river over against Vastrikken Island, extending further westward into the woods to below Dirk Teunise's mill to the south, to the first small kill that

flows out into Hans Vossen kill, running along Hans Vossen kill to where the same flows into the Catskill and so further along the Catskill again to Boomtjes hoek; which aforesaid land he, Curpuwaen, as the rightful owner thereof, conveys and makes over to Gysbert uyt den Bogaert, his heirs, or successors forever and that free and unincumbered, without any charges thereon and without his having any further claims thereto, acknowledges that he has received in full payment and satisfaction therefor, one coverlet, one gun, one kettle, one beaver in stockings, one beaver in rum, two shirts, two half-casks of beer for which consideration he hereby delivers the said land into the possession and ownership of said **Gysbert uyt den Bogaert,** to have and hold the same forever with the appurtenances thereof lying within the said limits, promising to warrant and defend the same against all persons from all trouble, claims and incumbrances according to law and further nevermore to do nor cause anything to be done contrary hereto. In witness of the truth of which the aforesaid Indian has signed and sealed these with his mark on Marte Gerritse Island, the 26th of July, 1684.

The Mark of Curpuwaen, made with his own hand
In my presence, Robt. Livingston, Secy.

Interpreted by—
Gert. Teunise
Marten Gerritsen
Cornelius van Dyck.

(From "Early Records of Albany, Vol. 2— Page 225,
by Jonathan Pearson)

H

Petition to Gov. Pieter Stuyvesant for Assistance Regarding John Scott Raids September 5, 1664

To the Noble, Right Honorable Lord, Peterus Stuyvesant, Director General together with the Honorable Lords, Councillors of New Netherland.

Honorable Right Worshipful Lords;

We the undersigned, representatives of the respective Dutch Towns upon Long Island, to wit; Amersvoort, Bruckelen, Midwout,

Utrecht and Boswyck, assembled as representatives in accordance with the permission granted the petition made by us to your Honors, in the presence of Your Honors representatives, to promote the wellfare of the said towns and their inhabitants, find ourselves constrained to address ourselves with these few requests to Your Honors and to entreat humbly, that the deputation (which at the last meeting of the representatives of the city of Amsterdam and the respective Dutch Towns it was resolved to despatch to the Superior Lords, etc.) may make its start at the very first opportunity, in order that the aforesaid Superior Lords may be fully and rightfully informed regarding the very dangerous situation and condition of the country and prompt remedy for the same be sought and obtained, without which it is impossible for us to exist in view of the attacks and oppressions made against us, Your Honors obedient subjects, by the pretended Capt. Jan Schot and his accompanying band, which persecute us with fire and sword and even threaten to annihilate us, who are willing to assert that we were not upon the King's Land, etc. and more arguments of like character for the annexed memorial and the affidavits attached sufficiently to the sorrow and apprehension that things can not remain in this condition, if no prompt remedy be devised against it, inasmuch as some of the English of late have again proclaimed that they would in short remove the magistrates in the Dutch Towns and establish English ones in their place and that those who would not take the oath of allegiance should forfeit their property. What trouble such threats against Your Honors loyal subjects have caused can be conceived by Your Honors, considering that some of us have been driven from our homes already two or 3 times, yes some four times on account of troubles arisen now with savages and again with the English neighbors. Verily a lamentable fact that so necessary a matter as the determination of boundaries with our neighbors had not been settled sooner and that we have been established upon such property to which the grantors themselves have no satisfactory title, (so they say) many of us are now old and have devoted all our means to the advancement of New Netherland. We have done bloody work to render the land fit, have withstood many troubles and borne willingly the burdens laid upon us. We hope that the Superior Lords, as soon as they learn of our lamentable condition, will not permit us to be deprived of all that is ours and be driven forth and compelled to wander with wives and children in poverty, homeless, which is certainly to be our fate unless we are immediately given aid from the fatherland or we yield obedience to our threatening neighbors (which God may forbid). Wherefore, we esteem it necessary in the highest degree that said deputation be sent, the sooner

the better and be favoured by Your Honors orders as much as possible, and that the Superior Lords be earnestly requested and besought for ready and immediate assistance, either from Their Honors or from our Superiors, the Lords Superior States General, and in default to declare plainly to the same that we can no longer remain in so uncertain a state but shall be compelled to our sincere regret to seek by submission to another government better protection both against such vagabonds and against the savages.

In case Your Honors decide to cause the often mentioned deputation to be despatched at the first opportunity, it would in our opinion be necessary that in addition to the others, a person should be employed who has a house and land on this island and who has heard himself the threats of Jan Schot and seen them, that they may be able to inform the Lords Bewinthebbers (Directors) of what has taken place, for which we present to Your Honors three persons, in order that if this proposition of ours meet Your Honors favor, you may choose one viz – Elbert Elberts, Pieter Jans De Witt, Jan Strycker. To this request we shall await Your Honors favorable reply and remain, Your Honors Humble subjects, The Magistrates of the Town of Amersvoort, Bruckelen, Midwout, Utrecht and Boswyck, in the name of the same, and was subscribed.

Signed by–

Adrian Hegeman	Roelof Martens
Elbert Elbertsen	William Brendenbent
Pieter Claesz	Albert Cornelius Wantneer
Tunis Gysbert Bogaert	Tonis Verdonck
William Jacobsz van Boerum	B. Vosch
Hendrick Joris	Pieter Janse De Witt
Jan Snedecker	Barent Joosten
Jacob Pietersz	Francois de Pruyn

I

Govert Goverse In Den Boogaertman

A. **Govert In Den Boogaertman** (probably born between 1540-1550)

b. **Gerrit Goverse** – m- Geertjien Cornelius; lived on the Hoog-Oosterwijk near Leerdam. He died about 1623.
c. **Hendrick Goverse** – in 1623 he was named guardian of Maay-

eken and Geertje, daughters of his brother, Gerrit; he had a farm near his brother on the Hoog Oosterwijk; he made his will March 11, 1646 in which year he probably died; married Hendrichien Hermans or Harms; her will dated 1649.

d. **Metgen Goverse** - lived on a farm next to her brother Hendrick; she made a will dated March 4, 1650; married Pieter Jansz who died previous to 1650; they had several children. Her brother Hendrick was named guardian.

B. **Gerrit Govęrse-** owned a farm at Hoog Oosterwijk called Liby Farm near Leerdam; in 1618 he was living in Niewstraat, Leerdam; married 1st, Geertjien Cornelise who died before April 20, 1605; 2nd, Jannetje Cornelise who died before July 1655; he died in 1623 when his brother Hendrick was named guardian of his two daughters, Maayeken and Geertjien.

e. **Aeltien Gerrits** - m. before May 3, 1621 to Pieter Mathijas
f. **Weijtien Gerrits** - m. before May 3, 1621 to Abraham Rutten or Rutgers.

Children by Second Wife.

g. **Govert Gerrits** who was named guardian of his sister Maayeken's two children in 1655.
h. **Maaeyeken Gerrits** - m. Gysbert Symonas Vermeulen; she died in 1655.
i. **Geertje Gerrits** - m. Jan Rutgers (van Den Lingen) she died in 1666.

G. **Govert Gerrits,** guardian of his sister Maaeyeken's two children in 1655.

j. **Anneken Gerrits** - m. David Thyssen Boelaer; mentioned in 1663.
k. **Geertruyt Gerrits** - m. Alexander Haenbergh; mentioned in 1663.

Note; Govert Goverse In Den Boogaertman may have been related to Gijsbertszn In Den Boogaertman of Schoonrewoerd; while they were contemporaries, we have no proof of relationship if any.

J

From The Church Papers
North-Southampton Dutch Reformed Church
Bucks County, Penn.

Gysbert Bogaert (39) and Marritje Bergen now married people, were members of the true Reformed Christian Church, sound in the profession in conformity to their confession (as far as known to us), the reverent bretheren and overseers of the Church of Christ, on the Raritan, to whom this our testimonial shall be shown will therefore please this our above named brothers and sisters for such to accept them into their Christian fellowship and to admit them to the enjoyment of the Lord's Holy Supper.

Given this 9th day of August, 1722
Signed - V. Antonides.

K

Letter of Col. Peter D. Vroom to the New York Historical Society, November 18, 1813

"I have likewise observed that your Society have published the day of birth of Sarah Rapalje, the first white child born in the vicinity of New York. (It has since been proved that she was born in Albany). An account not only of her birth and marriage but also of the number and names of her immediate descendants with other particulars having been found among the papers of my father-in-law, Guysbert Bogart, Jr. (39) deceased, a great grandson of the said Sarah Rapalje by her second marriage, I apprehended it might afford the Society some pleasure to have a few of the particulars communicated to them. I have therefore made the following extract from the same:

"Sarah Rapalje was born the 7th of June 1625, differing two days from the account published, and was twice married. Her first husband was Hans Hanse Bergen by whom she had six children named Michael Hanse, Joris Hanse, Jan Hanse, Jacob Hanse, Brecktje Hanse and Marytje Hanse. Her second husband was Teunis Guysbertje Bogart by whom she also had six children named Aertje Bogart, Antje Bogart, Neeltje Bogart, Aaltje Bogart, Catalyntje

Bogart and Guysbert Bogart. The account also contains the names of the persons to whom eleven of her children were married, and where they settled; and states that the twelfth, namely Brecktje Hanse removed to Holland".

(Compiler's Note: The above letter was written at Raritan, New Jersey by Col. Peter D. Vroom of Revolutionary War fame, who married Elsie Bogart, daughter of Gysbert Bogart and Marritje Albertse; their son, Peter Jr., became governor of New Jersey. Sarah Rapalje and her husband, Bergen had eight children and not six, as given above, the other two were, Anneken, the eldest who married (1) Jan Lequier; (2) Dirck Janse Hoogland; Catalyna, who died in infancy was a twin of Jacob. Brecktje Bergen and her husband Aert T. Middagh did not remain in Holland but returned to Brooklyn in 1661 where they raised a large family.)

L

Will of Cornelius Bogaert (37) of Brooklyn
1732

In the name of God, Amen. I, Cornelius Bogaert of Brooklyn, in Kings County, leave to my loving wife (Ann Volkertson) the use of all my real estate and personal effects during her life, but if she should happen to marry, then she is to have the use of same until my youngest child is of age. After her decease all my estate is to go to my children, Guysbert, Neeltje and Jannetje. And my loving wife now being bigg with child, that child as she shall bring into the world shall have equal portion with the rest. My executors have power to sell land if necessary. If my father, Gysbert Bogaert (34) shall have a mind to my real estate he shall have it for the same price as I give him for it, and he is to pay to my wife and children the true value of the improvements and whereas my father hath disbursed some money towards the building of my Windmill, he shall have one-half of the toll of the mill during his life. I make my father Gysbert Bogaert and my father-in-law, Nicholas Volkertson and my two brothers-in-law Abraham Schenck and Volkert Volkertson executors.

Witnesses - Jeremiah Remsen, Jeronomus Rapalje,
S. Gerritsen. Proved July 27, 1732

Dated, April 25, 1732

M

Will of Symon Bogart (38) of Staten Island
1746

In the name of God, Amen. I, Symon Bogaert of Richmond County, yeoman, ..., I leave to my eldest son Symon my big guns, sword and a horse and saddle for his birthright as heir at law. I leave to my wife Mary (Winant) the feather bed I lie on with all the furniture and likewise the cupboard that she brought into my estate, and all her clothing and all the goods in said cupboard. Also 2 iron pots, 2 pewter platters, 6 pewter plates, her side saddle and little wheel. I leave to my youngest son, Isaac, a negro boy and my silver tankard, and 2 silver spoons and a sorrel horse. I leave to my daughter Elizabeth all my Dutch books and a feather bed and a cupboard and a bed. To my daughter-in-law (step-daughter) Catherine Winant, my bed and furniture which her mother brought unto me. My executors are to sell all my lands and meadows on Staten Island lying between the land of William Johnson and the land of Nathaniel Johnson. All my salt meadows lying on the north side of Fresh Kills as by deed from Tunis Bogaert (35); also my horses and buildings on said lands. Out of the proceeds they are to build a convenient house for my wife and all the rest of the money and the money in the hands of my brother Tunis Bogaert (35) in Long Island shall be paid to my wife and children, Symon, Gysbert, Jane, wife of William Perine, Elizabeth and Sarah. If my son Gysbert should not return, his part is to go to my son Isaac. I make my friends, Paul Misholo (Micheau) and Abraham Cole, executors.

Wittnesses – Barent Sleght, James Cole, John
Dated, January 23, 1746 Woglum. Proved April 8, 1747

N

Will of Tunis Bogaert (35) of Brooklyn
1767

In the name of God, Amen. I, Teunis Bogaert of Brookland, In Kings County. My executors are to pay all debts and funeral expenses. I leave to my eldest son Guisbert Bogaert (42) £5 before any division and my silver-hilted cane and sword for his birthright. I leave to

my daughter Antie £200, and a bed and furniture thereto belonging also her mother's (Catherine Hegeman) cupboard and a looking glass which hangs in my large room, also my new tea kettle, and a cow. I leave to my daughter Maria, wife of Evart Suydam, £200. I leave to my grandchildren, the children of my son Tunis deceased, and to my granddaughter Jannetje, £200. I leave to my sons Guisbert, Adrian, Abraham and Cornelius each a feather bed. To my sons Adrian and Cornelius, all my utensils of husbandry. I leave all my household furniture to all my children. I leave to my sons Adrian and Cornelius all my farm and real estate and they are to pay £200. The farm to be divided as follows: beginning by the river and running in a straight line to my mulberry tree in my orchard, then running east to a fence standing on the east side of my orchard, then running southeast along same to the corner of my orchard and then east so as to divide the whole equally; and my son Cornelius is to have the south part and he is also to have one-half of all my meadow ground in Boswick and he shall pay £540. My son Adiran shall have the north part and one-half of my meadow ground in Boswick and he shall pay £660. All the rest to my sons Isaac and Adrian; and my friends Jeremiah Remsen and Volkert Rapalje, executors.

Witnesses – Abraham Remsen, Michael Vandervoort, Simon Boerum. Proved April 27, 1768.

Dated, June 22, 1767

O

Will of Guysbert Bogaert (42) of Flatlands, Brooklyn 1772

In the name of God, Amen. I, Guysbert Bogaert of Flatlands, Kings County, yeoman, being sick, I leave to my wife Margaret (Bos) all my lands and tenements and £10 to maintain my youngest daughter Catalyna, that is to say, if she be willing to maintain her, £5 are to be paid to her when my daughter is 5 years old, and £5 when she is 10 years old. I leave to my son Cornelius, my Dutch Bible and my walking cane with ivory head, and the weavers loom which my father Tunis Bogaert (35) hath given unto me, and my gun which I bought from him. I leave to my son Tunis my silver spoons and my other gun. I leave to my son Nicholas my weavers loom; and to my

sons Cornelius and Nicholas, all my sleighs or gear and weavers tackling. I leave to my sons Nicholas and Gysbert, each a gun to be bought and paid for out of my estate when they are sixteen, each gun to be about the price of £3. I leave to my sons Tunis and Gysbert £5 each to buy tools when they shall set up their trades. I leave to my sons all my wearing apparel and woolen and linen cloth. My executors shall sell all lands at public auction (vendue) or otherwise, and any part of my movable estate, not received from the money all debts, and legacies are to be paid. I leave to my daughter Annetje, wife of Gerrit Dorland Snedeker and Jannetje, £4 each. I leave to my son Cornelius, £2 for his birthright. All the rest to my wife Margaret (Bos) and the children hereinafter named, viz- Catrina, wife of Johannes Stoothoff, Cornelius, Tunis, Nicholas, Gysbert, Elizabeth, Antie, Margaret, Maria and Catalyna. I make my wife and son Cornelius and my son-in-law, Johannes Stoothoff and my brother Cornelius Bogaert, executors.

Witnesses – Joris Rapalje, Gerrit Boerum, Johannes Lott, Jr. Proved March 23, 1773.

Dated, Sept. 5, 1772

P

Will of Jacob Bogaert (249) of Bridgewater, N.J. 1777

In the name of God, Amen. I, Jacob Bogaert of the Township of Bridgewater in the County of Somerset in the eastern division of the State of New Jersey,... do make and publish this my last will and testament in manner and form following; ... I give to my eldest son, Guisbart Bogaert all that tract of land whereupon I now live lying in the aforesaid Township of Bridgewater ... I give and do order to be given to my dear and beloved wife Catherine (Albertse) the third part of all the income of the aforesaid farm or plantation to be given to her by my son Gilbert ... I do give and order to be given my son John Bogaert (263), the sum of five-hundred pounds, to be paid in five equal payments, to be paid after the decease of my aforesaid wife, Catherine, together with my bay mare, saddle and bridle and saddle bags to him, his heirs and assigns forever. My will is and I do positively order that all my immovable estate be equally divided amongst my three daughters, vis- Sarah, the wife of Andris Mittleswaert, my daughter Mary and my daughter Cather-

ine ... I give to my grandson, Jacob Bogaert (268) the black mare and my young colt ... if any of my children should die not having lawful issue then ... the part of the deceased to be equally divided amongst all my surviving children and lastly I do constitute and ordain my beloved friend, Henry Mittleswaert (formerly known as Teunison) my beloved sons, Gisbart and John Bogart to be my executors ... In witness thereof I the said Jacob Bogaert have set my hand and seal.

Signed – Jacob Bogaert.

Dated, May 15, 1777
Harmon Lane, Gisbart Bogart, Mary Low Bodine, witnesses.

Sworn before Ira Kirkpatrick, Surrogate.
Probated, December 22, 1777

Q

Will of Gysbert Bogaert (51) of Bushwick, Brooklyn 1778

In the name of God, Amen. I, Gysbert Bogaert of Bushwick, in Kings County, yeoman ... I directeth all my debts and funeral charges be paid. I leave to my wife, Antje (Lott) all my real estate during her life. My executors may sell property to pay debts, and may sell real estate. After the death of my wife, I leave to my brother-in-law, Moueris Lott, and my sister-in-law Maria Lott each £25. To my cousin Joris Rapalje, son of my brother-in-law, Jacob Rapalje, deceased, all the rest of my estate; and whereas, he is now absent from home (undoubtedly in Canada at the time), if he is dead or happens to die before he returns home, I give all the rest of my estate to his brothers and sisters. I make my wife and my brother-in-law, Jacob Rapalje and my neighbor Jacob Suydam, executors.

Witnesses – Andrew Stockholm, Andrew Stockholm, Jr.
Johannes Lott, Proved November 6, 1778.

Dated, Sept. 4, 1778.

R

Will of Gysbert Bogaert (248) of Hillsborough, N.J. 1785

In the name of God, Amen. I, Gisbart Bogaert of the Township of

Hillsborough, County of Somerset and State of New Jersey, ... do make and ordain this my last will and testament. Item– I give and bequeath unto my three grandchildren, Maria, Fanny and Sarah, children of my son John Bogaert, deceased, the sum of £six-hundred lawful money ... and whereas I have received of the executors of the will and testament of Johannes Albertse, the sum of two-hundred pounds as a legacy due my first wife, Maria, mother of my said son John Bogaert (252) deceased ... I do hereby bequeath to my said grandchildren ... two hundred pounds ... the residue of my estate, both real and personal be equally divided amongst my five daughters ... Marritje, the wife of John Bellard; Catalina, the wife of Benjamin Taylor; Elsie, the wife of Peter D. Vroom; Sarah, the widow of Jacobus (James) Stryker and Jannetje, the wife of Willet Taylor, the real estate to be divided equally ... if my daughter Marritje should not have issue ... her share shall after her death be equally divided amongst her surviving sisters ... except £100 and fifty lawful money of said share ... shall be paid unto my granddaughter Elizabeth, daughter of my said daughter Marritje. ITEM – I give and bequeath unto my daughter Sarah, widow of Jacobus Stryker and Jannetje, the wife of Willet Taylor – the sum of thirty-five pounds each ... and lastly, I do hereby constitute my beloved friend Frederick Frelinghuysen, my son-in-law Peter D. Vroom and Benjamin Taylor, executors ... I have set my hand and seal this 20th day of July, 1785.

Witnesses;– Samuel Beekman, Bernhardus Van Pelt, John Blew. Probated September 10, 1785 Sworn before Frederick Frelinghuysen, Notary.

Signed, Gisbart Bogart.

S

Will of John Cornelius Bogaert (54) of New Lots, Brooklyn 1792

In the name of God, Amen. This Twenty-first day of February, One-thousand, Seven-hundred and Ninety-two, I, John Bogaert of New Lots, Township of Flatbush, Kings County, ... I do authorize and give full power to my executors ... at their direction to sell, dispose of all my whole estate, real and personal ... situate and being at the New Lots or elsewhere, and give a good executors deed or deeds therefore ... that after my just debts be fully paid and dis-

charged that remainder or surplus, if any, be of my estate, I give and bequeath unto my beloved wife Cornelia (Stoothoff) and my two sons, Tunis (93) and Cornelius Bogaert (84), to be equally divided between them share and share alike, and also the part of my wife's shall be paid hereafter in final settlement of my estate ... and the part or share of each of my two children shall be lodged in the hands of my executors ... until they shall grow to full age of 21 years ... I do nominate my brother-in-law, Abraham Stoothoff and my friend Peter Wyckoff of Flatlands to be my executors.

Witnesses;– Wilhelmus I. Stoothoff, Jacob Blom, John Vandervoort.

Date, February 21, 1792
Probated, March 27, 1792

T

Cornelius Bogaert of Raritan, New Jersey

The record of "Cornelius Bogaert of Raritan", who was erroneously supposed to have come from Brooklyn, as stated by Judge Bergen in "The Bergen Family", was traced in an unbroken line to the Albany pioneer, Cornelius Corneliszn Bogaert – the latter, a cousin of Tunis Gysbert Bogart of Brooklyn.

Cornelius settled in Amwell, Hunterdon County, New Jersey about 1707 or 1708, and was born in Marbletown, Ulster County, near Kingston, New York. He was the son of Hendrick C. Bogaert and Jannetje Martens Ijsselstyne of Claverack, Columbia County, New York. His father, Hendrick C. Bogaert was born in Heykoop, Holland, also the birthplace of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert. Hendrick's first wife Jannetje died and left two sons - Cornelius (of Amwell) and Martin, and five daughters, Maikje, Aeltje, Sarah, Neeltje and Rachel. Hendrick's second wife was Ruth (Waldron) Delamater, daughter of Resolved Waldron of Harlem, the widow of John Delamater, whom Hendrick married in Kingston, New York, August 17, 1703. She had three children by her first husband – Cornelis, Tannakje and Abraham Delamater; Tannakje married Martin Bogaert, Abraham married Sarah Bogaert and settled in Somerset County, New Jersey, and Cornelia married Cornelius Bogaert of Marbletown, New York, (our subject) in Kingston, New York, May 27, 1704 – and settled in Amwell, Hunterdon County, New Jersey.

Before settling in Amwell, Cornelius Bogaert and his wife Cornelia Delámater had two daughters baptized in Albany and Kingston, respectively. After removing to Amwell they attended the old Dutch Church in Raritan, Somerset County, where five other children were baptized. Later, when the Readington Dutch Church was built in Hunterdon County, four more children were baptized there, or eleven children in all. Cornelius Bogaert of Raritan died in Amwell, Hunterdon County, in 1728. Letters of Administration were issued to his wife Cornelia Delamater, April 22, 1728 in which she and her brother Abraham Delamater were named executors ... and her grandfather Resolved Waldron were named bondsmen, whose signatures appear in the document, an extract of which is given in Appendix-U.

Cornelius Bogaert Jr., baptized August 6, 1712, son of Cornelius Bogaert and Cornelia Delamater, was better known in connection with the property on which the old Raritan Dutch Church was built. He purchased a part of the Graham tract which he deeded to the church in 1752. He also kept an inn in Raritan originally built in 1734 by George Middagh who leased or sold it to Cornelius Teunison (son of Jan Teunison De Nyse and Catalyna T. Bogaert, daughter of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert of Bushwick, Brooklyn) who was the proprietor for many years. It was known as "Teunisons Tavern" a favorite stopping place of the early stages that traveled the old York Road. Cornelius Bogaert Jr. died in Bedminster, New Jersey in 1771, leaving a will dated June 10, 1770, probated September 17, 1771. His wife Catherine left a will dated May 4, 1773, probated August 12, 1773.

Cornelius Bogaert of Bushwick, was born in Staten Island in 1691, and owned property adjoining that of his father-in-law, Nicholas Volkertson in Bushwick where he moved, and where he married Annetje Volkertson. In the will of Cornelius Bogaert of Bushwick dated Brooklyn, July 27, 1732 (Appendix-L) he referred to his son Gysbert, and his two daughters Neeltje and Jannetje, and named his father-in-law Nicholas Volkertson and his father Gysbert T. Bogaert (34) executors; and in the will of Volkertson dated 1758 (Appendix-V) Volkertson referred to "my granddaughter Neeltje, daughter of Cornelius Bogaert of Bushwick, deceased."

Thus "Cornelius Bogaert of Raritan" could not have been Cornelius Bogaert of Bushwick as was supposed, for the former died in Amwell, New Jersey, in 1728, and Cornelius Bogaert of Bushwick died there in 1732.

U

Letters of Administration of Cornelius Bogaert of Amwell, N.J.

Know All Men by These Presents, That We – Cornelia Bowgart of the County of Hunterdon, in the Province of New Jersey, widow, and Abraham Delamater and Resolved Waldron of the same place, yeoman are held and firmly bound unto his Excellency, William Burnet, in the sum of £500 current money of the Province of New York, to be paid to his Excellency, William Burnet, Esq ....., We bind ourselves, executors and administrators by these presents. Sealed with our seals, dated 22nd day of April ... 1728. The conditions of this obligation are such, that if the above Cornelia Bowgart ... Administratrix of all and singular goods ... of Cornelius Bowgart late of the County of Hunterdon, deceased, etc.

Witnesses:

Martin Reyerson
Lukes Reyerson

Cornelia C. Bogart
Abraham Delamater
Resolved Waldron

Sworn before me – John Reading, Esq. Surrogate of Hunterdon and Somerset Counties, Province of New Jersey, April 22, 1728.

V

Will of Nicholas Volkertson of Brooklyn

In the name of God, Amen. I, Nicholas Volkertson of Brooklyn, Kings County ... to my granddaughter Neeltje wife of Isaac Browder and daughter of Cornelius Bogaert (37), deceased, L-50, etc.

Dated, August 19, 1758
Proved, March 15, 1759

Witnesses – Christopher Remsen,
Christopher Codwise,
L. Boerum.

W

The Voorlezer's House, Staten Island

This building which served as a school, church and home for the

Voorlezer was built in which is now Richmondtown, Staten Island prior to 1696. A voorlezer was a Dutch minister, schoolmaster and parish clerk. The owners of the old schoolhouse in St. Augustine, Florida have long claimed its distinction of being the "oldest schoolhouse." However, the facts do not bear out this claim nor does the St. Augustine Historical Society make such claim. Sometime ago, an article appeared in the Saturday Evening Post in which credit for this distinction was given to the Voorlezer's House in Staten Island, and a suit was brought against the magazine. However, after several preliminary hearings at which members of the Staten Island Historical society presented proofs, the suit was dropped, indicating the fact that the Voorlezer's House is the older. The claim of the Staten Island Historical Society has always been that it is the oldest known elementary school building still standing in the United States. About 1706, the building was owned and occupied by John Androvette, father of John who married Charity Bogaert.

X

The Coat of Arms

While contacting contemporary families in this country, it was found that there are in use today by members of our family at least four coats of arms – each one being that of a different root-family in Holland.

Some have unwittingly assumed our descendency from either the Boogaerts of Alblasserdam, the Boogaerts of Beloys or the Van de Bogaarde family, and have accepted without question or right, the coat of arms of these families whose records are well established, and are given in the popular and much consulted armorials published in the Netherlands; others have adopted the arms of the Bogardus family, and thus have assumed relationship to the noted cleric of New Amsterdam – but by what authority it would be interesting to know.

If we are descended from any one of the more prominent families as claimed, the connection would be dependent upon some record of our family previous to 1540. Up to the present time, no trace of our family has been found previous to 1540 – nor has any record been found of the great grandparents of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert previous to the time the family lived in Schoonrewoerd – our earliest known ancestral home.

Judge Tunis G. Bergen, in "The Bergen Family" states, "Some of the early families bore names in the Fatherland whose coats of arms figure in the genealogical charts of the Netherland race, published by Van Doorn & Sons, the Hague in 1865-1873. These early families may possibly be connected with those in Holland of the same patronymic, and are entitled to their use, but in consequence of the time that has elapsed since their emigration, it would be difficult to prove without a record."

Referring to the various coats of arms in his book, Judge Bergen further states, "Supposing that they would gratify the curiosity of those concerned, these coats of arms (including Bogart) are given with the source from whence derived (Van Oijen, Van Dussen and Reitstap) without vouching for their authenticity, leaving every reader to draw his own conclusions, and if he bears a similar name to flatter himself if he can, that he is a scion of a noble family instead of a descendant of the yeomanry of the Fatherland which is nearer the truth."

We detect in Judge Bergen's admonition that he was aware of the uncertainty of the existance of a coat of arms – if we ever had one, for he had at his disposal every facility for making an exhaustive search of the records in the National Archives, the Hague, through the good offices of his contemporary and historian Hon. Henry C. Murphy who then was the United States Ambassador to the Netherlands, previous to the publication of the "Bergen Family."

The only conclusion that can be reached at this writing is – until the record of the great grandparents of Tunis Gysbert Bogaert can be found (and none has so far been discovered – which is the key to the root-family we are descended from, it would seem unwise for us to use any coat of arms. Thus far we have solved but half of the problem; perhaps posterity will solve the other.

It should be pointed out, however, that the record of our family in Holland given herein, is not set up on the basis of the above mentioned or other armorials, but upon **civil records** of Heykoop, Schoonrewoerd and Leerdam which are conclusive.

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